### **RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited**

Consolidated financial statements as at and for the period ended 30 September 2021

### RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd. Consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 September 2021

	Notes	<u>30 Sep 2021</u> <u>Taka</u>	31 Dec 2020 <u>Taka</u>
<u>Assets</u>			
Property, plant and equipment	4	2,866,409,530	3,087,064,214
Investment property	5	503,290,102	503,456,083
Right-of-use assets	6	15,853,573	21,183,255
Intangible assets	7	1,995,027	3,132,357
Capital work-in-progress	8	9,478,160	56,636,694
Total non-current assets	•	3,397,026,392	3,671,472,603
Inventories	9	2,940,473,307	2,026,990,380
Trade and other receivables	10	1,248,813,459	1,008,800,248
Advances, deposits and prepayments	11	328,912,806	270,311,098
Advance Income tax	12	3,786,874,262	3,588,659,675
Cash and cash equivalents	.13	1,739,087,311	1,949,194,840
Total current assets		10,044,161,145	8,843,956,241
Total assets		13,441,187,537	12,515,428,844
	-		
Equity			•
Share capital	14	4,279,687,010	4,279,687,010
Share premium	15	1,473,647,979	1,473,647,979
Retained earnings	16	1,472,709,698	1,269,975,797
Equity attributable to equity holders of the co	mpany	7,226,044,687	7,023,310,786
		·	
Non-controlling interests	-	1,365	1,314
Total equity	-	7,226,046,052	7,023,312,100
	•		
Liabilities			
Deferred tax liability	17	138,807,984	191,761,301
	20		9,291,390
Lease liability	_ کن	6,155,277 144,963,261	201,052,691
Total non-current liabilities	-	194,300,201	201,032,031
Employees benefits payable	18	14,727,997	· •
Borrowings	19	247,399,260	119,940,905
Lease liability	20	4,857,431	4,505,188
Trade and other payables	21	946,461,717	625,493,472
Unclaimed dividend payable	21.2	11,825,935	49,576,141
Accrued expenses	22	656,578,669	520,281,836
Provision for income tax	23	4,188,327,215	3,971,266,511
Total current liabilities	<del></del>	6,070,178,224	5,291,064,053
Total liabilities		6,215,141,485	5,492,116,744
Total equity and liabilities	•	13,441,187,537	12,515,428,844
I APRIL PARILLE MINISTER	2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Managing Director

Director

Chief Financial Officer

Company Secretary

### RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd.

### Consolidated profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the period ended 30 September 2021

	Notes	30 Sep 2021 <u>Taka</u>	30 Sep 2020 <u>Taka</u>	July to Sep 2021 Taka	July to Sep 2020 Iaka
Sales Cost of sales Gross profit	24 25	4,843,267,746 (3,392,057,689) 1,451,210,057	3,412,387,458 (2,749,850,989) 662,536,469	1,574,566,808 (1,117,279,237) 457,287,571	1,440,128,997 (1,066,851,003) 373,277,994
Other Income Administrative expenses Impairment loss on trade receivables Marketing and selling expenses	26 27 27.1 28	1,334,553 (267,100,464) (401,221) (378,018,210) (644,185,342)	2,716,377 (246,802,273) (4,814,631) (289,413,583) (538,314,110)	(212,927) (86,711,569) (116,525) (122,570,210) (209,611,231)	780,847 (87,969,841) (466,708) (103,730,253)
Profit from operating activities	*	807,024,715	124,222,359	247,676,340	(191,393,955) 181,884,039
Finance Income Finance expenses Net finance Income	29 30	30,719,489 (4,166,269) 26,553,220	38,888,117 (14,876,995) 24,011,122	8,118,029 (1,869,430) 6,248,599	6,745,164 (8,001,672) (1,256,508)
Profit before contribution to worker's profit participation and welfare fund	• • •	833,577,935	148,233,481	253,924,939	180,627,531
Contribution to workers' profit participation and welfare fund	31	(38,767,795)	(8,182,825)	(11,425,196)	(8,182,825)
Profit before income tax		794,810,140	140,050,656	242,499,743	172,444,706
Income tax expense Current tax Deferred tax	32 17	(217,060,704) 52,953,317	(70,015,702) 19,222,564	(63,580,599) 16,319,820	(48,603,205) 2,183,803
Profit for the period		(164,107,387) 630,702,753	(50,793,138) 89,257,518	(47,360,779) 195,138,964	(46,419,402) 126,025,304
Other comprehensive Income	· ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::				
Total comprehensive income for the period	_	630,702,753	89,257,518	195,138,964	126,025,304
Profit attributable to:	4.		, 2 177		
Equity holders of the company Non-controlling interests Profit after tax for the period		630,702,602 151 630,702,753	89,257,420 98 89,257,518	195,138,918 46	126,025,293 11
			99,257,518	195,138,964	126,025,304
Basic earnings per share (Par value TK 10)	38	1.47	0.21	0.46	0.29

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Chairman

Managing Director

Director

Chief Financial Officer

Company Secretary

Dated, 26 October 2021

RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd. Consolidated statement of changes in equity for the period ended 30 September 2021

Attributable to owners of the Company

					Non-	
	Share capital <u>Taka</u>	Share Premium <u>Taka</u>	Retained earnings <u>Taka</u>	Total <u>Taka</u>	controlling interests <u>Taka</u>	Total equity <u>Taka</u>
Balance as at 01 January 2020	4,279,687,010	1,473,647,979	1,601,275,518	7,354,610,507	1,393	7,354,611,900
Total comprehensive income for 2020 Profit for the period	•	1	89,257,420	89,257,420	86	89,257,518
Transactions with the shareholders  Cash dividend (2019)	4.279.687,010	1,473,647,979	(641,953,052)	(641,953,052) 6,801,914,875	(200)	(641,953,252) 6,801,916,166
Balance as at 01 January 2021	4,279,687,010	1,473,647,979	1,269,975,797	7,023,310,786	1,314	7,023,312,100
Total comprehensive income for 2021 Profit for the period	1	ı	630,702,602	630,702,602	151	630,702,753
Cash dividend (2020)  Balance as at 30 September 2021	4,279,687,010	1,473,647,979	(427,968,701) 1,472,709,698	(427,968,701) 7,226,044,687	(100) 1,365	(427,968,801) 7,226,046,052

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

### RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd. Consolidated statement of cash flows for the period ended 30 September 2021

	<u>30 Sep 2021</u> <u>Taka</u>	<u>30 Sep 2020</u> <u>Taka</u>
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash receipts from customers Cash payments to suppliers and employees Cash generated from operating activities	4,596,473,214 (4,228,833,606) 367,639,608	3,262,800,337 (2,709,188,533) 553,611,804
Interest received from bank deposits Income tax paid (note - 12) Net cash (used in)/from operating activities (note-41.1)	5,234,276 (198,214,587) 174,659,297	6,603,815 (110,463,093) 449,752,526
Cash flows from investing activities		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment Sale of property, plant and equipment (note-5.3) Interest received from FDR Income from rental Intangible assets Insurance claim received Dividend received Net cash (used in)/from investing activities	(73,933,424) 3,332,000 31,305,742 266,390 - - 50 (39,029,242)	(157,547,590) 327,500 33,969,571 1,521,140 (492,890) 38,287,131 100 (83,935,038)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Finance charges Avail/(repayment) of short-term loan Payment of lease liability Dividend paid Unclaimed share application refund Adjustment related with non-controlling interest Net cash (used in)/from financing activities	(3,763,683) 127,458,355 (3,439,413) (465,718,907) (508,800) (100) (345,972,548)	(13,169,142) 85,688,755 (8,405,495) (627,708,901) - (200) (563,594,983)
Effect of exchange rate changes in cash and cash equivalents Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents as at 01 January Cash and cash equivalents as at 30 September (Note 13)	234,964 (210,107,529) 1,949,194,840 1,739,087,311	210,071 (197,567,424) 1,499,310,101 1,301,742,677

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

### **RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited**

### Notes to the consolidated financial statements as at and for the period ended 30 September 2021

### 1. Reporting entity

RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited (the Company), formerly RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Pvt. Limited, a UAE-Bangladesh joint venture company, was incorporated in Bangladesh on 26 November 1998 as a private company limited by shares under the Companies Act 1994. The Company was later converted from a private limited into a public limited on 10 June 2008 after observance of required formalities as per laws. The name of the Company was thereafter changed to RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd. as per certificate issued by the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies dated 11 February 2009. The address of the Company's registered office is RAK Tower, Plot # 1/A, Jasimuddin Avenue, Sector # 3, Uttara, Dhaka 1230. The company got listed with Dhaka Stock Exchange (DSE) and Chittagong Stock Exchange (CSE) on 13 June 2010.

### 1.1 Nature of business

The Company Is engaged in manufacturing and marketing of ceramics tiles, wash room sets and all types of sanitary ware. It has started its commercial production on 12 November 2000. The commercial production of its new sanitary ware plant, expansion unit of ceramics facilities, tiles and sanitary plant was started on 10 January 2004, 1 July 2004, 1 September 2007, 1 April 2015 and 17th May 2016 respectively.

