

RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd.

Auditors' Report and Consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016



Gulshan Pink City

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Independent Auditors' Report to the Shareholders of RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd.

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd. which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Bangladesh Financial Reporting Standards (BFRS) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Bangladesh Standards on Auditing (BSA). Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd. as at 31 December 2016 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Bangladesh Financial Reporting Standards (BFRS).

Other matter

The financial statements of two subsidiaries of RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd. are audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements on 23 January 2017.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In accordance with the Companies Act 1994 and Securities and Exchange Rules 1987, we also report the following:

- (a) we have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit and made due verification thereof;
- (b) in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appeared from our examination of those books;
- (c) the consolidated statement of financial position and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income dealt with by the report are in agreement with the books of accounts; and
- (d) the expenditure incurred was for the purposes of the Company's business.

(A. Qasem & Co.)
Chartered Accountants

Dated, 23 January 2017





RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd. Consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016

| | Notes | 2016 Taka | 2015 Taka |
|--|--|----------------|----------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 4 | 4,005,119,013 | 2,311,590,599 |
| Intangible assets | 6 | 6,740,159 | 6,683,955 |
| Capital work-in-progress | 7 | 28,726,285 | 1,545,379,710 |
| Trade and other receivables | 10 | 74,025,000 | 148,050,000 |
| Total non-current assets | - | 4,114,610,457 | 4,011,704,264 |
| Inventories | 9 | 2,527,507,042 | 2,239,844,230 |
| Trade and other receivables | 10 | 618,841,556 | 638,387,373 |
| Loan to disposed subsidiary | 8 | 201,898,000 | 201,898,000 |
| Advances, deposits and prepayments | 11 | 406,247,968 | 340,158,392 |
| Advance income tax | 12 | 2,485,841,759 | 2,219,806,786 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 13 | 802,643,479 | 1,101,566,520 |
| Total current assets | | 7,042,979,804 | 6,741,661,301 |
| Total assets | _ | 11,157,590,261 | 10,753,365,565 |
| Equity | | | |
| Share capital | 14 | 3,368,506,110 | 3,368,506,110 |
| Share premium | | 1,473,647,979 | 1,473,647,979 |
| Retained carnings | | 1,269,570,793 | 1,196,443,022 |
| Equity attributable to equity holders of the company | - | 6,111,724,882 | 6,038,597,111 |
| Non-controlling interests | | 1,501 | 1,529 |
| Total equity | 2 | 6,111,726,383 | 6,038,598,640 |
| - *** | | | |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Borrowings | 17 | 594,926,064 | 420,624,802 |
| Deferred tax liability | 15 | 128,416,223 | 75,811,194 |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 723,342,287 | 496,435,996 |
| Employees benefits payable | 16 | 3,458,783 | 26,224,135 |
| Borrowings | 17 | 567,719,326 | 771,119,369 |
| Trade and other payables | 18 | 589,425,022 | 640,626,199 |
| Accrued expenses | 19 | 275,376,870 | 196,618,285 |
| Provision for income tax | 20 | 2,886,541,590 | 2,583,742,941 |
| Total current liabilities | ************************************** | 4,322,521,591 | 4,218,330,929 |
| Total liabilities | | 5,045,863,878 | 4,714,766,925 |
| Total equity and liabilities | - | 11,157,590,261 | 10,753,365,565 |

The notes on pages 6 to 38 are an integral part of these financial statements

Managing Director

Director

Company Secretary

As per our report of same date

(A Casein & Co.) Chartered Accountants

Dated, 23 January 2017



RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd.

Consolidated profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2016

| | | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|-------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Notes | Taka | Taka |
| Sales | 21 | 5,661,411,578 | 5,059,300,403 |
| Cost of sales | 22 | (3,252,054,966) | (2,896,889,441) |
| Gross profit | | 2,409,356,612 | 2,162,410,962 |
| Other income | 23 | 3,109,360 | 841,198,710 |
| Administrative expenses | 24 | (357,446,247) | (859,551,141) |
| Marketing and selling expenses | 25 | (704,320,334) | (688,070,995) |
| | | (1,058,657,221) | (706,423,426) |
| Profit from operating activities | | 1,350,699,391 | 1,455,987,536 |
| Finance income | 26 | 21,029,885 | 90,059,260 |
| Finance expenses | 27 | (40,014,661) | (18,935,684) |
| Net finance income | | (18,984,776) | 71,123,576 |
| Share of profit/(loss) of equity-accounted investees | 5 | | (20,409,802) |
| Profit before contribution to worker's | | 1,331,714,615 | 1,506,701,310 |
| profit participation and welfare fund | | 1,331,714,013 | |
| Contribution to worker's profit participation and welfare fun | d 28 | (61,056,166) | (27,305,761) |
| Profit before income tax | | 1,270,658,449 | 1,479,395,549 |
| Income tax expense | | | |
| Current tax | . 29 | (302,798,649) | (387,662,773) |
| Deferred tax | 15 | (52,605,029) | 2,606,991 |
| | | (355,403,678) | (385,055,782) |
| Profit for the year | 124 | 915,254,771 | 1,094,339,767 |
| Other section in comp | | | |
| Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income for the year | | 915,254,771 | 1,094,339,767 |
| Profit attributable to: | | | |
| THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O | | 915,254,299 | 1,094,339,280 |
| Equity holders of the company | | 472 | 1,094,339,280 |
| Non-controlling interests | | 915,254,771 | 1,094,339,767 |
| Profit after tax for the year | | 913,234,771 | 1,094,333,707 |
| Basic earnings per share (Par value TK 10) | 33 | 2.72 | 3.25 |

The notes on pages 6 to 38 are an integral part of these financial statements

Managing Director

Director

Company Secretary

As per our report of same date

(A Qasem & Co.)
Chartered Accountants

RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd. Consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2016

Attributable to owners of the Company

| | Share capital Taka | Share Premium Taka | Retained earnings <u>Taka</u> | Total Taka | Non-controlling <u>i</u> nterests <u>Taka</u> | Total equity <u>Taka</u> |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Balance as at 01 January 2015 | 3,368,506,110 | 1,473,647,979 | 1,077,275,395 | 5,919,429,484 | (58,949,789) | 5,860,479,695 |
| Total comprehensive income for 2015 Profit/(loss) for the year | , | ű | 1,059,275,865 | 1,059,275,865 | 35,063,902 | 1,094,339,767 |
| Prior year adjustment | | ٠ | (275) | (275) | (499,725) | (500,000) |
| Elimination on disposal of subsidiary Acquisition of further purchase of RAK Power shares | | | (97,981,435) | (97,981,435) | 195,261,930 (126,799,789) | 195,261,930 (224,781,224) |
| Transactions with the shareholders Cash dividend (2014) | | * | (842,126,528) | (842,126,528) | (44,075,000) | (886,201,528) |
| Balance as at 31 December 2015 | 3,368,506,110 | 1,473,647,979 | 1,196,443,022 | 6,038,597,111 | 1,529 | 6,038,598,640 |
| Balance as at 01 January 2016 | 3,368,506,110 | 1,473,647,979 | 1,196,443,022 | 6,038,597,111 | 1,529 | 6,038,598,640 |
| Total comprehensive income for 2016 Profit/(loss) for the year | , | 3. | 915,254,299 | 915,254,299 | 472 | 915,254,771 |
| Transactions with the shareholders: Cash dividend (2015) Balance as at 31 December 2016 | 3,368,506,110 | 1,473,647,979 | (842,126,528) | (842,126,528) | (500) | (842,127,028) |

The notes on pages 6 to 38 are an integral part of these financial statements



RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd. Consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2016

| | <u>2016</u> Taka | <u>2015</u> Taka |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | | |
| Cash receipts from customers Cash payments to suppliers and employees | 5,601,413,958 (4,235,590,594) | 4,867,818,550 (3,750,429,478) |
| Cash generated from operating activities | 1,365,823,364 | 1,117,389,072 |
| Interest received from bank deposit | 3,356,834 | 6,584,014 |
| Income tax paid | (266,034,973) | (206,010,655) |
| Net cash (used in)/from operating activities | 1,103,145,225 | 917,962,431 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| Acquisition of property, plant and equipment | (585,844,016) | (1,805,104,980) |
| Sale of property, plant and equipment | 707,150 | 158,681 |
| Disposal proceeds of subsidiary and associate | 86,710,000 | 374,599,560 |
| Interest received from FDR | 15,105,005 | 68,179,402 |
| Income from rental | 2,020,000 | 2,280,000 |
| Intangible assets | (12,401,543) | (5,673,511) |
| Dividend received | 250 | |
| Net cash (used in)/from investing activities | (493,703,154) | (1,365,560,848) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | |
| Finance charges | (42,554,701) | (15,570,077) |
| Avail/(repayment) of term loan | 174,301,262 | 420,624,802 |
| Avail/(repayment) of short-term loan | (203,400,043) | 447,364,206 |
| Dividend paid | (838,775,610) | (836,657,004) |
| Unclaimed share application refund | 2,064,480 | (1,017,600) |
| Loan realized from associate | | 102,973,608 |
| Adjustment related with non-controlling interest | (500) | (44,075,000) |
| Net cash (used in)/from financing activities | (908,365,112) | 73,642,935 |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | (298,923,041) | (373,955,482) |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at 01 January | 1,101,566,520 | 1,475,522,002 |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December (Note 13) | 802,643,479 | 1,101,566,520 |

The notes on pages 6 to 38 are an integral part of these financial statements



RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016

1. Reporting entity

RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited (the Company), formerly RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Pvt. Limited, a UAE-Bangladesh joint venture company, was incorporated in Bangladesh on 26 November 1998 as a private company limited by shares under the Companies Act 1994. The Company was later converted from a private limited into a public limited on 10 June 2008 after observance of required formalities as per laws. The name of the Company was thereafter changed to RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd. as per certificate issued by the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies dated 11 February 2009. The address of the Company's registered office is RAK Tower, Plot # 1/A, Jasimuddin Avenue, Sector # 3, Uttara, Dhaka 1230. The company got listed with Dhaka Stock Exchange (DSE) and Chittagong Stock Exchange (CSE) on 13 June 2010.

1.1 Nature of business

The Company is engaged in manufacturing and marketing of ceramics tiles, bathroom sets and all types of sanitary ware. It has started its commercial production on 12 November 2000. The commercial production of its new sanitary ware plant, expansion unit of ceramics facilities, tiles and sanitary plant was started on 10 January 2004, 1 July 2004, 1 September 2007, 1 April 2015 and 17th May respectively.

1.2 Description of subsidiaries

RAK Power Pvt. Ltd.

RAK Power Pvt. Ltd. has been incorporated in Bangladesh under the Companies Act 1994 on 30 June 2005 as a private company limited by shares with an authorized capital of Taka 1,000,000,000 divided into 10,000,000 ordinary shares of Taka 100 each. The paid up capital stands at Taka 205,000,000 as at 31 December 2016. The Company has gone into operation from 1 May 2009. The registered office of the Company is at House # 5, Road # 1/A Sector # 4, Uttara, Dhaka- 1230. The Power Plant is located at Village: Dhanua, P.S: Sreepur, District: Gazipur. 57% shares of RAK Power Pvt. Ltd. is held by RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited.

The Board of Directors of RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited in its meeting held on July 26, 2015 have decided to further increase the shareholding in RAK Power Pvt. Ltd. from 57% to 100% through purchase of 881,495 number of ordinary shares of BDT 100 each in consideration of BDT 255 per share totaling to BDT 224,781,225 only from all the other shareholders of RAK Power Pvt. Ltd. subject to approval by the shareholders and concerned authorities for the interest of the business of the Company. The shareholders of RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited have approved the same in the EGM dated September 20, 2015. The effect of acquisition has been taken place as approved in Board of Directors meeting of RAK Power (Pvt.) Ltd on 20 October 2015

RAK Security and Services Pvt. Limited

RAK Security and Services Pvt. Ltd. has been incorporated in Bangladesh under the Companies Act 1994 on 21 December 2006 as a private company limited by shares with an authorized capital of Taka 1,00,000,000 divided into 1,000,000 ordinary shares of Taka 100 each. The paid up capital stands at Taka 1,000,000 as at 31 December 2016. The Company has gone into operation from 1 May 2007. The registered office of the Company is at House # 5, Road # 1/A Sector # 4, Uttara, Dhaka- 1230. 35% shares of RAK Security and Services (Pvt.) Ltd is held by RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited.



The Board of Directors of RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited in its meeting held on July 26, 2015 have decided to further increase the shareholding in RAK Security & Services (Pvt.) Ltd. from 35% to 100% through purchase of 6,500 number of ordinary shares of BDT 100 each in consideration of BDT 2,875 per share totaling to BDT 18,687,500 only from all the other shareholders of RAK Security & Services (Pvt.) Ltd. subject to approval by the shareholders and concerned authorities for the interest of the business of the Company. The shareholders of RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited have approved the same in the EGM dated September 20, 2015. The effect of acquisition has been taken place as approved in Board of Directors meeting of RAK Security and Services (Pvt.) Ltd on 20 October 2015.

2. Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Bangladesh Financial Reporting Standards (BFRSs), the Companies Act 1994 and the Securities and Exchange Rules 1987.

The title and format of these financial statements follow the requirements of BFRS which are to some extent different from the requirement of the Companies Act 1994. However, such differences are not material and in the view of management BFRS titles and format give better presentation to the shareholders.

Authorisation for issue

These financial statements have been authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on 23 January 2017.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis except for inventories which are measured at lower of cost and net realisable value.

2.3 Functional and presentational currency

These financial statements are presented in Bangladesh Taka (Taka/Tk/BDT), which is the functional currency and presentation currency of the Company. The figures of financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest Taka.

2.4 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with BFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amount recognised in the financial statements are stated in the following notes:

| Note 4 | Property, plant & equipment |
|---------|-----------------------------|
| Note 15 | Deferred tax liability |
| Note 16 | Employees benefit payable |
| Note 20 | Provision for income tax |



2.5 Reporting period

The financial period of the Company covers one year from 1 January to 31 December and is followed consistently.

2.6 Going concern

The Company has adequate resources to continue in operation for foreseeable future and hence, the financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis. As per management assessment there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

3 Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below, which comply with IFRS, have been applied consistently to all years presented in these consolidated financial statements, and have been applied consistently by Group entities.

3.1 Basis of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements comprise the consolidated financial position and the consolidated results of operations of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") on a line by line basis together with the Group's share in the net assets of its equity- accounted investees.

BFRS-10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" introduces a new control model that focuses on whether the group has power over an investee, exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and ability to use its power to affect those returns. An investor has power over an investee when the investor has existing rights that gives it the current ability to direct the relevant activities that significantly affect the investee's returns. Power arises from rights. An investor is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee when the investor's returns from its involvement have the potential to vary as a result of the investee's performance. An investor controls an investee if the investor not only has the power over the investee and exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, but also has the ability to use its power to affect the investor's return from its involvement with the investee.

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are enterprises controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that are presently exercisable are taken into account. The results of operations and total assets and liabilities of subsidiary companies are included in the consolidated financial statements on a line-by-line basis and the interest of minority shareholders, if any, in the results and net assets of subsidiaries is stated separately. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements of the Group from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Any gains or losses on increase/decrease in non-controlling interest in subsidiaries without a change in control, is recognised as a component of equity.

Loss of control

Upon the loss of control, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any non-controlling interest and other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently it is accounted for as an equity-accounted investee or as an available-for-sale financial asset depending on the level of influence retained.



Investments in associates

Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control, over the financial and operating policies. Significant influence is presumed to exist when the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting power of another entity.

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are recognised initially at cost. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs.

The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of equity accounted investees, after adjustments to align the accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date that significant influence commences until the date that significant influence ceases.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in an equity-accounted investee, the carrying amount of the investment, including any long-term interests that form part thereof, is reduced to zero, and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has an obligation or has made payments on behalf of the investee.

Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity-accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

3.2 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

3.2.1 Non-derivative financial assets

The Group initially recognises loans and receivables on the date that they are originated. All other financial assets are recognised initially on the trade date, which is the date that the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in such transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Group is recognised as a separate asset or liability.

The Group classifies non-derivative financial assets into the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity financial assets, loans and receivables and available for-sale financial assets.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset is classified as at fair value through profit or loss if it is classified as held for trading or is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial assets are designated as at fair value through profit or loss if the Group manages such investments and makes purchase and sale decisions based on their fair value in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy. Attributable transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value and changes therein, which takes into account any dividend income, are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss comprise equity securities that otherwise would have been classified as available for sale.



Held-to-maturity financial assets

If the Group has the positive intent and ability to hold debt securities to maturity, then such financial assets are classified as held to maturity. Held-to-maturity financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, held-to-maturity financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available for sale or are not classified in any of the above categories of financial assets. Available-for-sale financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at fair value and changes therein, other than impairment losses and foreign currency differences on available-for-sale debt instruments, are recognised in other comprehensive income and presented by the fair value reserve in equity. When an investment is derecognised, the gain or loss accumulated in equity is reclassified to profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets comprise equity securities and debt securities.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

Non-derivative financial assets comprise investment in associates, loans to associates, trade & other receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

a) Investment in associates

Investments in associates are recognised initially at cost plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment in associates are measured at cost less impairment loss, if any.

b) Loans to associates

Loans to associates are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

c) Trade & other receivables

Trade & other receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition trade & other receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any bad debts provision.

d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, cash at bank including short notice deposits and fixed deposits having maturity of three months or less that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the Group in the management of its short-term commitments.



3.2.2 Non-derivative financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised initially on the trade date at which the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired.

Non-derivative financial liabilities comprise trade & other payables, and interest bearing borrowings.

a) Trade & other payables

Trade & other payables are recognised initially at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, trade & other payables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

b) Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings include short term bank loan. Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3.3 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects. Paid up share capital represents total amount contributed by the shareholders and bonus shares issued by the Company to the ordinary shareholders. Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to vote at shareholders' meetings. In the event of a winding up of the Company, ordinary shareholders rank after all other shareholders and creditors and are fully entitled to any residual proceeds of liquidation.

3.4 Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group. Ongoing repairs and maintenance is expensed as incurred.

An asset is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use and subsequent disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the item) is recognised as gain or loss in the statement of comprehensive income.



3.4.1 Depreciation on property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis in profit or loss over the estimated useful lives of each component. Capital-work-in-progress and land are not depreciated. Depreciation on addition to fixed assets is charged from the day of their acquisition and charging of depreciation on property, plant and equipment ceases from the day on which the deletion thereof takes place. Depreciation continues to be charged on each item of property, plant and equipment until written down value of such fixed asset is reduced to Taka one.

Rates of depreciation on various classes of property, plant and equipment are as under:

| Category of property, plant and equipment | Rate (%) |
|---|----------|
| Factory building | 2.5-5 |
| General building | 2.5-20 |
| Head Office building | 2.5-5 |
| Plant and machinery | 5-10 |
| Mobile plant | 10 |
| Electrical installation | 10-20 |
| Gas pipeline | 10-20 |
| Furniture, fixture and equipment | 10 |
| Office equipment | 10-20 |
| Communication equipment | 10-20 |
| Tools and appliances | 10-20 |
| Vehicles | 10-20 |
| Fire fighting equipment | 20 |

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate. Land is not depreciated as it deemed to have an indefinite life.

3.5 Capital work-in-progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less impairment, if any, until the construction is completed. Upon completion of construction, the cost of such assets together with the cost directly attributable to construction, including capitalised borrowing costs are transferred to the respective class of asset. No depreciation is charged on capital work in progress.

3.6 Intangible assets

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group (such as designs and trade marks for manufacture of ceramic tiles and sanitary ware and pharmaceuticals products) and have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates.

Intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis in profit or loss over their estimated useful lives of 2 to 3 years from the date that they are available for use.

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.



3.7 Leased assets

Leases in terms of which the Group assumes substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. On initial recognition, the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Lease payments

In respect of finance lease, lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of liability. Finance charges are reflected in profit or loss.

Operating leases payments are recognised as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease.

3.8 Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is based on the weighted average cost principle, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs, and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition. In the case of manufactured inventories and work in progress, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity. Raw materials in transit are valued at cost.

Net realisable value (NRV) is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated cost of completion and any estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

3.9 Impairment

Non-derivative financial assets

Financial assets not classified as at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably.

Non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the non-financial assets, other than inventories are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the assets' recoverable amounts are estimated. For intangible assets that have indefinite lives, recoverable amount is estimated at each reporting date. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash generating unit (CGU) exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and risk specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate significantly independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.



Recognition of impairment

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses in respect of CGUs are allocated first to reduced the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU and then to reduce the carrying amount of other assets in the CGU on a pro-rata basis.

Reversal of impairment

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

3.10 Employee benefit schemes

The Company maintains both defined contribution plan and defined benefit plan for its eligible permanent employees. The eligibility is determined according to the terms and conditions set forth in the respective deeds.

Defined contribution plan (provident fund)

Defined contribution plan is a post employment benefit plan under which the Company provides benefits to one or more employees. The recognised Employees Provident Fund is considered as defined contribution plan as it meets the recognition criteria specified for this purpose. All permanent employees contribute 10 percent of their basic salary to the provident fund and the Company also makes equal contribution to the fund. These are administered by the Board of Trustees. The contributions are invested separately from the company's assets.

Contribution to defined contribution plan is recognised as an expense when an employee has rendered services to the Company. The legal and constructive obligation is limited to the amount it agrees to contribute to the fund.

Defined benefit plan

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated Decarately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods.

Permanent employees are entitled to gratuity on the basis of his latest basic salary for a completed year of service or for service for a period of more than six months, salary of minimum 30 days, or salary of 45 days for a continuous service for more than ten years, it shall be in addition to any payment of compensation or payment of any wage or allowance in lieu of notice due to termination of services of a worker on different grounds. The expected cost of this benefit is included in respective annual statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income over the period of employment.

3.11 Workers' Profit Participation Fund and Welfare Fund (WPPF)

The Company provides 5% of its net profit before tax after charging such expense as WPPF in accordance with "The Bangladesh Labour (Amendment) Act 2013".

3.12 Provisions

Provisions are recognised on the reporting date if, as a result of past events, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.



3.13 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at fair value of consideration received or receivable. Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when the company has transferred significant risk and rewards of ownership of the goods to the buyer and the revenue and costs incurred to effect the transaction can be measured reliably in compliance with the requirements of Bangladesh Accounting Standard (BAS) -18 "Revenue".

3.14 Finance income and expenses

Finance income comprises interest income on fixed deposits, Short Notice Deposit (SND) and amounts due from related parties. Interest income is recognized in profit or loss as it accrues, using the effective interest rate method.