### 1.2 Description of subsidiaries

### RAK Power Pvt. Ltd.

RAK Power Pvt. Ltd. has been incorporated in Bangladesh under the Companies Act 1994 on 30 June 2005 as a private company limited by shares with an authorized capital of Taka 1,000,000,000 divided into 10,000,000 ordinary shares of Taka 100 each. The paid up capital stands at Taka 205,000,000 at the end of reporting period. The Company has gone into operation from 1 May 2009. The registered office of the Company is at RAK Tower (8th floor), Jashimuddin Avenue, Plot # 1/A, Sector # 03, Uttara Model Town, Dhaka - 1230. The Power Plant is located at Village: Dhanua, P.S: Sreepur, District: Gazipur. 57% shares of RAK Power Pvt. Ltd. is held by RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited.

The Board of Directors of RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited in its meeting held on July 26, 2015 have decided to further increase the shareholding in RAK Power Pvt. Ltd. from 57% to 99.99% through purchase of 881,495 number of ordinary shares of BDT 100 each in consideration of BDT 255 per share totaling to BDT 224,781,225 only from all the other shareholders of RAK Power Pvt. Ltd. subject to approval by the shareholders and concerned authorities for the interest of the business of the Company. The shareholders of RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited have approved the same in the EGM dated September 20, 2015. The effect of acquisition has been taken place as approved in Board of Directors meeting of RAK Power (Pvt.) Ltd on 20 October 2015

### RAK Security and Services (Pvt.) Limited

RAK Security and Services (Pvt.) Ltd. has been incorporated in Bangladesh under the Companies Act 1994 on 21 December 2006 as a private company limited by shares with an authorized capital of Taka 100,000,000 divided into 1,000,000 ordinary shares of Taka 100 each. The paid up capital stands at Taka 1,000,000 at the end of reporting period. The Company has gone into operation from 1 May 2007. The registered office of the Company is at RAK Tower (8th floor), Plot # 1/A, Jasimuddin Avenue, Sector # 03, Uttara Model Town, Dhaka-1230. 35% shares of RAK Security and Services (Pvt.) Ltd is held by RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited.

The Board of Directors of RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited in its meeting held on July 26, 2015 have decided to further increase the shareholding in RAK Security & Services (Pvt.) Ltd. from 35% to 99.00% through purchase of 6,500 number of ordinary shares of BDT 100 each in consideration of BDT 2,875 per share totaling to BDT 18,687,500 only from all the other shareholders of RAK Security & Services (Pvt.) Ltd. subject to approval by the shareholders and concerned authorities for the interest of the business of the Company. The shareholders of RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited have approved the same in the EGM dated September 20, 2015. The effect of acquisition has been taken place as approved in Board of Directors meeting of RAK Security and Services (Pvt.) Ltd on 20 October 2015.

### 2. Basis of preparation

### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), the Companies Act 1994 and the Securities and Exchange Rules 1987.

The title and format of these financial statements follow the requirements of IFRSs which are to some extent different from the requirement of the Companies Act 1994. However, such differences are not material and in the view of management IFRSs titles and format give better presentation to the shareholders.

### Authorisation for issue

These financial statements have been authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on 26 October 2021.

### 2,2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis except for inventories which are measured at lower of cost and net realisable value.

### 2.3 Functional and presentational currency

These financial statements are presented in Bangladesh Taka (Taka/Tk/BDT), which is the functional currency and presentation currency of the Company. The figures of financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest Taka.

### 2.4 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amount recognised in the financial statements are stated in the following notes:

Note 4	Property, plant & equipment
Note 5	Investment property
Note 6	Right-of-use assets
Note 17	Deferred tax liability
Note 18	Employees benefit payable
Note 20	Lease liability
Note 23	Provision for income tax
Note 27.1	Impairment on trade receivable

### 2.5 Reporting period

These interim financial statements were prepared for a period from 1 January 2021/1 July 2021 to 30 September 2021. The comparative figures cover the period from 1 January 2020/1 July 2020 to 30 September 2020/31 December 2020 as applicable.

### 2.6 Going concern

The Company has adequate resources to continue in operation for foreseeable future and hence, the financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis. As per management assessment there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

### Impact of COVID-19 pandemic

When assessing going concern assumption of the Company as above, key consideration was the impact of COVID-19 pandemic. The pandemic has caused country-wide lockdown in Bangladesh by the end of March 2020 which caused closure of outlets/stores of the company's dealers, suspension of production in factory, disruption in the supply chain and closure of physical office requiring employees to work from home. In face of uncertainties related to the impact of COVID-19, management has developed adequate plans to minimize the impact on its financial conditions and liquidity. However, since September 2020 the economy has been started returning back to normalcy. Accordingly, the management believes the going concern assumption will remain unaffected from COVID-19.

### 3 Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below, which comply with IFRS, have been applied consistently to all years presented in these consolidated financial statements, and have been applied consistently by Group entities.

### 3.1 Basis of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements comprise the consolidated financial position and the consolidated results of operations of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") on a line by line basis together with the Group's share in the net assets of its equity- accounted investees.

IFRS-10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" introduces a new control model that focuses on whether the group has power over an investee, exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and ability to use its power to affect those returns. An investor has power over an investee when the investor has existing rights that gives it the current ability to direct the relevant activities that significantly affect the investee's returns. Power arises from rights. An investor is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee when the investor's returns from its involvement have the potential to vary as a result of the investee's performance. An investor controls an investee if the investor not only has the power over the investee and exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, but also has the ability to use its power to affect the investor's return from its involvement with the investee.

### Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are enterprises controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that are presently exercisable are taken into account. The results of operations and total assets and liabilities of subsidiary companies are included in the consolidated financial statements on a line-by-line basis and the interest of minority shareholders, if any, in the results and net assets of subsidiaries is stated separately. The financial statement of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements of the Group from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Any gains or losses on increase/decrease in non-controlling interest in subsidiaries without a change in control, is recognised as a component of equity.

### Loss of control

Upon the loss of control, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any non-controlling interest and other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently it is accounted for as an equity-accounted investee or as an available-for-sale financial asset depending on the level of influence retained.

### Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity-accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

### 3,2 Financial assets

### a) Trade & other receivables

Trade & other receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition trade & other receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment provision.

### b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, cash at bank including short notice deposits and fixed deposits having maturity of three months or less that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the Group in the management of its short-term commitments.

### 3.3 Financial liabilities

### a) Trade & other payables

Trade & other payables are recognised initially at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, trade & other payables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### b) Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings include short term bank loan. Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 3.4 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects. Paid up share capital represents total amount contributed by the shareholders and bonus shares issued by the Company to the ordinary shareholders. Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to vote at shareholders' meetings. In the event of a winding up of the Company, ordinary shareholders rank after all other shareholders and creditors and are fully entitled to any residual proceeds of liquidation.

### 3.5 Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the property, plant and equipment. Maintenance, renewals and betterments that enhance the economic useful life of the property, plant and equipment or that improve the capacity, quality or reduce substantially the operating cost or administration expenses are capitalised by adding it to the related property, plant and equipment. Ongoing repairs and maintenance is expensed as incurred.

An asset is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use and subsequent disposal. Gain or loss arising from the retirement or disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised as gain or loss from disposal of asset under other income in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

### 3.5.1 Depreciation on property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis in profit or loss over the estimated useful lives of each component. Capital-work-in-progress and land are not depreciated. Depreciation on addition to fixed assets is charged when it is available for use and charging of depreciation on property, plant and equipment ceases at the earliest of the date the assets is classified held for sale in accordance with IFRS 5 and the date that assets is derecognised.

Rates of depreciation on various classes of property, plant and equipment are as under:

Category of property, plant and equipment	Rate (%)
Factory building	5-20
General building	5
Head Office building	5
Plant and machinery	5-10
Mobile plant	10
Electrical installation	10-20
Gas pipeline	10-20
Furniture, fixture and equipment	10
Office equipment	10-20
Communication equipment	10-20
Tools and appliances	10-20
Vehicles	10-20
Fire fighting equipment	20

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate. Land is not depreciated as it deemed to have an indefinite life.

### 3.6 Investment property

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation (including property under construction for such purposes). Investment properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment property. Maintenance, renewals and betterments that enhances the economic useful life of the investment property or that improve the capacity, quality or reduce subsequently the operation cost or administration expenses and capitalized by adding it to the related investment property. Ongoing repairs and maintenance is expensed as incurred.

An investment property is derecognized upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income the period in which the property is derecognised.

### 3.6.1 Depreciation on investment property

Depreciation charged on the basis of straight line method. Depreciation continues to be charged on each item of investment property until written value of such fixed asset is reduced to Taka one. Depreciation on addition to fixed assets is charged when it is available for use and charging of depreciation on property, plant, equipment & investment property ceases at the earliest of the date the assets is classified held for sale in accordance with IFRS 5 and the date that assets is derecognised.

Rates of depreciation on various classes of investment property are as under:

Category of property, plant and equipment

Rate (%)

Building

5

Land is not depreciated as it deemed to have an infinite life.

### 3.7 Capital work-in-progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less impairment, if any, until the construction is completed. Upon completion of construction, the cost of such assets together with the cost directly attributable to construction, including capitalised borrowing costs are transferred to the respective class of asset. No depreciation is charged on capital work in progress.

### 3.8 Intangible assets

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group (such as designs and trade marks for manufacture of ceramic tiles and sanitary ware) have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates.

Intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis in profit or loss over their estimated useful lives of 2 to 3 years from the date that they are available for use.

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate. No internal developed intangible assets capitalized during the period.

### 3.9 Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is based on the weighted average cost principle, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs, and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition. In the case of manufactured inventories and work in progress, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity. Materials in transit are valued at cost.