Finance costs comprises interest expense on overdraft, LTR, term loan, short term borrowings and finance lease. All finance expenses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Foreign currency gains and losses on financial assets and financial liabilities are reported on a net basis as either finance income or finance cost depending on whether foreign currency movements are in a net gain or net loss position.

3.15 Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to Taka at the foreign exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. All monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at reporting date are translated to Taka at the rates of exchange prevailing on that date. Resulting exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at the end of the reporting period are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as per Bangladesh Accounting Standard (BAS)-21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates".

3.16 Taxation

Income tax expenses represents current tax and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax:

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous year. Provisions for corporate income tax is made following the rate applicable for companies as per Finance Act 2016.

Deferred tax:

Deferred tax has been recognised in accordance with Bangladesh Accounting Standard (BAS) 12. Deferred tax is provided using the liability method for temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amount used for taxation purpose. Deferred tax is determined at the effective income tax rate prevailing at the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.



3.17 Earning per share

The Company presents basic and diluted (when dilution is applicable) earnings per share (EPS) for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company with the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year, adjusted for the effect of change in number of shares for bonus issue. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. However, dilution of EPS is not applicable for these financial statements as there was no dilutive potential ordinary shares during the relevant years.

3.18 Determination and presentation of operating segment

Details of product-wise segment reporting as required by BFRS-8 operating segments is followed.

3.19 Contingencies

Contingent liability

Contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity.

Contingent liability should not be recognised in the financial statements, but may require disclosure. A provision should be recognised in the year in which the recognition criteria of provision have been met.

Contingent asset

Contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity.

A contingent asset must not be recognised. Only when the realisation of the related economic benefits is virtually certain should recognition take place provided that it can be measured reliably because, at that point, the asset is no longer contingent.

3.20 Statement of cash flows

Statement of cash flows is prepared under direct method in accordance with Bangladesh Accounting Standard (BAS)-7 "Statement of cash flows" as required by the Securities and Exchange Rules 1987.

3.21 Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting year that provide additional information about the Company's position at the reporting date are reflected in the financial statements. Material events after the reporting year that are not adjusting events are disclosed by way of note.

3.22 Comparatives and reclassification

Comparative information have been disclosed in respect of 2015 for all numerical information in the financial statements and also the narrative and descriptive information when it is relevant for understanding of the current year's financial statements.

To facilitate comparison, certain relevant balances pertaining to the previous year have been rearranged/reclassified whenever considered necessary to confirm to current year's presentation.

| Equipment |
|-----------|
| and |
| Plant |
| Property, |
| 4 |

| | | | COST | 1 | | | | | D | DEPRECIATION | TON | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Particulars | Balance at 01 Jan 2016 | Addition due to acquisition | Additions | Sale/ disposal | Transfer to | Total at 31 Dec 2016 | Rate (%) | Balance at 01 Jan 2016 | 3alance at Addition due to 1 Jan 2016 acquisition | Charged for the year | Adjustment | Transfer to held for sale | Total at 31 Dec 2016 | Net book value at 31 Dec 2016 |
| Land | 790,157,357 | | | | | 790,157,357 | | | | | | | | 790,157,357 |
| Factory building | 486,550,770 | | 399,135,849 | 34 | • | 885,686,619 | 2.5-5 | 254,767,601 | | 34,254,266 | | - | 289,021,867 | 596,664,752 |
| Office building | 199,973,534 | • | 2,135,892 | • | | 202, 109, 426 | 2.5-5 | 81,674,994 | | 10,169,456 | 4 | | 91,844,450 | 110,264,976 |
| Plant and machinery | 3,525,500,749 | - | 1,570,824,461 | | | 5,096,325,210 | 5-10 | 2,544,072,648 | | 296,686,167 | | • | 2,840,758,215 | 2,255,566,995 |
| Mobile plant | 103,009,939 | | 13,297,840 | | | 116,307,779 | 10 | 74,859,697 | | 8,014,118 | | | 82,873,815 | 33,433,964 |
| Electrical installation | 183,272,165 | | 58,192,482 | | | 241,464,647 | 10-20 | 157,552,492 | | 12,407,066 | 6 | | 169,959,558 | 71,505,089 |
| Gas pipeline | 48,136,891 | | 21,510,403 | | , | 69,647,294 | 10-20 | 43,155,571 | | 2,383,926 | | | 45,539,497 | 24,107,797 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 30,958,310 | | 2,569,644 | | | 33,527,954 | 10 | 21,298,483 | | 2,883,018 | | | 24,181,501 | 9,346,453 |
| Office equipment | 95,375,111 | * | 3,920,247 | (112,730) | ٠ | 99,182,629 | 10-20 | 19,990,457 | 9 | 17,199,735 | (75,275) | | 37,114,917 | 62,067,711 |
| Communication compment | 10,133,036 | ٠ | 1,128,297 | | * | 11,261,333 | 10-20 | 4,149,046 | | 1,221,364 | | | 5,370,410 | 5,890,923 |
| Tools and appliances | 8.739.426 | | 8.330.443 | 3 | | 17,069,869 | 10-20 | 5,748,154 | * | 871,759 | | | 6,619,913 | 10,449,956 |
| Vehicles | 70,061,529 | • | 5,140,669 | (1,682,494) | • | 73,519,704 | 10-20 | 33,009,675 | 4 | 6,394,633 | (1,547,643) | | 37,856,665 | 35,663,039 |
| Fire fighting equipments | 3,631,012 | ٠ | • | | | 3,631,012 | 20 | 3,631,012 | | • | | | 3,631,012 | |
| Training 21 December 2016 | 5 555 A00 870 | | 3 086 186 338 | 11 705 2241 | - SSC - W | 7 630 000 033 | | 02C 000 2 FG E | | 202 298, 105 | 1910 (63 1) 903 304 101 | | 2 624 771 870 | 4 005 119 013 |

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| | | | COST | T | | | | | D | DEPRECIATION | NOI | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Particulars | Balance at 01 Jan 2015 | Addition due to acquisition | Additions | Sale/ disposal | Transfer to held for sale | Total at 31 Dec 2015 | Rate (%) | Balance at 01 Jan 2016 | Balance at Addition due to | Charged for the year | Adjustment | Transfer to held for sale | Total at 31 Dec 2016 | Net book value at 31 Dec 2015 |
| port | 763.396.641 | 7,596,466 | 19,164,250 | | | 790,157,357 | | | | | | , | | 790,157,357 |
| Factory building | 462 050,577 | | 24,500,193 | • | • | 486,550,770 | 2.5-5 | 232,033,103 | - 1 | 22,734,498 | | | 254,767,601 | 231,783,169 |
| Factory office building | 83,568,695 | • | 12,757,294 | • | • | 96,325,989 | 2.5-20 | 33,969,010 | 84 | 4,184,242 | , | • | 38,153,252 | 58,172,737 |
| Head office building | 103,647,545 | • | • | | • | 103,647,545 | 2.5-5 | 38,339,365 | × | 5,182,377 | | | 43,521,742 | 60,125,803 |
| Plant and machinery | 3,141,538,261 | • | 383,962,488 | ٠ | | 3,525,500,749 | 5-10 | 2,350,570,893 | × | 193,501,155 | • | | 2,544,072,048 | 981,428,701 |
| Mobile plant | 92,979,617 | • | 10,030,322 | | • | 103,009,939 | 10 | 67.868.822 | • | 6,990,875 | | | 74,859,697 | 28,150,242 |
| Electrical installation | 176,368,708 | * | 6,903,457 | • | • | 183,272,165 | 10-20 | 148,510,240 | £ | 9,042,252 | ٠ | | 157,552,492 | 25,719,673 |
| Gas vipeline | 43.985.379 | | 4,151,512 | • | • | 48,136,891 | 10-20 | 42,107,920 | | 1,047,651 | • | | 43,155,571 | 4,981,320 |
| Euroipus and fixtures | 27 395 225 | 524 848 | 3 097 824 | (59 587) | | 30,958,310 | 10 | 18,467,403 | 203,077 | 2,656,588 | (28,585) | | 21,298,483 | 9,659,827 |
| Office comment | 23.353,785 | - | 71,079,726 | (268,780) | | 95,375,111 | 10-20 | 16,404,913 | 603,708 | 3,208,712 | (226,876) | 4 | 19,990,457 | 75,384,654 |
| Communication compment | 7,373,533 | | 2,759,503 | | | 10,133,036 | 10-20 | 3,426,449 | • | 722,597 | | * | 4,149,046 | 5,983,990 |
| Tools and appliances | 7,611,979 | 136,105 | 1,007,692 | (16,350) | , | 8,739,426 | 10-20 | 5,015,836 | 109,996 | 632,394 | (10,072) | | 5,748,154 | 2,991,272 |
| Vehicles | 62,904,576 | 2 | 4,767,228 | | | 70,061,529 | 10-20 | 25,726,318 | 995,125 | 6,288,232 | | | 33,009,675 | 37,051,854 |
| Fire fighting somments | 3,631,012 | | | • | • | 3,631,012 | 20 | 3,631,012 | | • | | | 3,631,012 | |
| Total at 31 December 2015 | 4 999 805 533 | 11 857 524 | 544 181 489 | (344 717) | | 5.555.499.829 | | 2,986,071,284 | 1,911,906 | 256,191,573 | (265,533) | | 3,243,909,230 | 2,311,590,599 |

4.(a) RAK Security and Services Pvl. Ltd. (Acquisition Company)

| | | COS | T | | | | Q | DEPRECIATION | 10 N | | | Not book value |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|-------------------|-------------|-------------------------|----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Particulars | Balance at 20 Oct 2015 | Additions | Sale/ disposal | Transfer to | Total at 31 Dec 2015 | Rate (%) | Balance at 20 Oct 2015 | Charged for the period | Adjustment | Transfer to held for sale | Total to 31 Dec 2015 | at 31 Dec 2015 |
| pue | 7,596,466 | | | | 7,596,466 | | | | | | | 7,596,466 |
| Furnishes and farmes | 524.848 | | (59.587) | | 465.261 | 10 | 203,077 | 8,270 | | | 182,762 | |
| Office sourisment | 1,210,380 | | (268,780) | | 941,600 | 10 | 603,708 | 11,216 | (226,876) | | 388,048 | 553,552 |
| Tools and amiliances | 136.105 | | (16,350) | | 119,755 | 20 | 109,996 | 1,312 | | | 101,236 | |
| Vebicles | 2,389,725 | | | | 2,389,725 | 20 | 995,125 | 63,882 | | | 1,059,007 | 1,330,718 |
| Training at 11 December 2016 | 11 857 594 | | (717 117) | | 11 517 807 | | 1.911.906 | 84.680 | (265.533) | | 1,731,053 | 9,781,754 |



2016 2015 Taka Taka

4.1 Depreciation charged on the basis of the purpose of use

Cost of sales (Note 22)
Administrative expenses (Note 24)

354,613,598 233,947,512 37,871,910 22,244,061 392,485,508 256,191,573

4.2 Disposal of property, plant and equipment

2016

| Particulars | Original cost | Accumulated depreciation | Book value | Receipt against sales/insurance | Profit/(loss) on disposal |
|------------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Taka | Taka | Taka | Taka | Taka |
| Vehicle | 1,682,494 | 1,547,643 | 134,851 | 687,050 | 552,199 |
| Office equipment | 112,730 | 75,275 | 37,455 | 20,100 | (17,355) |
| Total | 1,795,224 | 1,622,918 | 172,306 | 707,150 | 534,844 |