Net realisable value (NRV) is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated cost of completion and any estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

### 3.10 Impairment

### Non-derivative financial assets

Non derivative financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to determine the loss allowance for lifetime expected credit losses, if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When there is no significant increase in credit risk on the financial instruments since initial recognition, the expected credit losses for next 12 months is measured as loss allowance on that financial instrument.

### Non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the non-financial assets, other than inventories are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the assets' recoverable amounts are estimated. For intangible assets that have indefinite lives, recoverable amount is estimated at each reporting date. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash generating unit (CGU) exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

### Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and risk specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate significantly independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

### Recognition of impairment

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses in respect of CGUs are allocated first to reduced the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU and then to reduce the carrying amount of other assets in the CGU on a pro-rata basis.

### Reversal of impairment

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

### 3.11 Employee benefit schemes

The Company maintains both defined contribution plan and defined benefit plan for its eligible permanent employees. The eligibility is determined according to the terms and conditions set forth in the respective deeds.

### Defined contribution plan (Provident fund)

Defined contribution plan is a post employment benefit plan under which the Company provides benefits to one or more employees. The recognised Employees Provident Fund is considered as defined contribution plan as it meets the recognition criteria specified for this purpose. All permanent employees contribute 10 percent of their basic salary to the provident fund and the Company also makes equal contribution to the fund. These are administered by the Board of Trustees. The contributions are invested separately from the company's assets.

Contribution to defined contribution plan is recognised as an expense when an employee has rendered services to the Company. The legal and constructive obligation is limited to the amount it agrees to contribute to the fund.

### Defined benefit plan (Gratuity)

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods.

Permanent employees are entitled to gratuity on the basis of his latest basic salary for a completed year of service or for service for a period of more than six months, salary of minimum 30 days, or salary of 45 days for a continuous service for more than ten years, it shall be in addition to any payment of compensation or payment of any wage or allowance in lieu of notice due to termination of services of a worker on different grounds. The expected cost of this benefit is included in respective annual statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income over the period of employment.

### 3.12 Workers' Profit Participation Fund and Welfare Fund (WPPF)

The Company provides 5% of its net profit before tax after charging such expense as WPPF in accordance with "The Bangladesh Labour Act 2006 amended in 2018".

### 3.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognised on the reporting date if, as a result of past events, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

### 3.14 IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments sets out requirements for recognising and measuring financial assets, financial liabilities and some contracts to buy or sell non-financial items including a new expected credit loss model for calculating impairment of financial assets, and new general hedge accounting requirements.

### i. Classification - financial assets

IFRS 9 contains a classification and measurement approach for financial assets that reflects the business model in which assets are managed and their cash flow characteristics. IFRS 9 contains three principal classification categories for financial assets: measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

### ii. Impairment

IFRS 9 introduces a forward-looking 'expected credit loss' (ECL) model. This will require considerable judgement about how changes in economic factors affect ECLs, which will be determined on a probability-weighted basis. The new impairment model will apply to financial assets measured at amortised cost or FVOCI, except for investments in equity instruments, and to contract assets.

Under IFRS 9, loss allowances will be measured on either of the following bases:

- · 12-months ECLs: these are ECLs which result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- $\cdot$  12-Lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs which result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

Lifetime ECL measurement applies if the credit risk of a financial asset at the reporting date has increased significantly since initial recognition and 12-month ECL measurement applies if it has not. An entity may determine that a financial asset's credit risk has not increased significantly if the asset has low credit risk at the reporting date. However, lifetime ECL measurement always applies for trade receivables and contract assets without a significant financing component; the group has a choice to also apply this policy for trade receivables and contract assets with a significant financing component.

The estimated ECL will be calculated based on actual credit loss experience. The group will perform the calculation of ECL rates separately for different types of customers including related parties.

Actual credit losses will be adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historical data will be collected, prevalent conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables and related party balances.

### ii. Hedging

IFRS 9 incorporates hedge accounting rules which intend to align hedge accounting with a group's risk management objectives and strategy and to apply a more qualitative and forward looking approach to assessing hedge effectiveness.

Impact of IFRS 9 shown in note no. 35.1 (b).

### 3.15 IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

IFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognized.

### 1. Sales of goods

Under IFRS 15, revenue will be recognised when a customer obtains control of the goods.

Revenue will be recognised for the contracts to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur. As a consequence, for those contracts for which the group is unable to make a reasonable estimate of return, revenue is expected to be recognised sooner than when the return period lapses or a reasonable estimate can be made.

Based on the group's assessment, the timing of revenue recognition from sale of goods are broadly similar. Therefore, the group does not expect the application of IFRS 15 to result in significant differences in the timing of revenue recognition for these sales.

### i. Rendering of services

Under IFRS 15, the total consideration in the service contracts will be allocated to all services based on their stand-alone selling prices. The stand-alone selling prices will be determined based on the list prices at which the group sells the services in separate transactions.

Based on the group's assessment, the fair value and the stand-alone selling prices of the services are broadly similar. Therefore, the group does not expect the application of IFRS 15 to result in significant differences in the timing of revenue recognition for these services.

### i. Construction contracts

Contract revenue currently includes the initial amount agreed in the contract plus any variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments, to the extent that it is probable that they will result in revenue and can be measured reliably. When a claim or variation is recognised, the measure of contract progress or contract price is revised and the cumulative contract position is reassessed at each reporting date.

### 3.16 IFRS 16 Leases

Under this IFRS 16, leases will be brought onto companies' balance sheets, increasing the visibility of their assets and liabilities. It further removes the classification of leases as either operating leases or finance leases treating all leases as finance leases from the perspective of the lessee, thereby eliminating the requirement for a lease classification test. The IFRS 16 guidance has an increased focus on who controls the asset and may change which contracts are leases.

### General impact of application of IFRS 16 Leases

IFRS 16 introduces requirements with respect to lease accounting. It introduces significant changes to the lessee accounting by removing the distinction between operating and finance leases and requiring the recognition of a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets. In contrast to lessee accounting, the requirements for lessor accounting have remained largely unchanged. Details of these requirements are described in Notes to the financial statements. The impact of the adoption of IFRS 16 on the Group's financial statements is described below.

The group has applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach, without restatement of the comparative information

### Impact of the new definition of a lease

The change in definition of a lease mainly relates to the concept of control. IFRS 16 determines whether a contract contains a lease on the basis of whether the customer has the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The group applies the definition of a lease and related guidance set out in IFRS 16 to all lease contracts entered into or modified on or after 1 January 2019 (whether it is a lessor or a lessee in the lease contract). In preparation for the first-time application of IFRS 16, the group has carried out an implementation project.

### **Impact on Lessee Accounting**

Former operating leases

IFRS 16 changes how the group accounts for leases previously classified as operating leases under IAS 17, which were off-balance-sheet.

Applying IFRS 16, for all leases (except as noted below), the Group:

Recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities in the statement of financial position, initially measured at the present value of future lease payments;

Recognizes depreciation of right-of-use assets and interest on lease liabilities in the statement of profit or loss; and separates the total amount of cash paid presented within financing activities in the statement of cash flows.

Under IFRS 16, right-of-use assets are tested for impairment in accordance with IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*. This replaces the previous requirement to recognize a provision for onerous lease contracts.

For short-term leases (lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low-value assets (such as personal computers and office furniture), the group has opted to recognize a lease expense on a straight-line basis as permitted by IFRS 16. This expense is presented within rent expenses in the statement of profit or loss.

### Former finance leases

The main difference between IFRS 16 and IAS 17 with respect to assets formerly held under a finance lease is the measurement of residual value guarantees provided by a lessee to a lessor. IFRS 16 requires that the group recognizes as part of its lease liability only the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, rather than the maximum amount guaranteed as required by IAS 17. This change did not have a material effect on the group's financial statements.

### Impact on Lessor Accounting

IFRS 16 does not change substantially how a lessor accounts for leases. Under IFRS 16, a lessor continues to classify leases as either finance leases or operating leases and account for those two types of leases differently. However, IFRS 16 has changed and expanded the disclosures required, in particular regarding how a lessor manages the risks arising from its residual interest in the leased assets.

As required by IFRS 9, an allowance for expected credit loss has been recognized on the finance lease receivables.

### 3.17 Finance income and expenses

Finance income comprises interest income on fixed deposits and Short Notice Deposit (SND). Interest income is recognized in profit or loss as it accrues, using the effective interest rate method.

Finance costs comprises interest expense on overdraft, LTR, term loan, short term borrowings and finance lease. All finance expenses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Foreign currency gains and losses on financial assets and financial liabilities are reported on a net basis as either finance income or finance cost depending on whether foreign currency movements are in a net gain or net loss position.

### 3.18 Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to Taka at the foreign exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. All monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at reporting date are translated to Taka at the rates of exchange prevailing on that date. Resulting exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at the end of the reporting period are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as per International Accounting Standard IAS-21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates".

### 3.19 Taxation

Income tax expenses represents current tax and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

### **Current tax:**

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous year. Provisions for corporate income tax is made following the rate applicable for companies as per Finance Act 2021-2022.

### Deferred tax:

Deferred tax has been recognised in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 12. Deferred tax is provided using the liability method for temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amount used for taxation purpose. Deferred tax is determined at the effective income tax rate prevailing at the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

### 3.20 Earning per share

The Company presents basic and diluted (when dilution is applicable) earnings per share (EPS) for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company with the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year, adjusted for the effect of change in number of shares for bonus issue. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. However, dilution of EPS is not applicable for these financial statements as there was no dilutive potential ordinary shares during the relevant years.

### 3.21 Determination and presentation of operating segment

Details of product-wise segment reporting as required by IFRS-8 operating segments is followed.

### 3.22 Contingencies

### Contingent liability

Contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity.

Contingent liability should not be recognised in the financial statements, but may require disclosure. A provision should be recognised in the year in which the recognition criteria of provision have been met.

### Contingent asset

Contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity.

A contingent asset must not be recognised. Only when the realisation of the related economic benefits is virtually certain should recognition take place provided that it can be measured reliably because, at that point, the asset is no longer contingent.

### 3.23 Statement of cash flows

Statement of cash flows is prepared under direct method in accordance with International Accounting Standard IAS-7 "Statement of cash flows" as required by the Securities and Exchange Rules 1987.

### 3.24 Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Company's position at the reporting date are reflected in the financial statements. Material events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed by way of note.

### 3.25 Comparatives and reclassification

Comparative information have been disclosed in respect of 2020 for all numerical information in the financial statements and also the narrative and descriptive information when it is relevant for understanding of the current period's financial statements.

To facilitate comparison, certain relevant balances pertaining to the previous period have been rearranged/reclassified whenever considered necessary to confirm to current period's presentation.

4 Property, plant and equipment

30 Sep 2021

Amount in Taka

		500	ST				DEPRECIATION	TION		
Particulars	Balance as at 01 Jan 2021	Addition during the period	Sale/disposal transfer during the period	Balance as at 30 Sep 2021	Rate (%)	Balance as at 01 Jan 2021	Charged during the period	Adjustment during the period	Balance as at 30 Sep 2021	Net book value as at 30 Sep 2021
	101			241 EEE 707		-	1			341,565,707
Land	341,500,707			1000 to 000 t	5	871 345 887	36 482 701	•	524.828,879	513,297,485
Factory building	1,038,033,128	93,230		1,U36,120,304	27-0	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	100,100	1	308 208	324 495 611
Office and accommodation building	507 945 394	12.949.135		520,894,530	'n	1/4,934,010	21,404,500	,	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	110,000,110
בייים מוני פרנים ווייים מסיים וייים מייים וייים	575 550 207 3	24 474 107	,	5,881,340,781	5-10	4,073,660,908	256,666,300	•	4,330,327,209	1,551,013,572
Plant and machinery	200,000,007,0	107 th (12 th)	נפטט אפא טבי	111 635 807	1	108,869,473	3,740,401	(28,881,519)	83,728,354	27,907,452
Mobile plant	142,301,690		(contooning)	CA1 063 CAC	2 2	208 442 647	5,179,390	. 1	213,622,037	29,008,110
Electrical installation	242,630,147	1	1	747,000,747	70-7	(10/11/007	000/2000		£2 012 17E	17 500 879
ممزامريم مدن	79.438.345	1,075,709		80,514,054	10-20	59,976,468	3,035,708	1	02,013,17	6.000000
	809 112 07	4 202 374	•	46.914.002	10	28,184,190	2,396,005	1	30,580,196	16,333,807
Furniture and nxtures	77,717,020	7,502,57	(788 000 C)	97 402 473	10-20	85,303,137	3,462,162	(2,884,194)	85,881,106	11,521,368
Office equipment	21,720,412	/+6,4/1/c	(200,050,00)	17 161 503	2 2	8 450 582	1,469,963	(2.044,836)	7,875,710	4,285,793
Communication equipment	13,/5/,324	222,240	(0,0,111,2)	000,000	2 6	200 900 6*	7777		14 679 250	5.187.729
Tools and appliances	19,177,097	689,892	1	19,855,989	10-70	13,390,603	7,700,4		001/000/11	310 000 10
Mobinion of Francisco	84.511.239	3.779.309	•	88,290,549	10-20	59,230,381	4,768,152	,	53,888,532	24,282,010
יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	2 631 012	-	•	3.631,012	20	3,631,012	,		3,631,012	1
Fire righting equipment	210,100,000	121 001 058	(35 ROB 046)	8 48		5.312.625.791	339,749,145	(33,810,549)	5,618,564,386	2,866,409,530
Total	200,069,695,8	121,091,956	(33,000,040)	- 1		2,040,000	/ 2: :/			

31 Dec 2020

Amount in Taka

- I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		500	L S				DEPRECIATION	NOIL		
Particulars	Balance as at 01 Jan 2020	Addition during the year	Sale/disposal/ transfer during the year	Balance as at 31 Dec 2020	Rate (%)	Balance as at 01 Jan 2020	Charged during the year	Adjustment during the year	Balance as at 31 Dec 2020	Net book value as at 31 Dec 2020
									1	341 565 707
710	338.570.507	2,995,200	•	341,565,707		1	•	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
	000 000 1		١	1.038.033.128	5-20	434,633,410	53,712,768	1	488,346,178	244,080,444
Factory building	ì	100	100 010	507 005 305	, <sub>L</sub>	119 708 362	17.174.934	38.050.714	174,934,010	333,011,384
Office and accommodation building*		100,002,037	/CC/6TO//OZ	767,446,400	1	000 200 000 0	215 253 014	(50,05)	4 073 660 908	1.713.205,765
Diant and marhinery	5.545,628,139	242,044,784	(806,250)	7,785,800,0/4	) - -	3,1,30,331,420		(227/22)	CL* 000 001	מני לני דו
	300 105 CV1		1	142.301.896	27	103,632,451	5,237,022	1	108,869,473	33,432,423
Mobile plant	000/100/947		•	747 630 147	10.70	200 863 110	7.579.537	,	208,442,647	34,187,500
Electrical installation	747,020,147	•	ı	717,000,117	2 5	55. 136.33	2 725 105	,	59.976.468	19,461,877
Cae ninaitae	79,438,345		ı	79,438,347	70-71	20,152,00	2,127,100		101111111	100
ממא לוויים בייים ביים בייים בי	017 000 77	2 863 082	(577 157 4)	42.711.628	10	30,123,069	2,777,793	(4,716,673)	28,184,191	14,527,438
Furniture and fixtures	071-160011-1	2,000,000	(000,000,00)	07 120 413	10-20	93.068.558	19,010,249	(26,775,670)	85,303,137	11,817,276
Office equipment	119,82/,298	4,033,113	(662,000,02)	1011101	2 6	10,640,101	DEE TAE C	(4 536 853)	8.450.583	5,306,742
Commission to line and	18.105,282	188,931	(4,536,890)	13,757,325	70.70	TO:040'0T	100111017	(10000000000000000000000000000000000000	100 101 01	רטני סטבי ע
	10 177 007	'	(	19.177.097	10-20	12,019,368	1,577,437	1	13,586,805	267,080,0
Tools and appliances	160'11T'6T		(600 433 97	070 113 70	0,0	58 616 737	6.771.205	(6.157,560)	59,230,380	25,280,859
Vehicles	91,062,462		(0,221,223)	047/110/40	0 1 1 1		//->		531 013	
400000000000000000000000000000000000000	2 621 012	1	,	3,631,012	20	3,631,012	_	_	2,0,4,0,6	
Hre ngrang equipment	010,400,0 010,000 coo #	357 749 040	163 602 903	8 399,690,005		4,881,544,761	435,267,296	(4,186,267)	5,312,625,791	3,087,064,214
Total	7,883,839,030		000,200,000	0000000000			The state of the s			

<sup>\*</sup> Office and accommodation building includes BDT. 207,019,337 (gross block) has transferred from "investment property," to "property, plant and equipment" because management has decided to use the assets for its own purpose. Therefore, due to change in use of office building, an apartment on 10th floor at RAK Tower, has transferred from "Investment property," to "property, plant and equipment".

## 5 Investment Property

30 Sep 2021

TOT dec no										Amount in Taka
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		TSOO	ST				DEPRECIATION	IATION		
Particulars	Balance as at 01 Jan 2021	Balance as at Addition during 01 Jan 2021 the period	Sale/Transfer during the period	Balance as at 30 Sep 2021	Rate	s at Rate Balance as at Ch	Balance as at Charged during 01 Jan 2021 the period	Adjustment during the period	Balance as at 30 Sep 2021	Net book value as at 30 Sep 2021
- DOG -	500.571.750			500,571,750		1	,		1	500,571,750
Office building <sup>2</sup>	4.432.737	•	•	4,432,737   5%	2%	1,548,404	165,983	_	1,714,385	2,718,352
T-1-1	505 004 487	-		505,004,487		1,548,404	165,983	-	1,714,385	503,290,102

31 Dec 2020

		TSOO	TS				DEPRE(	DEPRECIATION		,
Particulars	Balance as at 01 Jan 2020	Balance as at Addition during 01 Jan 2020 the year	Sale/Transfer during the year	Sale/Transfer Balance as at uring the year 31 Dec 2020	Rate	at Rate Balance as at C	harged during the year		Balance as at 31 Dec 2020	Net book value as at 31 Dec 2020
12241	500 571 750	-		500,571,750		1	-	•	•	500,571,750
Office building	211.452.074	,	(207.019.337)	4,432,737 5%	2%	30,590,455	9,008,663	(38,050,714)	1,548,404	2,884,333
Cince During	712 023.824		(207,019,337)	505,004,487		30,590,455	9,008,663	(38,050,714)	1,548,404	503,456,083

Amount in Taka

1 The land 10 khata is situated besides the RAK Tower was acquired in March 2012. The same was classified as Property, plant & equipment till 31 Dec 2016. However, presently the asset is under investment property as per IAS 40 considering undetermined future use.