2015

| Particulars | Original cost | Accumulated depreciation | Book value | Sale/Lost | Profit/(loss) on disposal |
|---------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|-----------|------------------------------|
| | Taka | Taka | Taka | Taka | Taka |
| Furniture & fixture | 59,587 | 28,585 | 31,002 | 13,100 | (17,902) |
| Office equipment | 400,501 | 226,876 | 173,625 | 145,281 | (28,344) |
| Tools & appliances | 16,350 | 10,072 | 6,278 | 300 | (5,978) |
| Total | 476,438 | 265,533 | 210,905 | 158,681 | (52,224) |

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| Share of profit/(loss) | | 37) (337,865) (20,409,802) |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|
| Profit or (loss) | 4,792,014 | (4,471,737) |
| Tax expenses | 2,580,315 | 9 |
| Expenses | 50,957,080 | 91,561,460 |
| Income | 58,329,409 | 87,089,723 |
| Nature of investment | Associate Associate | Associate |
| Repring date | 31 Dec 2015 31 Dec 2015 | 31 Dec 2015 |
| Ownership | 35% | 20% |
| Share of net profit/(loss): 31 December 2015 | RAK Security and Services Pvt. Ltd. RAK Paints Pvt. Ltd. | RAK Mosfly (Bangladesh) Pvt. Ltd. |



| 2016 Taka |
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| (Note-6.1) |
| (Note-6.1) |
| (Note-6.1) |
| (Note-6.1) |
| 19,085,498 10,488,964 12,345,339 3,805,009 6,740,159 6,683,955 of the purpose of use 112,345,339 3,805,009 12,345,345 3,345,345 3,345 |
| (Note-6.1) 12,345,339 |
| 6,740,159 6,683,955 of the purpose of use 12,345,339 3,805,009 12,345,339 3,805,009 12,345,339 3,805,009 1,545,379,710 289,116,566 28,099,014 1,767,883,626 1,573,478,724 2,057,000,192 2,057,000,192 2,057,000,192 2,057,000,192 2,057,000,192 2,057,000,192 2,057,000,192 2,057,000,192 2,057,000,192 2,057,000,192 2,057,000,193 2,000,345 2,000,3 |
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| 28,099,014 1,767,883,626 1,573,478,724 2,057,000,192 1,528,441,226 506,960,135 16,311,214 4,660,347 28,726,285 1,545,379,710 237,219,154 24,500,193 - 12,757,294 1,256,599,871 384,578,817 - 10,030,322 - 5,003,457 - 3,321,512 - 495,965 - 1,316,503 |
| 1,573,478,724 2,057,000,192 1,528,441,226 506,960,135 2,000 |
| cequipment during the year (note 7.1) 1,528,441,226 16,311,214 28,726,285 237,219,154 24,500,193 27,7219,154 24,500,193 27,7219,154 24,500,193 27,7219,154 28,757,294 1,256,599,871 384,578,817 25,003,457 3,321,512 495,965 1,316,503 |
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| 28,726,285 |
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| le RAK Pharmaceuticals Pvt. Ltd.) 201,898,000 201,898,000 |
| 201,898,000 201,898,000 |
| |

Inventories

| Raw materials | 844,891,203 | 852,533,747 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Less : Provision for obsolescence made during the year | (13,878,807) | (4,665,753) |
| | 831,012,396 | 847,867,994 |
| Stores and consumables spares | 1,082,968,219 | 957,748,655 |
| Finished goods | 387,942,404 | 216,781,132 |
| Work-in-process | 96,173,371 | 37,268,593 |
| Goods-in-transit | 129,410,652 | 180,177,856 |
| Goods III datase | 2,527,507,042 | 2,239,844,230 |
| | | |

A. QASEM & Co. Chartered Accountants Since 1953

| 2016 | 2015 |
|--------|------|
| Taka · | Teke |

| | | 2016 Taka | 2015 Taka |
|------|--|--------------|--------------|
| 10 | Trade and other receivables | | |
| | Non current : | | |
| | Receivable against disposal of investment | 74,025,000 | 148,050,000 |
| | | | |
| | Current: | | |
| | Trade receivables (Note 10.1) | 548,029,728 | 553,947,412 |
| | | 548,029,728 | 553,947,412 |
| | Accrued interest (Note 10.2) | 2,336,714 | 2 650 947 |
| | Accrued rental income | 380,000 | 3,659,847 |
| | Receivable against disposal of investment | 68,095,114 | 80,780,114 |
| | 1 2000 T 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 618,841,556 | 638,387,373 |
| 10.1 | Trade receivables | | |
| | | | |
| | Receivables from local sales | 548,029,728 | 553,303,108 |
| | Receivables from export sales | | 644,304 |
| 10.2 | 1 | 548,029,728 | 553,947,412 |
| 10.2 | Accrued interest | | |
| | Interest accrued on FDR | 2,336,714 | 3,659,847 |
| | | 2,336,714 | 3,659,847 |
| | | | |
| 11 | Advance, deposit and prepayments | | |
| | | | |
| | Advances: | | |
| | Employees | 17,500 | 18,726 |
| | Land advance & others | 36,776,888 | 28,421,141 |
| | Suppliers against material & services | 225,082,941 | 159,240,033 |
| | | 261,877,329 | 187,679,900 |
| | Security and other deposits: | | |
| | Titas gas | 22,262,600 | 20,215,520 |
| | Mymenshing Palli Bidyut Samity-2 | 1,955,000 | 1,955,000 |
| | VAT and supplementary duty (note 11.1) | 36,231,093 | 58,015,290 |
| | Deposit with income tax authority | 17,185,655 | 9,705,739 |
| | Deposit with VAT authority | 7,530,001 | 7,530,001 |
| | Other deposits | 1,491,853 | 1,491,853 |
| | | 86,656,202 | 98,913,403 |
| | Prepayments: | | //. |
| | House rent | 9,176,471 | 10,715,974 |
| | Insurance | 48,237,825 | 42,609,058 |
| | Others | 300,141 | 240,057 |
| | | 57,714,437 | 53,565,089 |
| | | 406,247,968 | 340,158,392 |
| | | | |



| | | | 2016 | 2016 |
|------|---|---|--|--|
| | | 7 | 2016 | 2015 |
| | | 1 | <u>l'aka</u> | <u>Taka</u> |
| | | | | |
| 1.1 | Supplementary duty & VAT | | | |
| | Balance as at 1 January | 58 | 8,015,290 | 41,050,431 |
| | Add: Treasury deposit for SD & | VAT purpose 1,123 | 1,800,000 | 987,440,000 |
| | Rebate of input VAT | 273 | 3,305,798 | 298,183,784 |
| | | 1,453 | 3,121,088 | 1,326,674,215 |
| | Add: Receivable - SD & VAT | 2000 | - | 657,660 |
| | | D-6-17-17 | 3,121,088 | 1,327,331,875 |
| | Less: SD & VAT on sales | 1,416 | 5,418,729 | 1,268,899,645 |
| | Payable- SD & VAT | | 471,266 | 416,940 |
| | | | 5,889,995 | 1,269,316,585 |
| | Balance as at 31 December | 36 | 5,231,093 | 58,015,290 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 2 | Advance Income Tax | | | |
| | Balance as at 1 January | 2,219 | ,806,786 | 2,013,796,131 |
| | Add: Paid during the year | 266 | 5,034,973 | 191,578,493 |
| | Add: Addition due to acquisition | n of RAK Security | | 14,432,162 |
| | Balance as at 31 December (12 | 2.1) | 5,841,759 | 2,219,806,786 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 2.1 | Payment for the year | | | |
| 2.1 | Payment for the year | | | |
| 2.1 | Incone year | | | |
| 2.1 | | 229 | 9,618,424 | |
| 2.1 | Incone year | | 9,618,424 7,267,285 | 150,935,063 |
| 2.1 | Incone year Year 2016 | 187 | | |
| 2.1 | Incone year Year 2016 Year 2015 | 187 295 | 7,267,285 | 295,379,428 |
| 12.1 | Year 2016 Year 2015 Year 2014 | 187 295 392 | 7,267,285 5,379,428 | 295,379,428 392,118,319 |
| 2.1 | Year 2016 Year 2015 Year 2014 Year 2013 | 187 295 392 336 | 7,267,285 5,379,428 2,118,319 | 295,379,428 392,118,319 336,319,884 |
| 2.1 | Year 2016 Year 2015 Year 2014 Year 2013 Year 2012 | 187 295 392 336 328 | 7,267,285 5,379,428 2,118,319 5,319,884 | 295,379,428 392,118,319 336,319,884 327,998,384 |
| 2.1 | Year 2016 Year 2015 Year 2014 Year 2013 Year 2012 Year 2011 | 187 295 392 336 328 265 | 7,267,285 5,379,428 2,118,319 5,319,884 3,082,711 | 295,379,428 392,118,319 336,319,884 327,998,384 265,684,491 |
| 12.1 | Year 2016 Year 2015 Year 2014 Year 2013 Year 2012 Year 2011 Year 2010 | 187 295 392 336 328 265 218 | 7,267,285 5,379,428 2,118,319 5,319,884 3,082,711 5,684,491 | 295,379,428 392,118,319 336,319,884 327,998,384 265,684,491 218,091,876 |
| 2.1 | Year 2016 Year 2015 Year 2014 Year 2013 Year 2012 Year 2011 Year 2010 Year 2009 | 187 295 392 336 328 265 218 | 7,267,285 5,379,428 2,118,319 5,319,884 3,082,711 5,684,491 3,091,876 | 295,379,428 392,118,319 336,319,884 327,998,384 265,684,491 218,091,876 85,378,847 |
| 2.1 | Year 2016 Year 2015 Year 2014 Year 2013 Year 2012 Year 2011 Year 2010 Year 2009 Year 2008 | 187 295 392 336 328 265 218 85 | 7,267,285 5,379,428 2,118,319 5,319,884 8,082,711 5,684,491 8,091,876 5,378,847 | 150,935,063 295,379,428 392,118,319 336,319,884 327,998,384 265,684,491 218,991,876 85,378,847 124,813,161 23,087,333 |



Chartered Accountants

| | | 2016 | 2015 |
|----|--|-------------|---------------|
| | | Taka | Taka |
| 12 | | 2200 | 2.000 |
| 13 | Cash and cash equivalents | | |
| | Cash in hand | 9,880,543 | 1,877,620 |
| | | | |
| | Cash at banks | | |
| | HSBC (current account -001-013432-011,001-107580-011,001-096015-011, 001-096007-011 - BDT) | 40,412,746 | 41,911,217 |
| | Standard Chartered Bank (current account - 01-6162940-01, 01-3767272-01 - BDT) | 66,626,593 | 62,681,974 |
| | Citibank N.A. (current account - G0100001200262018 - BDT) | 15,162,084 | 11,566,925 |
| | Dutch Bangla Bank Ltd. (current account - 117-110-12733,117-110-2481, 117.110.23474 -BDT) | 142,302 | 18,647,617 |
| | HSBC (ERQ account - 001-013432-047 - USD) | 6,549,288 | 4,595,333 |
| | Standard Chartered Bank (ERQ - 42-6162940-01 - USD) | 973,813 | 267,806 |
| | EXIM Bank (SND account - 01513100031877 - BDT) | 114,271 | 113,239 |
| | Standard Chartered Bank (SND account - 02-3767272-01 - BDT) | 1,038,142 | 400,958 |
| | Dutch Bangla Bank Ltd. (SND account - 117-120-589, 117-120-330,117-120.2550 - BDT) | 81,821,359 | 133,216,271 |
| | BRAC Bank (SND - 1513101731248001 - BDT) | 356,703 | 354,466 |
| | Prime Bank Ltd. (SND - 12531010022563 - BDT) | 20,282,604 | 14,168,711 |
| | Commercial Bank of Ceylon (SND-2817000777 - BDT.) | 6,559,754 | 7,792,797 |
| | | 240,039,659 | 295,717,314 |
| | IPO bank account | | |
| | Citibank N.A. (RAK-IPO Central Account - G010001200262022 - BDT) | 2,453,275 | 389,032 |
| | Citibank N.A. (RAK-IPO-NRB Subscription - G0100001200262042 - USD) | 3,941,453 | 3,941,472 |
| | Citibank N.A. (RAK-IPO-NRB Subscription - G0100001200262026 - EURO) | 153,603 | 153,608 |
| | Citibank N.A. (RAK-IPO-NRB Subscription - G0100001200262034 - GBP) | 126,588 | 126,593 |
| | 2000/2014 40-40 (2000/2014) (2 | 6,674,919 | 4,610,705 |
| | Dividend bank account | | |
| | BRAC Bank (Current - 1510201731248001 - BDT) - 2010 | 2,627,831 | 2,636,151 |
| | BRAC Bank (Current - 1513201731248001 - BDT) - 2011 | 2,222,418 | 2,326,783 |
| | SCB (Current - 02-6162940-02- BDT) - 2012 | 3,899,024 | 3,893,227 |
| | SCB (Current - 02-6162940-03- BDT) - 2013 | 16,697,585 | 16,679,336 |
| | SCB (Current - 02-6162940-04- BDT) - 2014 | 5,082,074 | 5,685,749 |
| | SCB (Current - 02-6162940-05- BDT) - 2015 | 4,082,795 | |
| | | 34,611,727 | 31,221,246 |
| | | | |
| | Investment in Fixed Deposit Receipt (FDR) | | |
| | HSBC | 30,674,551 | 30,652,345 |
| | SCB | 762,080 | 762,080 |
| | Prime Bank Ltd. | | 155,000,000 |
| | Dutch Bangla Bank Ltd. | 480,000,000 | 581,725,210 |
| | | 511,436,631 | 768,139,635 |
| | Total | 802,643,479 | 1,101,566,520 |
| | | | |

hartered Accountants

<u>2016</u> <u>2015</u> <u>Taka</u> <u>Taka</u>

14 Share Capital

Authorised: 600,000,000 ordinary shares of Taka 10/- each

6,000,000,000 6,000,000,000

Issued, subscribed, called and paid up: 336,850,611 ordinary shares of Taka 10/- each

3,368,506,110 3,368,506,110

| Percentage of shareholdings: | 2016 | | 2015 | |
|------------------------------------|--------|---------------|--------|---------------|
| | % | Taka | % | Taka |
| RAK Ceramics PJSC, UAE | 71.67 | 2,414,100,210 | 71.67 | 2,414,100,210 |
| S.A.K. Ekramuzzaman | 3.92 | 132,119,850 | 4.22 | 142,119,850 |
| HH Sheikh Saud Bin Saqr Al Qassimi | 0.00 | 280 | 0.00 | 280 |
| Sheikh Omer Bin Sagr Al Qassimi | 0.00 | 280 | 0.00 | 280 |
| Sheikh Ahmad Bin Humaid al Qassimi | 0.00 | 280 | 0.00 | 280 |
| Hamad Abdulla Al Muttawa | 0.00 | 140 | 0.00 | 140 |
| Dr. Khater Massaad | 0.00 | 140 | 0.00 | 140 |
| Abdallah Massaad | 0.00 | 140 | 0.00 | 140 |
| Manoj Uttamrao Ahire | 0.00 | 140 | 0.00 | 140 |
| General Public | 24.41 | 822,284,650 | 24.11 | 812,284,650 |
| | 100.00 | 3,368,506,110 | 100.00 | 3,368,506,110 |

Classification of shareholders by holding

| Shareholder's range | Number of sh | Number of shareholders | | Number of shares | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|------------------------|-------------|------------------|--|
| | <u>2016</u> | <u>2015</u> | 2016 | 2015 | |
| Less than 500 shares | 26,718 | 32,023 | 5,617,564 | 6,687,947 | |
| 501 to 5,000 shares | 8,021 | 8,478 | 11,426,420 | 11,550,626 | |
| 5001 to 10,000 shares | 618 | 623 | 4,593,958 | 4,591,318 | |
| 10,001 to 20,000 shares | 308 | 302 | 4,505,626 | 4,371,383 | |
| 20,001 to 30,000 shares | 99 | 110 | 2,463,012 | 2,717,968 | |
| 30,001 to 40,000 shares | 50 | 47 | 1,774,201 | 1,695,813 | |
| 40,001 to 50,000 shares | 38 | 31 | 1,760,460 | 1,400,209 | |
| 50,001 to 100,000 shares | 80 | 77 | 5,479,795 | 5,437,755 | |
| 100,001 to 1,000,000 shares | 63 | 76 | 18,732,649 | 21,716,461 | |
| Over 1,000,000 shares | 11 | - 8 | 280,496,926 | 276,681,131 | |
| | 36,005 | 41,775 | 336,850,611 | 336,850,611 | |
| | | | | | |



| | | | | | 2016 | 2015 |
|------|--|---|------------------------|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 15 | Deferred tax liabilities | | | | <u>Taka</u> | Taka |
| | Balance as at 1 January | | | | 77.011.101 | |
| | Less: Deferred tax (income | Variation | | | 75,811,194 | 78,418,185 |
| | Balance as at 31 December | | | | 52,605,029 | (2,606,991) |
| | Balance as at 31 December | | | | 128,416,223 | 75,811,194 |
| 16 | Employees benefits paya | ble | | | | |
| | Provident fund | | | | 362,708 | 3,292,467 |
| | Gratuity fund | | | | 3,096,075 | 22,931,668 |
| | | | | | 3,458,783 | 26,224,135 |
| | | | | 2016 | | |
| | | | Provident fund Taka | Gratuity fund Taka | Total Taka | |
| | Balance as at 1 January | | 3,292,467 | 22,931,668 | 26,224,135 | |
| | Add: Provision made during | g the year | 50,299,846 | 34,732,847 | 85,032,693 | |
| | | | 53,592,313 | 57,664,515 | 111,256,828 | |
| | Less: Payments made to fur | nd during the year | 53,229,605 | 54,568,440 | 107,798,045 | |
| | Balance as at 31 December | | 362,708 | 3,096,075 | 3,458,783 | |
| | Damies to the Dr. December | | 302,700 | 3,070,073 | 5,438,783 | |
| | | | | 2015 | | |
| | | | Provident fund | Gratuity fund | Total | |
| | | | <u>Taka</u> | <u>Taka</u> | Taka | |
| | Balance as at 1 January | | 2,715,018 | 68,456,325 | 71,171,343 | |
| | Add: Provision made during | the year | 34,825,936 | 21,384,334 | 56,210,270 | |
| | Add: Addition due to acquis | | 375,674 | 1,852,138 | 2,227,812 | |
| | Constitution and State Constitution and Artist Constitution and Constituti | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | 37,916,628 | 91,692,797 | 129,609,425 | |
| | Less: Payments made to fun | d during the year | 34,624,161 | 68,761,129 | 103,385,290 | |
| | Balance as at 31 December | | 3,292,467 | 22,931,668 | 26,224,135 | |
| 17 | Borrowings | | • *>* | | | |
| | N. | | | | | |
| | Non-current: Term loan | | | | | |
| | | | | | 854,877,901 | 497,742,616 |
| | Current portion of term loan | n | | | (259,951,837) | (77,117,814) |
| | Current: | | | = | 594,926,064 | 420,624,802 |
| | Bank overdrafts | | | | 20 662 602 | |
| | Short-term borrowings | | | | 29,663,693 | £04.001.555 |
| | Current portion of term loan | | | | 278,103,796 | 694,001,555 |
| | Current portion of term toat | 1 | | _ | 259,951,837 | 77,117,814 |
| | Balance as at 31 December | | | s - | 567,719,326 1,162,645,390 | 771,119,369 1,191,744,171 |
| | Datanec as at 31 December | | | = | 1,102,045,390 | 1,191,744,171 |
| 17.1 | Borrowings by maturity | | | | | |
| | At 31 December 2016 | < 1 year | 1-2 years | 2-5 years | > 5 years | Total |
| | Bank overdrafts | 29,663,693 | | - | | 29,663,693 |
| | Short-term borrowings | 278,103,796 | 2 | | | 278,103,796 |
| | Term loan | 259,951,837 | 259,951,837 | 334,974,228 | | 854,877,901 |
| | - | 567,719,326 | 259,951,837 | 334,974,228 | | 1,162,645,390 |
| | _ | + | | = | | 1,102,073,390 |
| | At 31 December 2015 | < 1 year | 1-2 years | 2-5 years | > 5 years | Total |
| | Short-term borrowings | 694,001,555 | - | | | 694,001,555 |
| | Term loan | 77,117,814 | 124,789,765 | 295,835,037 | - | 497,742,616 |
| | | 771,119,369 | 124,789,765 | 295,835,037 | | 1,191,744,171 |
| | - | ,,,,,,,, | | ======================================= | | 1,1/1,/77,1/1 |



| | | 2016 | 2015 |
|------|--|-------------|---------------------------|
| 18 | Trade and other payables | Taka | Taka |
| | | | |
| | Trade payables | [| |
| | Payable to local suppliers | 174,944,298 | 146,223,649 |
| | Payable to foreign suppliers | 182,859,392 | 329,901,031 |
| | Payable to service provider | 80,465,357 | 44,247,355 |
| | Payable to C & F agent | 10,283,280 | 18,636,933 539,008,968 |
| | Other payables | 448,332,321 | 339,000,700 |
| | Tax deducted at source | 15,971,206 | 18,885,935 |
| | VAT deducted at source | 9,998,255 | 9,086,375 |
| | Dividend Payable | 33,889,190 | 30,538,272 |
| | Unclaimed share application | 20,838,116 | 18,773,636 |
| | Advance from cutomer against sales | 8,237,699 | 22,393,794 |
| | Security deposit payable | 1,638,234 | 1,939,219 |
| | Provisional liabilities - material & services | 50,299,995 | - |
| | | 140,872,695 | 101,617,231 |
| | | 589,425,022 | 640,626,199 |
| 19 | Accrued expenses | | |
| | 300000 1.000 (100000000000000000000000000 | 23,498,627 | 23,895,998 |
| | Power and gas | 41,406,844 | 69,173,773 |
| | Staff cost | | |
| | Audit fees | 1,157,500 | 846,000 |
| | Professional charges | 538,000 | 338,000 |
| | Interest on loans | 1,495,042 | 4,035,081 |
| | Telephone | 270,927 | 146,882 |
| | Provision of exchange rate difference | 5,856,833 | 9 |
| | Provision for freight | 11,774,670 | • |
| | Managing Director's remuneration (Note 19.1) | 40,911,795 | 34,075,485 |
| | Worker's profit participation and welfare fund (Note 19.2) | 61,056,166 | 54,064,400 |
| | Royalty and technical know-how fees (Note 19.3) | 83,946,396 | 2,399,388 |
| | Others | 3,464,070 | 7,643,278 |
| | | 275,376,870 | 196,618,285 |
| 19.1 | Managing Director's remuneration | | |
| | Balance as at 1 January | 34,075,485 | 30,682,702 |
| | Add: Provision made during the year | 40,911,795 | 34,075,485 |
| | Less : Adjustment for prior year | | (16,850,928) |
| | among a conference and process | 74,987,280 | 47,907,259 |
| | Less: Paid to Managing Director | 34,075,485 | 13,831,774 |
| | Balance as at 31 December | 40,911,795 | 34,075,485 |
| 19.2 | Worker's profit participation and welfare fund | | |
| | Balance as at 1 January | 54,064,400 | 48,623,250 |
| | Add: Contribution made to the fund during the year | 61,056,166 | 54,064,400 |
| | Less : Adjustment for prior year | - | (26,758,639) |
| | | 115,120,566 | 75,929,011 |
| | Less: Payment made from the fund during the year | 54,064,400 | 21,864,611 |
| | and the state of t | 61,056,166 | 54,064,400 |