The said property are stated at cost as per IAS 16 due to alternate reliable sources of measurement being unavailable.

2 A godown building is situated at above land. The same was classified as Property, plant & equipment till 31 Dec 2016. However, presently the asset is under investment property as per IAS 40 considering undetermined

The said property are stated at cost as per IAS 16 due to alternate reliable sources of measurement being unavailable.

The property, being an Apartment on 10th floor, RAK Tower, was acquired in the month of February 2017 from M/s Julphar Bangladesh (Erstwhile RAK Pharmaceuticals Pvt. Ltd). This property is too under operating lease culminating in undetermined future use till 31 October 2020. Hence the same was classified under "Investment Property" under IAS 40 till 31 October 2020.

Management has decided to use the 10th floor for its own from 1 November 2020. Therefore, the property under office building, an apartment on 10th floor at RAK Tower, has transferred from "investment property, plant and equipment" due to change in use in accordance with IAS 40.

The fair values of the property has been adopted at the transaction value considering that the municipal valuation of the property has fairly remained unchanged, the company has adopted the transaction value as the fair value of the property.

5.1	Depreciation charged on the basis of the purpose of use	30 Sep 2021 Taka	30 Sep 2020 Taka
	Cost of sales (Note 25)	313,609,299	293,886,447
	Administrative expenses (Note 5.2)	22,314,608	34,213,838
	Marketing & selling expenses (Note 28)	3,991,221	4,070,118
		339,915,128	332,170,403
5.2	Administrative expenses		
	Depreciation on property, plant & equipment (Note 27)	22,148,625	26,137,444
	Depreciation on investment property (Note 27)	165,983	8,076,394
		22,314,608	34,213,838

### 5.3 Disposal of property, plant and equipment

### 30 Sep 2021

Particulars	Original cost	Accumulated depreciation	Book value	Receipt against sales/insurance	Profit/(loss) on disposal
-10000000000000000000000000000000000000	Taka	Taka	Taka	Taka	Taka
Mobile plant	30,666,089	28,881,519	1,784,570	3,332,000	1,547,430
Office equipment	2,990,887	2,884,194	106,693	-	(106,693)
Communication equipment	2,151,070	2,044,836	106,234	-	(106,234)
Total	35,808,046	33,810,549	1,997,497	3,332,000	1,334,503

### 31 Dec 2020

Particulars	Original cost	Accumulated depreciation	Book value	Receipt against sales/insurance	Profit/(loss) on disposal
	Taka	Taka	Taka	Taka	Taka
Office equipment	26,800,299	26,775,670	24,629	32,500	7,871
Vehicle	6,551,223	6,157,560	393,663	1,942,500	1,548,837
Furniture & fixture	4,721,772	4,716,673	5,100	131,500	126,400
Plant and machinery	806,250	50,225	756,025	255,000	(501,025)
Communication equipment	4,536,890	4,536,853	37	-	(37)
Total	43,416,434	42,236,981	1,179,453	2,361,500	1,182,046

### 6 Right-of-use assets

30 Sep 2021

		COST				DEPRECIATION	IATION		
Particulars	Balance as at 01 Jan 2021	Addition during the period	Sale/disposal during the period	Balance as at 30 Sep 2021	Balance as at 01 Jan 2021	Charged during the period	Adjustment during the period	Balance as at 30 Sep 2021	Net book value as at 30 Sep 2021
Display center Accommodation Building	51,948,657 2,432,214	655,543	(191,200)	51,948,657 2,896,557 3,776,889	31,481,037 1,716,579 3,776.889	5,477,180	(191,200)	36,958,217 2,033,425 3,776,889	14,990,441 863,132
Omce Building	58,157,760	655,543	(191,200)	58	36,974,505	5,985,226	(191,200)	42,768,531	15,853,573

Amount in Taka

Administrative expenses (Note:27) Marketing & Selling expenses (Note:28) Allocation of depreciation

31 Dec 2020

12,329,028 1,945,719 30 Sep 2020 **30 Sep 2021** 508,046 5,477,180 Amount in Taka

Ulars Balance as at Addition during the Sale 0.1 Jan 2020 Year durin 47,637,481 11,271,396 32,707,529 699,246	200			DEPRECIATION	IATION		
47,637,481 11,271,396 3,300,136 699,246 32,707,529 (69,246)	during the Sale/disposal ear during the year	Balance as at 31 Dec 2020		Balance as at Charged during Adjustment 01.3an 2020 the year during the yea	۱.	Balance as at 31 Dec 2020	Net book value as at 31 Dec 2020
47,637,481 11,271,396 3,300,136 699,246 32,707,529 -		ľ	*50 00 ***	200 505 7	(050 050 57	31 481 037	20 467 620
3,300,136 699,246 32,707,529 (	11.271.396 (6,960,220)	1 21,948,657	31,138,331	006,206,1	(0,300,220)	1001101110	030, 101,03
3,300,136 32,707,529 699,246 (1,00,136)		7 1000	001 010 1	1 304 608	7905 004 17	1 716 579	715,635
32,707,529	699,246 (1,267,168)	4,432,214	1,012,100	2001/1001	(107/07/17)	1 . 1 / 2	and and
32,707,529	(OC3 FAC FC)	_	מומ בכך ה	4 906.129	(10.679.947)		1
	(670/10/170) -		242/27/2	and social		4 4 4 1	
_	,	3,776.889	2.911,352	865,537			-
			100 200	14 450 100	(ACC 000 01)	36 074 505	21 183 255
87,422,036 11,970,643	11,970,643 (41,234,917)	58,15/,/50	41,585,701	14,409,100	(10,000,61)		

# 6.1 Gain/(loss) on retirement of right-of-use assets

30 Sep 2021

Particulars	Lease liability	Right-of-use assets	Gain/(loss)
Warehouse		-	è
Accommodation	1		1
Total		-	•

31 Dec 2020

Particulars	Lease liability	Right-of-use assets	Gain/(loss)
Warehouse	21,594,420	22,077,582	(483,162)
Accommodation	84,526	76,959	7,567
Total	21,678,946	22,154,541	(475,595)

Company rented four display center's situated in Dhaka, Chittagong and Sylhet.
 Accommodation Buildings rented for the use of transit employees.
 Company took a warehouse at pubail to store the finished goods to distribute in nearby area promptly. The company now feel that the warehouse is not required. Therefore, the company cancelled the lease agreement dated 30 September 2020.
 Office Buildings rented for the use of official work.

7 Intangible assets 30 Sep 2021

			COST			AMORTIZATION	ATION		
Particulars	Balance as at Addition 01 Jan 2021 the p	during eriod	n during Sale/disposal Balance as at period during the period 30 Sep 2021	Balance as at 30 Sep 2021	Balance as at Balance as at 30 Sep 2021 01 Jan 2021	Amortized during the period	Adjustment during the period	Balance as at 30 Sep 2021	Net book value as at 30 Sep 2021
90000	22 692 876			22,692,876	22,091,943	216,798	(	22,308,740	384,135
Committee Software	11 614.380	•	,	11,614,380	9,082,956	920,533	t	10,003,489	1,610,892
tal	34 307 756		•	34,307,256	31.174,899	1.137.330	L	32,312,229	1,995,027

31 Dec 2020		,	1500			AMORTIZATION	ZATION	***************************************	Amount in Taka
Particulars	Balance as at Addition	Addition during	Sale/disposal Balance as at during the year 31 Dec 2020	Balance as at 31 Dec 2020	Balance as at 01 Jan 2020	on during Sale/disposal Balance as at Balance as at Amortized during Adjustment ayear during the year during the year	Adjustment Balance as at during the year 31 Dec 2020	Balance as at 31 Dec 2020	Net book value as at 31 Dec 2020
		,				T			
License	22 199 986	492,890		22,692,876	19,467,114	2,624,829	1	22,091,943	££6'009
Computer Software	11 614 380	1	•	11,614,380	7,852,207	1,230,749	•	9,082,956	2,531,424
Compared Solumie	22 04 7 200	000 007		34 307 256	27 319 321	3.855,578	,	31,174,899	3,132,357

		<u>30 Sep 2021</u> <u>Taka</u>	<u>31 Dec 2020</u> <u>Taka</u>
8	Capital Work-in-Progress		
	Balance as at 1 January	56,636,694	177,641,997
	Add: Addition during the period	56,774,550	218,936,985
		113,411,244	396,578,982
	Less: Transfer to property, plant & equipment and investment Property (note 8.1)	103,933,084	339,942,288
	Balance as at 30 September	9,478,160	56,636,694
	Plant & machinery Others =	84,010,927 6,879,785 103,933,084	238,863,795 1,016,456 339,942,288
9	Inventories		
	Raw materials	1,192,788,654	606,226,281
	Less: Provision for slow moving & obsolete inventories	18,942,405	20,246,533
	Less: Write off for obsolete raw materials	•	23,875,000
		1,173,846,249	562,104,748
	Stores and consumables spares and packing	922,334,762	899,836,155
	Less: Provision/Write off for stores and spares	23,120,063	30,826,750
	•	899,214,699	869,009,405
	Finished goods (net of net realizable value adjustment)	528,803,408	441,243,898
	Less: Provision for slow moving & obsolete inventories	16,228,515	17,064,161
		512,574,894	424,179,737
	Work-In-process	61,720,449	47,290,564
	Goods-In-transit	293,117,017	124,405,926
		2,940,473,307	2,026,990,380