| | | | 2016 | 2015 |
|------|---|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | Taka | Taka |
| 19.3 | Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees | | | |
| | Balance as at 1 January | | 2,399,388 | 38,352,170 |
| | Add: Provision made during the year | | 96,547,008 | 80,414,124 |
| | Add: Adjustment for prior year | | - | 233,797 |
| | | ā | 98,946,396 | 119,000,091 |
| | Less: Payment made during the year | | - | 36,683,680 |
| | Less: Tax provision on disallowance of royalty paid for the year 2009 | | 15,000,000 | 25,000,000 |
| | Less: Tax provision on disallowance of royalty paid for the year 2010 | | - | 36,160,532 |
| | Less: Tax provision for delay payment of vat on royalty for the year 2010 | | | 18,756,491 |
| | Balance as at 31 December (note 35.1) | = | 83,946,396 | 2,399,388 |
| 20 | Provision for income Tax | | | |
| | Balance as at I January | 76 | 2,583,742,941 | 2,182,344,567 |
| | Add: Provision made for the year | | 302,798,649 | 319,661,270 |
| | Add: Provision made for earlier year | | - | 54,917,023 |
| | Add: Adjustment for prior year | | - | 11,928,337 |
| | Add: Addition due to acquisition of RAK Security | | | 14,891,744 |
| | Balance as at 31 December (Note 20.1) | = | 2,886,541,590 | 2,583,742,941 |
| 20.4 | | | | |
| 20.1 | Provision for income Tax Income year | | | |
| | Year 2016 | | 302,798,649 | |
| | Year 2015 | | 323,397,728 | 323,397,728 |
| | Year 2014 | | 381,571,248 | 381,571,248 |
| | Year 2013 | | 364,979,858 | 364,979,858 |
| | Year 2012 | | 341,267,796 | 341,267,796 |
| | Year 2011 | | 328,376,284 | 328,376,284 |
| | Year 2010 | | 350,044,556 | 350,044,556 |
| | Year 2009 | | 266,823,984 | 266,823,984 |
| | Year 2008 | | 147,117,914 | 147,117,914 |
| | Year 2007 | · · · · · · · · | 80,163,573 | 80,163,573 |
| | | | 2,886,541,590 | 2,583,742,941 |



| | | 2016 | 2015 |
|--------|---|---------------|---------------|
| | | Taka | Taka |
| 21 | Sales | | |
| | Grane value (Local) | 7,086,463,915 | 6,303,404,641 |
| | Gross sales (Local) Gross sales (Export) | 14,869,100 | 26,559,633 |
| | Total Sales | 7,101,333,015 | 6,329,964,274 |
| | Less: Supplementary Duty | 505,431,618 | 452,357,549 |
| | VAT | 934,489,819 | 818,306,322 |
| | Net sales | 5,661,411,578 | 5,059,300,403 |
| | | | |
| 22 | Cost of sales | | |
| | Materials consumed: | | |
| | Opening stock as at 1 January | 847,867,994 | 699,653,297 |
| | Add: Purchase during the year | 1,533,071,495 | 1,779,555,491 |
| | ridd. I dionase daing the jour | 2,380,939,489 | 2,479,208,788 |
| | Less: Closing stock as at 31 December | 831,012,396 | 847,867,994 |
| | 2003. Closing stock as at 3.1 December | 1,549,927,093 | 1,631,340,794 |
| | Manufacturing overhead: | | |
| | Direct labour (Note 22.1.1) Direct expenses: | 444,973,745 | 323,585,760 |
| | Power and gas | 130,098,593 | 148,565,272 |
| | Repairs and indirect materials (Note 22.1.2) | 689,372,362 | 612,028,483 |
| | Rental charges | 1,033,670 | 821,739 |
| | Moulds and punches | 16,012,411 | 32,029,495 |
| | Depreciation | 354,613,598 | 233,947,512 |
| | Royalty and technical know-how/assistance fees (22.1.3) | 81,547,008 | 730,898 |
| | Other production overhead (Note 22.1.4) | 66,552,096 | 36,417,434 |
| | Movement in stock | (82,075,610) | (122,577,947) |
| | | 3,252,054,966 | 2,896,889,441 |
| 22.1.1 | Direct labour | | |
| | Salary & wages | 244,761,008 | 178,787,327 |
| | Overtime | 39,468,500 | 22,298,872 |
| | Bonus | 34,404,958 | 28,841,216 |
| | Incentive | 3,817,616 | 11,807,366 |
| | Temporary labour wages | 82,877,430 | 55,442,744 |
| | Gratuity | 22,873,314 | 14,253,446 |
| | Employer's contribution to provident fund | 14,709,574 | 10,663,602 |
| | Leave encashment | 75,173 | * |
| | Group life insurance | 1,986,172 | 1,491,187 |
| | | 444,973,745 | 323,585,760 |
| 22.1.2 | Repairs and indirect materials | | |
| | Stores, spares, repair & maintenance | 379,775,144 | 350,734,468 |
| | Packing expenses | 309,597,218 | 261,294,015 |
| | - defining expenses | 689,372,362 | 612,028,483 |
| 22.1.3 | Royalty and technical know-how/assistance fees | | |
| | Royalty and technical know-how/assistance fees | 96,547,008 | 80,414,124 |
| | Add: Adjustment for prior year | - | 233,797 |
| | Less: Tax provision on disallowance of royalty paid for the year 2009 | 15,000,000 | 25,000,000 |
| | Less: Tax provision on disallowance of royalty paid for the year 2010 | - | 36,160,532 |
| | Less: Tax provision for delay payment of vat on royalty for the year 2010 | | 18,756,491 |
| | | 81,547,008 | 730,898 |

| | | 2016 Taka | 2015 Taka |
|--------|---|--------------|--------------|
| 22.1.4 | Other production overhead | | |
| | Hotel fare and expenses for technician | 4,763,388 | 5,210,385 |
| | Demurrage | 1,644,495 | 4,142,877 |
| | Insurance | 16,262,644 | 14,820,501 |
| | Hiring charges and transportation | 2,195,697 | |
| | Impairment loss on capital equipment | 16,311,214 | 4,660,347 |
| | Provision for obsolescence | 13,878,807 | 4,665,753 |
| | Other expenses | 11,495,851 | 2,917,571 |
| | Silver Silvers | 66,552,096 | 36,417,434 |
| | | | |
| 23 | Other income | | |
| | Dividend income | 250 | - |
| | Miscellaneous income | 174,266 | - |
| | Rental income | 2,400,000 | 2,400,000 |
| | Profit on sale of fixed assets | 534,844 | - |
| | Gain on disposal of investment against subsidiary | | 600,568,643 |
| | Gain on disposal of investment against associates | - | 236,379,531 |
| | Revaluation gain on acquisition of RAK security shares | | 1,850,536 |
| | | 3,109,360 | 841,198,710 |
| 24 | Administrative expenses | | |
| 24 | Administrative expenses | 156 946 212 | 126 604 800 |
| | Staff cost (note-24.1) | 156,846,313 | 126,694,890 |
| | Annual General Meeting expenses | 15,445,361 | 28,200,673 |
| | Telephone and postage | 5,873,788 | 6,751,399 |
| | Office repair and maintenance (note 24.2) | 6,357,274 | 9,413,660 |
| | Registration and renewal | 1,064,355 | 1,138,470 |
| | Security and guard expenses | 11,826,935 | 12,032,300 |
| | Electricity, gas and water | 7,882,910 | 6,127,490 |
| | Depreciation | 37,871,910 | 22,244,061 |
| | Amortisation | 12,345,339 | 3,805,009 |
| | Legal and professional fees | 8,678,487 | 8,546,078 |
| | Vehicle repair and maintenance | 11,354,916 | 9,897,829 |
| | Rent, rate and tax | 5,512,554 | 9,794,128 |
| | Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment | | 52,224 |
| | Bad debts Write off of loan and interest to subsidiary: | 357,846 | - |
| | Current year | | 10,100,916 |
| | Prior year | 7 <u>-</u> | 578,548,552 |
| | CSR expenses | 5,742,270 | 3,494,124 |
| | Managing Director's remuneration (note-24.3) | 40,911,795 | 17,224,557 |
| | Technical consultancy & others | 29,374,192 | 5,484,781 |
| | | 357,446,247 | 859,551,141 |
| | | | |
| 24.1 | Staff cost | 105,028,514 | 83,344,859 |
| | Salary & wages | | |
| | Bonus | 14,438,616 | 12,509,899 |
| | Incentive | 3,176,143 | 5,517,327 |
| -0 | Gratuity | 7,983,353 | 5,874,315 |
| | Employer's contribution to provident fund | 3,873,145 | 4,802,175 |
| | Leave encashment | 210,439 | - |
| | Group life insurance | 587,102 | 609,490 |
| | Canteen and conveyance expenses | 7,230,364 | 5,246,286 |
| | Staff uniform expenses | 2,392,774 | 1,230,754 |
| | Travelling expenses | 9,969,236 | 4,829,997 |
| | Medical expenses | 1,429,061 | 423,089 |
| | Accommodation expenses | 88,280 | 444,559 |
| | Other employee benefit | 439,286 | 1,862,140 |
| | | 156,846,313 | 126,694,890 |



| | | 2016 | 2015 |
|------|--|--|----------------------------|
| | | <u>Taka</u> | <u>Taka</u> |
| 2.00 | | · | |
| 24.2 | | 1 500 500 | 1.01/.152 |
| | Repairs office equipment | 1,580,698 | 1,016,153 |
| | Office maintenance | 4,776,576 6,357,274 | 8,397,507 9,413,660 |
| | | 0,331,214 | 9,413,000 |
| 24.3 | Managing Director's remuneration | | |
| | Provision made during the year | 40,911,795 | 34,075,485 |
| | Less: Adjustment for prior year | | (16,850,928) |
| | | 40,911,795 | 17,224,557 |
| | Managing Director's remuneration represents provision made 3% or | f net profit before tax of RAK Ceramic | s (Bangladesh) |
| | Ltd. | | |
| | | | |
| 25 | Marketing & selling expenses | | |
| | Staff cost (note-25.1) | 30,039,530 | 34,964,930 |
| | Advertisement | 3,300,823 | 14,143,967 |
| | Freight and transportation | 228,405,546 | 222,315,294 |
| | Performance rebates (note-25.2) | 260,753,693 | 214,502,266 |
| | Business promotion | 15,108,279 | 24,882,555 |
| | Discount | 136,150,662 | 145,491,345 |
| | Travel, entertainment and others | 30,561,801 | 31,770,638 |
| | | 704,320,334 | 688,070,995 |
| 25.1 | Staff cost | | |
| | Salary & wages | 22,118,115 | 24,725,511 |
| | Bonus | 2,999,899 | 3,543,159 |
| | Incentive | 1,120,679 | 2,881,905 |
| | Gratuity | 1,636,563 | 1,830,280 |
| | Employer's contribution to provident fund | 835,966 | 1,372,772 |
| | Group life insurance | 125,620 | 179,488 |
| | Conveyance & food expenses | 1,202,688 | 431,815 |
| | s *** * | 30,039,530 | 34,964,930 |
| | | | |
| 25.2 | Performance rebates | | 10.051.004 |
| | Compensation to customer | 6,616,203 | 18,351,094 |
| | Dealers' commission | 102,695,348 | 91,585,364 |
| | Breakage commission | 151,442,142 260,753,693 | 104,565,808 214,502,266 |
| 26 | Finance income | 200,733,093 | 214,302,200 |
| 20 | | | |
| | Interest on bank account (SND) | 3,356,834 | 6,584,014 |
| | Interest on loan to associate | - | 13,353,532 |
| | Interest on FDR | 13,781,872 | 58,486,010 |
| | Exchange gain | 3,891,179 | 11,635,704 |
| 27 | Plant de la company | 21,029,885 | 90,059,260 |
| 27 | Financial expenses | | |
| | Interest expenses | 38,237,651 | 17,504,954 |
| | Bank charges | 1,777,010 | 1,430,730 |
| | Bank onarges | 40,014,661 | 18,935,684 |
| | | 10,011,001 | 10,700,000 |
| 28 | Contribution to worker's profit participation and welfare fund | | |
| | | | |
| | Provision made during the year | 61,056,166 | 54,064,400 |
| | Less : Adjustment for prior year | <u> </u> | (26,758,639) |
| | Less . Adjustment for prior year | | 27,305,761 |
| | Less . Adjustment for prior year | 61,056,166 | 27,303,701 |
| 29 | Current tax | 61,056,166 | 27,303,701 |
| 29 | Current tax | | \$(C. |
| 29 | Current tax Current year | 302,798,649 | 320,817,413 |
| 29 | Current tax | | \$(C. |



30 Financial risk management

The management has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies, procedures and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments.

- Credit risk
- · Liquidity risk
- Market risk

30.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a client or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's trade receivables and other receivables.

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. In monitoring credit risk, debtors are grouped according to their risk profile, i.e. their legal status, financial condition etc. Trade & other receivable are mainly related to receivables from dealers, receivables from export sales, claim receivables, accrued interest and other receivables. The Company's exposure to credit risk on accounts receivables is mainly influenced by the individual payment characteristics of customers.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the statement of financial position.

a) Exposure to credit risk

b)

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

| | | USD | USD | Amounts in Taka | |
|---|--------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | As at 31 Dec 2016 | As at 31 Dec 2015 | As at 31 Dec 2016 | As at 31 Dec 2015 |
| Frade receivables | | | | | |
| Customer-Local | | • | - | 548,029,728 | 553,303,108 |
| Customer-Export | | | 8,260 | | 644,304 |
| | | | 8,260 | 548,029,728 | 553,947,412 |
| Other receivables | | | | | |
| Accrued Interest | | | | 2,336,714 | 3,659,847 |
| Accrued rental income | | | | 380,000 | - |
| Receivable against disposal of investment | | | | 142,120,114 | 228,830,114 |
| | | | | 144,836,828 | 232,489,961 |
| oan to disposed subsidiary | | | | | |
| Julphar Bangladesh Ltd. (Erstwhile RAK Pharmaceuticals Pvt. | Ltd.) | | | 201,898,000 | 201,898,000 |
| | 2000 E | | | 201,898,000 | 201,898,000 |
| Cash equivalents | - * No | | 3.5 | 792,762,936 | 1,099,688,900 |
| geing of receivables | | | | | |
| The ageing of trade receivables as at 31 December was: | | | | Amounts | in Tale |
| | | | | As at 31 Dec 2016 | As at 31 Dec 2015 |
| Not past due | | | | | 5 |
| 0-90 days past due | | | | 514,179,767 | 545,496,820 |
| 91-180 days past due | | | | 26,281,407 | 2,692,474 |
| 181-365 days past due | | | | 7,568,554 | 5,758,118 |
| | | | | 548,029,728 | 553,947,412 |



More than 12 months

30.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when become due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to

The Company ensures that it has sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet expected operational expenses, including financial obligations through preparation of the cash flow forecast, prepared based on timeline of payment of the financial obligation and accordingly arrange for sufficient liquidity/fund to make the expected payment within due date. Moreover, the Company seeks to maintain short term lines of credit with scheduled commercial banks to ensure payment of obligations in the event that there is insufficient cash to make the required payment. The requirement is determined in advance through cash flows projections and credit lines facilities with banks are negotiated accordingly.

As at 31 December 2016

flows

Carrying amount

Contractual cash Within 12 months or

less

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities of the Company.

| Bank overdraft |
|--------------------------------|
| Trade and other payables |
| Short term borrowing (foreign) |
| Term loan (foreign) |

| | Taka | laka | 1 aKa | Taka |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|---|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Bank overdraft | 29,663,693 | 29,663,693 | 29,663,693 | |
| Trade and other payables | 589,425,022 | 589,425,022 | 589,425,022 | |
| Short term borrowing (foreign) | 278,103,796 | 278,103,796 | 278,103,796 | |
| Term loan (foreign) | 854,877,901 | 854,877,901 | 259,951,837 | 594,926,065 |
| Term tour (totaler) | 1,752,070,412 | 1,752,070,412 | 1,157,144,347 | 594,926,065 |
| | Carrying amount | 31 December 2015 Contractual cash flows | Within 12 months or less | More than 12 months |
| | Taka | Taka | Taka | Taka |
| Trade and other payables | 640,626,199 | 640,626,199 | 640,626,199 | |
| Short term borrowing | 694,001,555 | 694,001,555 | 694,001,555 | * |
| Term loan | 497,742,616 | 497,742,616 | 77,117,814 | 420,624,802 |
| 5.70M.17MM | 1,832,370,370 | 1,832,370,370 | 1,411,745,568 | 420,624,802 |
| | | | | |

30.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates will affect the Company's income or the value of its holding of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

a) Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on certain revenues and purchase of raw material, spare parts, accessories and capital item. Majority of the company's foreign currency purchase are denominated in USD and EURO. All the export proceeds are receipt in USD, 50% of export proceeds are crediting to export retention quota account and rest of the 50% are converted to Taka and crediting to company's current account

i) Exposure to currency risk

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk was as follows based on notional amounts (in Taka):

| | | As at | t 31 December 20 | 16 | | As at 31 December 2015 | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|--------|------------------|-----|--------|------------------------|-----|
| | GBP | USD | EURO | JPY | USD | EURO | JPY |
| Foreign currency denominated assets | | | | | | | |
| Receivable from customers-Export | | | - | | 8,260 | • | |
| Cash at bank | - | 96,388 | | * | 62,348 | 180 | |
| Cash at Gank | | 96,388 | | | 70,608 | | |
| | | 201000 | | | | | |



| | | As at 31 December 2016 | | | As at 31 December 2015 | | |
|--|-----------|------------------------|-------------|-----|------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | GBP | USD | EURO | JPY | USD | EURO | JPY |
| Foreign currency denominated liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Trade payables | 164,899 | 1,274,984 | 797,167 | * | 635,721 | 1,240,389 | |
| Short term borrowings | - | 3,100,548 | 375,259 | * | 2,148,305 | 5,932,170 | 5,145,000 |
| Term loan | | 10,893,763 | | - | 6,300,539 | - | |
| Royalty & Technical Fees | - | 1,061,940 | | | 30,372 | | |
| _ | 164,899 | 16,331,235 | 1,172,425 | | 9,114,937 | 7,172,559 | 5,145,000 |
| Net exposure | (164,899) | (16,234,847) | (1,172,426) | - | (9,044,329) | (7,172,559) | (5,145,000) |

The Company has foreign exchange gain of Tk 38,91,179 during the year ended 31 December 2016 (31 December 2015: Exchange gain Tk 11,635,704).

The following significant exchange rates have been applied:

| The following albumban enough and | Exchange r | Exchange rate as at | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| | 31 Dec 2016 Taka | 31 Dec 2015 Taka | | |
| GBP | 96.2662 | 116.3353 | | |
| USD | 78,5500 | 78,5000 | | |
| EURO | 82.3516 | 85,8006 | | |
| JPY | 0.6737 | 0,6518 | | |

ii) Foreign exchange rate sensitivity analysis for foreign currency expenditures

A strengthening or weakening of the Taka, as indicated below, against the GBP, USD, EURO, and JPY at 31 December would have increased/(decreased) profit or loss by the amounts shown below.

| | As at 31 December 2016 | | As at 31 Decem | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------|----------------|----------------------------|
| | Profit or | r (loss) | Profit or (| or (loss) Weakening Taka |
| | Strengthening | Weakening | Strengthening | Weakening |
| | Taka | Taka | Taka | Taka |
| At 31 December | | | | |
| GBP (3 percent movement) | (5,100) | 4,803 | 7.00 | 1000 |
| USD (3 percent movement) | (502,109) | 472,860 | (279,722) | 263,427 |
| EURO (3 percent movement) | (36,261) | 34,148 | (221,832) | 208,909 |
| JPY (3 percent movement) | - | (-) | (159,124) | 149,854 |

b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that arises due to changes in interest rates on borrowings. The Company is not significantly exposed to fluctuation in interest rates as it has neither floating interest rate bearing financial liabilities nor entered into any type of derivative instrument in order to hedge interest rate risk as at the reporting date.

| P | re | of | i | le | |
|---|----|----|---|----|--|

| rrome | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| At the reporting date | the interest rate profile of the Com- | nany's interest bearing financial instruments was | |

| At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of | the Company's into | rest bearing on | idiretai itisti uttienia y | T 663. | Carrying | amount |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | | | As at 31 December 2016 Taka | As at 31 December 2015 Taka |
| Fixed rate instruments | | | | | | |
| Financial assets | | | | | | 200 100 625 |
| Investment in FDR | | | | | 511,436,631 | 768,139,635 |
| Cash at banks | | | | | 281,326,305 | 331,549,267 |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | |
| Term loan (Foreign) | | | | | 854,877,901 | 497,742,616 |
| Bank overdraft | | | | | 29,663,693 | • |
| Short term borrowing (foreign) | | | | | 278,103,796 | 694,001,555 |
| | | | | | | |



Fair value of financial assets and liabilities of the Company together with carrying amount shown in the statement of financial position are as follows:

| | As at 31 Dec | ember 2016 | As at 31 Dec | ember 2015 |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Carrying amount Taka | Fair value Taka | Carrying amount Taka | Fair value Taka |
| Financial assets | | | | |
| Held to maturity assets | | | | |
| Investment in FDR | 511,436,631 | 511,436,631 | 768,139,635 | 768,139,635 |
| Loans and receivables | | | | |
| Trade receivables | 548,029,728 | 548,029,728 | 553,947,412 | 553,947,412 |
| Other receivables | 144,836,828 | 144,836,828 | 232,489,961 | 232,489,961 |
| Loan to disposed subsidiary | 201,898,000 | 201,898,000 | 201,898,000 | 201,898,000 |
| Cash equivalents | 792,762,936 | 792,762,936 | 1,099,688,900 | 1,099,688,900 |
| Financial liabilities | | | | |
| Liabilities carried at amortised costs | | | | |
| Term loan | 854,877,901 | 854,877,901 | 497,742,616 | 497,742,616 |
| Bank overdraft | 29,663,693 | 29,663,693 | | - |
| Trade and other payables | 589,425,022 | 589,425,022 | 640,626,199 | 640,626,199 |
| Short term borrowing (foreign) | 278,103,796 | 278,103,796 | 694,001,555 | 694,001,555 |
| Interest rates used for determining amortised cost | | | | |
| The interest rates used to discount estimated cash flows, when applicable were as follows: | | | | 21 5 1 2016 |
| | | | 31 December 2016 | 31 December 2015 3.70%-7.00% |
| Investment in FDR | | | 1.70%-5.50% | |
| Term loan | | | Libor+3% | Libor+3% |
| Bank overdraft | | | 8%-10.75% | 12.00%-13.50% |
| Short term bank loan (local currency) | | | 8%-13.50% | 12.00%-13.50% |
| Short term bank loan (foreign currency/USD) | | | Libor+(2.75%-3.00%) | Libor+(2.75%-3.00%) |