		<u>30 Sep 2021</u> <u>Taka</u>	31 Dec 2020 Taka
10	Trade and other receivables		
	Trade receivables (Note 10.1)	1,238,722,572	997,281,663
		1,238,722,572	997,281,663
	Accrued interest (Note 10.2)	4,426,169	10,941,100
	Accrued rental income	303,610	570,000
	Other receivable	5,361,108	7,485
		1,248,813,459	1,008,800,248
10.1	Trade receivables		
	Receivables from local sales	1,245,692,976	1,006,405,123
	Receivables from export sales	2,310,471	779,903
		1,248,003,447	1,007,185,026
	Less: Provision of impairment loss on trade receivable:	2.476.464	2.024.640
	Unrelated parties	2,476,464 6,804,411	3,031,610 6,871,753
	Related parties	1,238,722,572	997,281,663
		-	
10.2	Accrued interest	r	
	Interest accrued on FDR	3,567,243	6,846,046
	Interest accrued on SND	858,927 <b>4,426,169</b>	4,095,054 <b>10,941,100</b>
11	Advance, deposit and prepayments		
	Advances:		
	Employees	243,000	-
	Purchase of land and others	5,296,756	2,369,670
	Suppliers against materials and services	79,759,625	33,557,110
		85,299,381	35,926,780
	Security and other deposits:		
	Titas gas	69,752,450	69,752,450
	Mymensingh Palli Bidyut Samity-2	1,955,000	1,955,000
	VAT and Supplementary duty (Note-11.1)	2,298,257	7,417,931
	Deposited with income tax authority	79,320,962	68,128,195
	Deposited with VAT authority	58,361,240	58,361,240
	Display center and others	2,372,000	2,449,000
	Other deposits	1,494,626	1,494,626
	Prepayments:	215,554,535	209,558,442
	Insurance and others	28,058,890	24,825,876
		328,912,806	270,311,098

		<u>30 Sep 2021</u> <u>Taka</u>	<u>31 Dec 2020</u> <u>Taka</u>
11.1	Supplementary duty & VAT		
	Balance as at 1 January	7,417,931	1,833,191
	Add: Treasury deposit for SD & VAT purpose	7,646,353	52,131,108
	,, ,	15,064,284	53,964,298
		15,064,284	53,964,298
	Less: SD & VAT on sales	12,766,027	46,546,367
	Balance as at 30 September	2,298,257	7,417,931
	The above amount represents RAK Power Pvt. Ltd. and RAK Security and servi	ces Pvt. Ltđ	
12	Advance Income Tax		
	Balance as at 1 January	3,588,659,675	3,434,063,275
	Add: Paid during the period	198,214,587	154,596,400
	Balance as at 30 September (Note - 12.1)	3,786,874,262	3,588,659,675
12.1	Payment for the year		
	Income year		
	Current period	176,260,793	-
	Year 2020	130,950,084	115,088,258
	Year 2019	280,949,748	274,857,779
	Year 2018	314,338,282	314,338,282
	Year 2017	344,518,556	344,518,556
	Year 2016	291,375,845	291,375,845
	Year 2015	187,267,285	187,267,285
	Year 2014	291,694,002	291,694,002
	Year 2013	389,651,054	389,651,054
	Year 2012	334,263,453	334,263,453
	Year 2011	328,701,317	328,701,317
	Year 2010	265,532,626	265,532,626
	Year 2009	218,091,876	218,091,876
	Year 2008	85,378,847	85,378,847
	Year 2007	124,813,161	124,813,161
	Year 2006	23,087,333	23,087,333
	·	3,786,874,262	3,588,659,675

	30 Sep 2021 <u>Taka</u>	31 Dec 2020 Taka
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash in hand	5,203,312	5,899,358
Cash at banks		
HSBC (current account -001-013432-011, 107580-011, 096015-011, 096007-011 BDT)	. 77 457	808,003
Standard Chartered Bank (current account - 01-6162940-01, 01-3767272-01 - BDT)	77,153 3,106,374	94,048,347 20,293,811
BRAC Bank Ltd. (current account - 1530201731248001 - BDT) Citibank N.A. (current account - G0100001200262018 - BDT)	150,139	156,438
Dutch Bangla Bank Ltd. (current account -117-110-12733,117-110-4311,117.110.23474 BDT)	3,377,825	21,955,460
Standard Chartered Bank (ERQ - 42-6162940-01 - USD)	8,615,564	11,828,247
Standard Chartered Bank (Margin money account)	25,727,311	3,319,200
United Commercial Bank Ltd. (SND account - 0831301000000164 BDT)	4,346,893	26,109,945
Eastern Bank Ltd. (SND account - 1131350237146 - BDT)	46,138,274	116,447,666
Eastern Bank Ltd. (SND account - 1131350237393 WH - BDT)	-	3,291
EXIM Bank (SND account - 01513100031877 - BDT)	-	706,355
Standard Chartered Bank (SND account - 02-3767272-01 - BDT)	54,905	55,211
Dutch Bangla Bank Ltd. (SND account - 117-120-589, 117-120-330,117-120.2550 - BDT)	152,516,384	192,923,791 129,548
Dutch Bangla Bank Ltd. (SND account - 117-120-376 (WH)- BDT) BRAC Bank Ltd. (SND - 1513101731248001 - BDT)	363,792	363,694
Prime Bank Ltd. (SND - 1353101731246001 - 001)	12,873,859	7,650,678
Eastern Bank Ltd. (CD account - 1132040363287, 1041060507936 - BDT)	40,627,342	457,046
Dhaka Bank Ltd (SND - 102.150.274- BDT))	24,815,526	36,019,530
Commercial Bank of Ceylon (CD-2817000776 - BDT.)		25,000
Dhaka Bank Ltd (CD - 204100000019318- BDT))	137,304	137,64
Commercial Bank of Ceylon (SND-2817000777 - BDT.)	42,631,160	128,925,01
Commercial Bank of Ceylon (ERQ-1806012366 - BDT.)	350,651	-
Meghna Bank Ltd. (SND 1112-13500000004 - BDT)	37,814,361	60,095,75
Midland Bank Ltd. (SND 0006-1070000015, 0006-1060000043 - BDT)	109,506,985 75,545,828	504,19
Eastern Bank Ltd. (SND account - 1041360507944 - BDT) Eastern Bank Ltd. (Margin Money account)	4,681,650	10,426,96
Commercial Bank of Ceylon (Margin Money account)	53,212	-
Committee Bank of Copies (Height Hone) accounty	593,512,492	733,390,840
IPO bank account		
Citibank N.A. (RAK-IPO Central Account - G010001200262022 - BDT)	1,927,931	2,433,214
Citibank N.A. (RAK-IPO-NRB Subscription - G0100001200262042 - USD)	3,919,501	3,919,50:
Citibank N.A. (RAK-IPO-NRB Subscription - G0100001200262026 - EURO)	153,606 126,599	153,60
Citibank N.A. (RAK-IPO-NRB Subscription - G0100001200262034 - GBP)	6,127,637	126,599 6,632,929
Dividend bank account		
BRAC Bank (Current - 1510201731248001 - BDT) - 2010	2,848,356	2,606,55
BRAC Bank (Current - 1513201731248001 - BDT) - 2011	1,112,266	2,190,68
SCB (SND - 02-6162940-02- BDT) - 2012	180,171	3,885,20
SCB (SND - 02-6162940-03- BDT) - 2013	337,341 3,782	16,951,06 5,021,42
SCB (SND - 02-6162940-04- BDT) - 2014	44,546	3,743,39
SCB (SND - 02-6162940-05- BDT) - 2015 SCB (SND - 02-6162940-06- BDT) - 2016	11,267	4,222,20
SCB (SND - 02-6162940-07- BDT) - 2017	5,334	1,663,02
SCB (SND - 02-6162940-08- BDT) - 2018	1,926,640	1,933,75
SCB (SND - 02-6162940-09- BDT) - 2019	6,599,610	8,479,27
SCB (SND - 02-6162940-10- BDT) - 2020	3,667,162	-
	16,736,475	50,696,59
Investment in Fixed Deposit Receipt (FDR)		
HSBC		11,974,54
SCB	6,762,080	6,762,08
BRAC Bank Ltd.	50,000,000	250,000,00
Dutch Bangla Bank Ltd.	400,000,000	428,838,50
Eastern Bank Ltd.	255,745,315	150,000,00
Dhaka Bank Ltd.	350,000,000	250,000,00
Commercial bank of Ceylon	55,000,000 1,117,507,395	55,000,00 1,152,575,12
	1,117,307,393	1,30,31,31,12
	1,739,087,311	1,949,194,84

30 Sep 2021 31 Dec 2020 <u>Taka</u> <u>Taka</u>

### 14 Share Capital

Authorised: 600,000,000 ordinary shares of Taka 10/- each

6,000,000,000 6,000,000,000

Issued, subscribed, called and paid up: 427,968,701 ordinary shares of Taka 10/- each

4,279,687,010 4,279,687,010

Percentage of shareholdings:	30 Se	ep 2021	31 Dec 20	)21
	%	Taka	%	Taka
RAK Ceramics PJSC, UAE	68.13	2,915,864,310	68.13	2,915,864,310
S.A.K. Ekramuzzaman	3.95	168,958,240	3.95	168,958,240
HH Sheikh Saud Bin Saqr Al Qassimi	0.00	340	0.00	340
Sheikh Omer Bin Sagr Al Qassimi	0.00	340	0.00	340
Sheikh Ahmad Bln Humaid al Qassimi	0.00	340	0.00	340
Hamad Abdulla Al Muttawa	0.00	160	0.00	160
Dr. Khater Massaad	0.00	160	0.00	160
Abdallah Massaad	0.00	160	0.00	160
Manoj Uttamrao Ahlre	0.00	160	0.00	160
General Public	27.92	1,194,862,800	27.92	1,194,862,800
	100.00	4,279,687,010	100.00	4,279,687,010

The company was incorporated on 26<sup>th</sup> of November 1998 with paid up capital of BDT 1,000 and subsequently has issued ordinary shares including bonus shares in several dates i.e. 30 September 2000, 30 October 2005, 15 June 2009, 28 July 2009, 31 January 2010, 24 May 2010, 20 March 2011, 15 April 2012, 10 April 2013, 02 April 2014, 29 March 2017, 18 April 2018 and 09 April 2019.

### Classification of shareholders by holding

Shareholders' range	Number of	shareholders	Number of s	shares
	30 Sep 2021	31 Dec 2020	30 Sep 2021	31 Dec 2020
04 400 mbaras	17,094	19,020	4,176,468	4,669,870
01-499 shares		•		
500 to 5,000 shares	6,262	7,619	9,945,566	12,586,707
5001 to 10,000 shares	737	986	5,449,163	7,057,991
10,001 to 20,000 shares	327	501	4,765,417	7,062,682
20,001 to 30,000 shares	136	1.78	3,358,775	4,330,386
30,001 to 40,000 shares	62	70	2,184,569	2,399,501
40,001 to 50,000 shares	45	51	2,095,297	2,296,962
50,001 to 100,000 shares	81	97	5,967,609	6,817,326
100,001 to 1,000,000 shares	94	106	29,950,064	25,620,555
1,000,001 to 1,000,000,000 Shares	16	16	360,075,773	355,126,721
	24,854	28,644	427,968,701	427,968,701

### 15 Share premium

On 31 January, 2010, company issued 10,000,000 ordinary shares in favor of institutional shareholder and employees per share BDT. 40 (include BDT. 30 as premium). On 24 May, 2010 Company again issued 34,510,000 ordinary shares through IPO per share BDT. 48 (include BDT. 38 as premium). Details reconciliation shown below:

No.	, of shares	Share premium (per share)	30 Sep 2021 Taka	31 Dec 2020 Taka
10,	,000,000	30	300,000,000	300,000,000
34,	,510,000	38	1,311,380,000	1,311,380,000
	ss : Share issue expenses		1,611,380,000 137,732,021	1,611,380,000 137,732,021
			1,473,647,979	1,473,647,979
	tetained earnings (Reserve	and surplus)	1,269,975,797	1,601,275,518
	d : Profit during the period		630,702,602	310,653,331
Au	a , Frant during the period		1,900,678,399	1,911,928,849
Les	ss: Dividend declared during t	he period	(427,968,701)	(641,953,052)
Bal	lance as on 30 September		1,472,709,698	1,269,975,797
De	tail movement for reserve and	i surplus shown under statement of changes in	equity.	