List of related parties with whom transactions have taken place and their relationship as identified and certified by management. Related party disclosures under BAS-24

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31.1

| Name of related party | Relationship | Period | Purchase of goods/services | Sale of Goods/services | Outstanding receivables | Outstanding payable Remuneration | Remuneration | Loan | H | Interest receivables |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|------|----|----------------------|
| RAK Power Pvt. Ltd | Subsidiary | Current year | 347,049,244 | 6,891,130 | | 30,270,872 | | | ١. | |
| | | Previous year | 287,431,234 | 5,478,261 | • | 27,282,047 | | | | • |
| RAK Security & Services Pvt. Ltd | Subsidiary | Current year | 94,606,305 | , | • | 12,282,590 | | | | |
| | | Previous year | 977,779,77 | | ī | 7,498,230 | • | | | ٠ |
| RAK Ceramics - UAE | Parent | Current year | 47,125,490 | | 1 | 21 118 318 | | | | |
| | | Previous year | 67,027,200 | | 360,822 | | | | | |
| Kea Printing & Packaging Industries | Other related party | Current year | 112,892,298 | • | | 17,671,058 | • | | | |
| | | Previous year | 96,773,812 | • | | 15,595,692 | | | 7 | , |
| Palli Properties Pte. Ltd | Other related party | Current year | 18,901,088 | | í | 1,277,772 | , | | | |
| | | Previous year | 11,137,513 | , | | 1,253,443 | | | ı | , |
| Sky Bird Travel Agents Pvt. Ltd. | Other related party | Current year | 5,553,673 | • | • | | | | , | , |
| | | Previous year | 4,551,466 | | ٠ | 17,163 | r | | , | |
| Green Planet Communications | Other related party | Current year | 5,298,996 | | • | | | | | ٠ |
| | | Previous year | 7,088,620 | • | č | 290,323 | | | | , |
| Global Business Associates Ltd. | Other related party | Current year | , | • | | ٠ | a | | , | |
| * | | Previous year | 139,512 | | ě | 12,150 | | | | 1 |
| Mohammed Trading | Other related party | Current year | • | 2,522,019,940 | 380,083,753 | • | | | , | , |
| | | Previous year | | 1,711,216,467 | 397,263,967 | • | 10 | | | |
| S.A.K. Ekramuzzaman | Key Management Personnel | Current year | 7- 7- | | , | 40,911,795 | 40,911,795 | 2 | ı | × |
| | | Previous year | | 1. | • | 34,075,485 | 34,075,485 | 2 | , | |
| Imtiaz Hussain | Key Management Personnel | Current year | • | | i | 680,520 | 9,588,240 | 0 | 7 | |
| | | Previous year | • | , | • | 636,000 | 0 537 000 | - | | |

Events after the reporting period 31.2

No events, adjusting or non-adjusting, occurred after the date of statement of financial position which require adjustments or disclosures.

Paid to Directors 31.3

During the year, provision was made as MD's remuneration for Taka. 40,911,795.

During the year, Board meeting fees of Taka 450,000 was paid to the board members for attending the Board meetings.

Segment reporting

The company has three reportable segments which offer different products and services and are managed Decarately because they require different technology and marketing strategies. The following summary describes the operations of each segment:

Ceramics & Sanitary Ware: Engages in manufacturing and marketing of ceramics tiles, bathroom sets and all types of sanitary ware.

Power: Set-up power utilities and operate power-generating plants, transmission system and distribution system and to sell the generated electric power to any legal entity.

Security and services: Engages in providing security guard, cleaning services, termite and pest control services and set up manpower technical training.

| 31 December 2016 | | | Business Segments | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|------------|-----------------|
| | Ceramic & sanitary ware | Power | Security and Services | Inter | Prior year | Entity total |
| | Taka | Taka | Taka | Taka | Taka | Taka |
| Revenue - external customers | 5,577,443,970 | 26,937,134 | 57,030,474 | | r | 5,661,411,578 |
| Revenue - inter segment | | 347,049,244 | 96,512,158 | (443,561,402) | | |
| Total segment revenue | 5,577,443,970 | 373,986,378 | 153,542,632 | (443,561,402) | r | 5,661,411,578 |
| Cost of sales- external customer | (2,906,473,929) | (224,380,162) | (121,200,876) | | • | (3,252,054,966) |
| Cost of sales- inter segment | (448,546,679) | (1,905,853) | | 450,452,532 | 1 | |
| Total segment cost of sales | (3,355,020,608) | (226,286,015) | (121,200,876) | 450,452,532 | | (3,252,054,966) |
| Gross profit | 2,222,423,362 | 147,700,363 | 32,341,756 | | | 2,409,356,612 |
| Other income | 469,194 | 239,916 | | | | 709,110 |
| Dividend income | 103,489,500 | 10,000 | 250 | (103,499,500) | | 250 |
| Rental income | 9,291,130 | • | | (6,891,130) | | 2,400,000 |
| Financial income | 18,400,859 | 2,567,214 | 61,812 | | | 21,029,885 |
| Financial expenses | (39,747,963) | (256,318) | (10,380) | | | (40,014,661) |
| Depreciation | (374,020,896) | (18,093,909) | (370,703) | | × | (392,485,508) |
| Other operating expenses | (719,181,874) | 8,824,166 | (19,979,528) | , | | (730,337,236) |
| Segment profit before tax | 1,221,123,312 | 140,991,432 | 12,043,207 | | | 1,270,658,449 |
| Income tax expense | (253,189,745) | (45,393,782) | (4,215,122) | e | e | (302,798,649) |
| Deferred tax | (53,671,503) | 1,066,474 | | | • | (52,605,029) |
| Non -Controlling interest | | 472 | 0.38 | | 1; | 472 |
| Profit for the year | | | | | | 915,254,299 |

| | 0 | |
|---|------|--|
| - | er Z | |
| | É | |

| 31 December 2015 | | | Business Segments | | | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| | Ceramic & sanitary ware | Power | Security and services | Inter | Prior year adjustment | Entity total |
| | Taka | Taka | Taka | Taka | Taka | Taka |
| Revenue - external customers | 5,013,034,253 | 46,607,310 | (341,160) | | • | 5,059,300,403 |
| Revenue - inter segment | • | 287,431,234 | 15,751,786 | (303,183,020) | • | |
| Total segment revenue | 5,013,034,253 | 334,038,544 | 15,410,626 | (303,183,020) | | 5,059,300,403 |
| Cost of sales- external oustomer | (2,707,097,224) | (180,169,235) | (9,389,183) | | (233,797) | (2,896,889,441) |
| Cost of sales- inter segment | (308,291,416) | (369,868) | | 308,661,283 | ٠ | • |
| Total segment cost of sales | (3,015,388,640) | (180,539,103) | (9,389,183) | 308,661,283 | (233,797) | (2,896,889,441) |
| Gross profit | 1,997,645,613 | 153,499,441 | 6,021,443 | | (233,797) | 2,162,410,962 |
| Dividend income | 58,775,000 | . • | | (58,775,000) | | |
| Rental income | 7,878,261 | • | • | (5,478,261) | | 2,400,000 |
| Gain on disposal of investment against subsidiary | | | • | | | 600,568,643 |
| Gain on disposal of investment against associates | • | • | • | | | 236,379,531 |
| Revaluation gain on acquisition of associates shares | • | | • | | | 1,850,536 |
| Financial income | 86,212,028 | 3,824,325 | 22,907 | • | | 90,059,260 |
| Financial expenses | (18,812,730) | (118,101) | (4,853) | ٠ | | (18,935,684) |
| Depreciation | (237,990,276) | (18,116,617) | (84,680) | | | (256,191,573) |
| Other operating expenses | (812,419,898) | 6,599,108 | (2,651,550) | | | (808, 472, 340) |
| Provision relating to subsidiary loan and interest | | | | | (578,548,552) | (578,548,552) |
| Adjustment relating to WPPF | | | | | 26,758,639 | 26,758,639 |
| Adjustment relating to Managing Director's remuneration | | | | | 16,850,928 | 16,850,928 |
| Elimination of investment loss of RAK Paints Pvt. Ltd. | | | | | | 24,675,000 |
| Share of profit of equity-accounted investee | | | | • | | (20,409,802) |
| Segment profit before tax | 1,081,287,998 | 145,688,156 | 3,303,267 | | | 1,479,395,549 |
| Income tax expense | (329,336,045) | (45,242,248) | (1,156,143) | | | (375,734,436) |
| Adjustment relating to income tax | | | | | (11,928,337.00) | (11,928,337) |
| Deferred tax | 3,328,681 | (721,690) | | | | 2,606,991 |
| Non -Controlling interest | • | 486 | 0.10 | | | 487 |
| Profit for the year | | | | | | 1,094,339,280 |
| | | | | | | |



| Earnings per share (EPS) | <u>2016</u> <u>Taka</u> | 2015 Taka |
|--|----------------------------|---------------|
| Calculation of earnings per share (EPS) is as under: | | |
| Earnings attributable to the ordinary shareholders Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company | 915,254,299 | 1,094,339,280 |
| No. of ordinary equity shares | 336,850,611 | 336,850,611 |
| Weighted average no. of equity shares outstanding (| Note 33.1) 336,850,611 | 336,850,611 |
| Earnings per share (EPS) for the year | 2.72 | 3.25 |
| | | |

33.1 Weighted average number of ordinary shares

The weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year is the number of ordinary shares outstanding at the beginning of the year, adjusted by the number of ordinary shares issued during the year multiplied by a time-weighting factor. The time-weighting factor is the number of days that the shares are outstanding as a proportion of the total number of days in the year. The weighted average number of shares is calculated by assuming that the shares have always been in issue. This means that they have been issued at the start of the year presented as the comparative figures.

| | <u>2016</u> | 2015 |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Outstanding shares | 336,850,611 | 336,850,611 |
| Section 1997 | 336,850,611 | 336,850,611 |

33.2 Diluted earning per share

33

No diluted earnings per share is required to be calculated for the year as there was no scope for dilution during these years.

34 Contingent liabilities

There are contingent liabilities on account of unresolved disputed corporate tax assessments and VAT claims by the authority aggregating to Tk 541,950,341 (31 Dec 2015: Tk 340,532,611). Considering the merits of the cases, it has not been deemed necessary to make provisions for all such disputed claims.

There is also contingent liability in respect of outstanding letters of credit of Tk 398,511,738 (31 Dec 2015: Tk 363,013,905) and letter of guarantee of Tk 42,310,078 (31 Dec 2015: Tk 38,625,334).

35 Other disclosures

35.1 Changes in policy & estimates

Changes of royalty policy from 2.5% of net sales to 8% of PBT or 2.5% of net sales whichever is lower effective from 01 January 2012.