17	Deferred tax liabilities				30 Sen 2021 Taka	31 Dec 2020 Iaka
	Balance as at 1 January Less : Deferred tax (income)/expenses Balance as at 30 September				191,761,301 (52,953,317) 138,807,984	191,893,149 (131,846 191,761,301
				Carrying amount on the date of statement of financial position	Tax base	Taxable/ (deductible) temporary difference
				Taka	Taka	Taka
	As at 30 September 2021					
	Property, plant and equipment (Excluding lar	nd and others)		2,472,678,131	1,791,628,982	681,049,14
	Trade receivable			1,246,170,947	1,255,451,823	(9,280,8)
	Inventory Right of use assets			2,894,564,437 15,853,573	2,977,808,249	(83,243,81 15,853,51
	Lease liability			(11,012,709)		(11,012,70
	Net taxable temporary difference				r	593,365,32
	Deferred tax liability (applying applicable tax	rate for individual compan	γ)		=	138,807,96
	As at 31 December 2020					
	Property, plant and equipment (Excluding lat	ed and others)		2,685,260,012	1,871,466,588	813,793,4
	Trade receivable			1,008,371,909	1,018,275,272	(9,903,30
	Inventory Net taxable temporary difference			1,964,552,190	2,024,804,059	(60,251,86 <b>743,638,</b> 15
	Deferred tax liability (applying applicable tax	rate for individual compan	у)			191,761,30
18	Employees benefits payable					
	Provident fund				5,627,092 9,100,905	-
	Gratuity fund				14,727,997	
			Provident fund	30 Sep 2021 Gratuity fund	Total	
			Taka	<u>Taka</u>	<u>Taka</u>	
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	-	*	
	Balance as at 1 January		51 55F 55F	DD E4 1 022	70 570 577	
	isalance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period		51,005,775 51,005,775	28,514,822 28,514,822	79,520,597 79,520,597	
		od	51,005,775 51,005,775 45,378,684	28,514,822 28,514,822 19,413,917	79,520,597 79,520,597 64,792,601	
	Add: Provision made during the period	od	51,005,775	28,514,822	79,520,597	
	Add: Provision made during the period  Less: Payments made to fund during the peri Balance as at 30 September  Provision and payment includes BOT, 343,96		51,005,775 45,378,684 5,627,092	28,514,822 19,413,917 9,100,905	79,520,597 64,792,601 14,727,997	eligible for provid
	Add: Provision made during the period  Less; Payments made to fund during the peri Balance as at 30 September		51,005,775 45,378,684 5,627,092	28,514,822 19,413,917 9,100,905	79,520,597 64,792,601 14,727,997	eligible for provid
	Add: Provision made during the period  Less: Payments made to fund during the peri Balance as at 30 September  Provision and payment includes BOT, 343,96		\$1,005,775 45,378,684 5,627,092 employee contribution paid	28,514,822 19,413,917 9,100,905 to employee leaving of 31 Dec 2020 Gratuity fund	79,520,597 64,792,601 14,727,997 company before being	eligible for provid
	Add: Provision made during the period  Less; Payments made to fund during the peri Balance as at 30 September  Provision and payment includes BOT, 343,95 fund and employer's contribution reversed.		51,005,775 45,378,684 5,627,092 employee contribution paid	28,514,822 19,413,917 9,100,905 to employee leaving of	79,520,597 64,792,601 14,727,997 company before being	eligible for provid
	Add: Provision made during the period  Less: Payments made to fund during the peri Balance as at 30 September  Provision and payment includes BOT, 343,96 fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Balance as at 1 January		51,005,775 45,378,684 5,627,092 employee contribution paid Provident fund Taka	28,514,822 19,413,917 9,100,905 to employee leaving of 31 Dec 2020 Gratuity fund Taka	79,520,597 64,792,601 14,727,997 company before being Total Taka	eligible for provid
	Add: Provision made during the period  Less; Payments made to fund during the peri Balance as at 30 September  Provision and payment includes BOT, 343,95 fund and employer's contribution reversed.		\$1,005,775 45,378,684 5,627,092 employee contribution paid	28,514,822 19,413,917 9,100,905 to employee leaving of 31 Dec 2020 Gratuity fund	79,520,597 64,792,601 14,727,997 company before being	eligible for provid
	Add: Provision made during the period  Less; Payments made to fund during the peri Balance as at 30 September  Provision and payment includes BOT. 343,96 fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Balance as at 1 January  Add: Provision made during the year  Less; Payments made to fund during the year	iO for the period 2021 as o	51,005,775 45,378,684 5,627,092 employee contribution paid Provident fund Taka 61,920,904	28,514,822 19,413,917 9,100,905 to employee leaving of 31 Dec 2020 Gratuity fund Taka	79,520,597 64,792,601 14,727,997 company before being Total 18ka 97,431,316	eligible for provid
	Add: Provision made during the period  Less: Payments made to fund during the peri Balance as at 30 September  Provision and payment includes BOT, 343,95 fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Balance as at 1 January  Add: Provision made during the year	iO for the period 2021 as o	51,005,775 45,378,684 5,627,092 employee contribution paid  Provident fund Taka 61,920,904 61,920,904 61,920,904	28,514,822 19,413,917 9,100,905 to employee leaving of 31 Dec 2020 Gratitity fund Taka 35,510,412 35,510,412	79,520,597 64,792,601 14,727,997 company before being Total Teka 97,431,316 97,431,316	
	Add: Provision made during the period  Less; Payments made to fund during the peri Balance as at 30 September  Provision and payment includes BOT, 343,96 fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the year  Less: Payments made to fund during the yea Balance as at 31 December  Provision and payment includes BOT, 1,199,	iO for the period 2021 as o	51,005,775 45,378,684 5,627,092 employee contribution paid  Provident fund Taka 61,920,904 61,920,904 61,920,904	28,514,822 19,413,917 9,100,905 to employee leaving of 31 Dec 2020 Gratitity fund Taka 35,510,412 35,510,412	79,520,597 64,792,601 14,727,997 company before being Total Teka 97,431,316 97,431,316	
	Add: Provision made during the period  Less; Payments made to fund during the peri Balance as at 30 September  Provision and payment includes BOT, 343,96 fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the year  Less; Payments made to fund during the yea Balance as at 31 December  Provision and payment includes BOT, 1,199, fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Borrowings  Current:	iO for the period 2021 as o	51,005,775 45,378,684 5,627,092 employee contribution paid  Provident fund Taka 61,920,904 61,920,904 61,920,904	28,514,822 19,413,917 9,100,905 to employee leaving of 31 Dec 2020 Gratitity fund Taka 35,510,412 35,510,412	79,520,597 64,792,601 14,727,997 company before being Total 18ka 97,431,316 97,431,316 97,431,316	
	Add: Provision made during the period  Less; Payments made to fund during the peri Balance as at 30 September  Provision and payment includes BOT, 343,96 fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the year  Less; Payments made to fund during the yea Balance as at 31 December  Provision and payment includes BOT, 1,199, fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Borrowings  Current: Bank overdrafts	iO for the period 2021 as o	51,005,775 45,378,684 5,627,092 employee contribution paid  Provident fund Taka 61,920,904 61,920,904 61,920,904	28,514,822 19,413,917 9,100,905 to employee leaving of 31 Dec 2020 Gratitity fund Taka 35,510,412 35,510,412	79,520,597 64,792,601 14,727,997 company before being Total Taka 97,431,316 97,431,316 97,431,316 97,431,316 27,431,316	eligible far provic
	Add: Provision made during the period  Less; Payments made to fund during the peri Balance as at 30 September  Provision and payment includes BOT, 343,96 fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the year  Less; Payments made to fund during the yea Balance as at 31 December  Provision and payment includes BOT, 1,199, fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Borrowings  Current: Bank overdrafts Short-term borrowings	iO for the period 2021 as o	51,005,775 45,378,684 5,627,092 employee contribution paid  Provident fund Taka 61,920,904 61,920,904 61,920,904	28,514,822 19,413,917 9,100,905 to employee leaving of 31 Dec 2020 Gratitity fund Taka 35,510,412 35,510,412	79,520,597 64,792,601 14,727,997 company before being Total 1aka 97,431,316 97,431,316 97,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316	eligible for provide 119,940,9 119,940,9
	Add: Provision made during the period  Less; Payments made to fund during the peri Balance as at 30 September  Provision and payment includes BOT, 343,96 fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the year  Less; Payments made to fund during the yea Balance as at 31 December  Provision and payment includes BOT, 1,199, fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Borrowings  Current: Bank overdrafts	iO for the period 2021 as o	51,005,775 45,378,684 5,627,092 employee contribution paid  Provident fund Taka 61,920,904 61,920,904 61,920,904	28,514,822 19,413,917 9,100,905 to employee leaving of 31 Dec 2020 Gratitity fund Taka 35,510,412 35,510,412	79,520,597 64,792,601 14,727,997 company before being Total Taka 97,431,316 97,431,316 97,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316	eligible for provide 119,940,9 119,940,9
19	Add: Provision made during the period  Less; Payments made to fund during the peri Balance as at 30 September  Provision and payment includes BOT, 343,96 fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the year  Less; Payments made to fund during the yea Balance as at 31 December  Provision and payment includes BOT, 1,199, fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Borrowings  Current: Bank overdrafts Short-term borrowings	iO for the period 2021 as o	51,005,775 45,378,684 5,627,092 employee contribution paid  Provident fund Taka 61,920,904 61,920,904 61,920,904	28,514,822 19,413,917 9,100,905 to employee leaving of 31 Dec 2020 Gratitity fund Taka 35,510,412 35,510,412	79,520,597 64,792,601 14,727,997 company before being Total 1aka 97,431,316 97,431,316 97,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316	eligible for provide 119,940,9 119,940,9
19	Add: Provision made during the period  Less: Payments made to fund during the peri Balance as at 30 September  Provision and payment includes BOT, 343,96 fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the year  Less: Payments made to fund during the yea Balance as at 31 December  Provision and payment includes BOT, 1,199, fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Burrowings  Current: Bank overdrafts Short-term borrowings  Balance as at 30 September  Borrowings by maturity	iO for the period 2021 as o	51,005,775 45,378,684 5,627,092 employee contribution paid  Provident fund Taka 61,920,904 61,920,904 employee contribution paid	28,514,822 19,413,917 9,100,905 to employee leaving of 31 Dec 2020 Gratitity fund Taka 35,510,412 35,510,412	79,520,597 64,792,601 14,727,997 company before being Total 1aka 97,431,316 97,431,316 97,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316	eligible for provide 119,940,9 119,940,9
19	Add: Provision made during the period  Less: Payments made to fund during the peri Balance as at 30 September  Provision and payment includes BOT. 343,96 fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the year  Less: Payments made to fund during the yea Balance as at 31 December  Provision and payment includes BOT. 1,199, fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Borrowings  Current: Bank overdrafts  Borrowings by maturity  At 30 September 2021  Sank overdrafts	1 year 1-2 year 2,090,561	51,005,775 45,378,684 5,627,092 employee contribution paid  Provident fund Taka 61,920,904 61,920,904 employee contribution paid	28,514,822 19,413,917 9,100,905  to employee leaving of Taka 35,510,412 35,510,412 35,510,412 1to employee leaving of Taka	79,520,597 64,792,601 14,727,997 company before being Total 1aka 97,431,316 97,431,316 97,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316	eligible for provk 119,940,5 119,940,5
19	Add: Provision made during the period  Less; Payments made to fund during the peri Balance as at 30 September  Provision and payment includes BOT. 343,96 fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the year  Less: Payments made to fund during the yea Balance as at 31 December  Provision and payment includes BOT. 1,199, fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Borrowings  Current: Bank overdrafts Short-term borrowings  Borrowings by maturity  At 30 September 2021  At 30 September 2021  Short-term borrowings  2 28	o for the period 2021 as of the period 2021 as of the period 2020 as of the period 2021	51,005,775 45,378,684 5,627,092 employee contribution paid  Provident fund Taka 61,920,904 61,920,904 employee contribution paid	28,514,822 19,413,917 9,100,905 It to employee leaving of Taka 35,510,412 35,510,412 35,510,412 1t to employee leaving of Taka	79,520,597 64,792,601 14,727,997 company before being Total 1aka 97,431,316 97,431,316 97,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316	eligible for provk 119,940,5 119,940,5
19	Add: Provision made during the period  Less; Payments made to fund during the peri Balance as at 30 September  Provision and payment includes BOT. 343,96 fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the year  Less; Payments made to fund during the yea Balance as at 31 December  Provision and payment includes BOT. 1,199, fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Borrowings  Current: Bank overdrafts Short-term borrowings  Balance as at 30 September  Borrowings by maturity  At 30 September 2021   Sank overdrafts Short-term borrowings  2 2343	1 year 1-2 year 2,090,561 5,108,699	\$1,005,775 45,376,684 5,627,092 employee contribution paid  Provident fund Taka 61,920,904 61,920,904 61,920,904 employee contribution paid	28,514,822 19,413,917 9,100,905 It to employee leaving of Gratuity fund Taka 35,510,412 35,510,412 35,510,412 10,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,	79,520,597 64,792,601 14,727,997 company before being Total 1aka 97,431,316 97,431,316 97,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316	≋ligible far provid 119,940,9 119,940,9
19	Add: Provision made during the period  Less: Payments made to fund during the peri Balance as at 30 September  Provision and payment includes BOT, 343,96 fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the year  Less: Payments made to fund during the year  Balance as at 31 December  Provision and payment includes BOT, 1,199, fund and employer's contribution reversed.  Borrowings  Current:  Bank overdrafts Short-term borrowings  Balance as at 30 September  Borrowings by maturity  At 30 September 2021  Sank overdrafts 22 Short-term borrowings 22 At 31 December 2020  < Bank overdrafts	1 year 1-2 year 2,090,561 5,308,699 7,399,260	\$1,005,775 45,376,684 5,627,092 simployee contribution paid  Provident fund Taka 61,920,904 61,920,904 employee contribution paid  employee contribution paid	28,514,822 19,413,917 9,100,905  to employee leaving of Taka 35,510,412 35,510,412 35,510,412 1 to employee leaving of Taka  Total 22,090,561 225,308,699 247,399,260	79,520,597 64,792,601 14,727,997 company before being Total 1aka 97,431,316 97,431,316 97,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316 27,431,316	

### 19.2 Facilities details (Funded)

Baπk	Name of facilities	Limit	Utilisation	Maturity	Repayment	Security - STI.
SCB	Overdraft	50,000,000	21,970,821	Revolving	From company's	
	Short term loan	500,000,000	32,454,675	180/360 days from 8/L date	own source	
Eastern	Overdraft	30,000,000	_	Revolving	_	1) Corporate
Bank Ltd.	Short term loan	425,000,000	103,883,392	180/360 days from B/L date	From company's own source	guarantee,  2) Hypothecation
Dutch	Overdraft.	25,000,000		Revalving		over stock & book debts on a parri -
Bangla Bank Ltd,	Short term loan	90,000,000	•	180/360 days from B/L date	From company's own source	passu basis with other lenders. 3) Demand
Commercial	Overdraft	35,000,000	119,740	Revolving	From company's	promissory note.
Bank of Ceylon	Short term loan	550,000,000	88,970,632	180/360 days from B/L date	own source	

						30 Sep 2021 Taka	31 Dec 2020 Yaka
20	Lease Hability						
	Non-current:						
	Lease liability					11,012,709	13,796,578
	Less : Current portion of lease liability	1				4,857,431	4,505,188
						6,155,277	9,291,390
	Current: Current portion of lease Hability					4,857,431	4,505,188
	30 Sep 2021					7,057,751	7,000,1500
	Lease (ability schedule						
	Particulars	Balance as on 01 January, 2021	Addition/(deletion)	Payment	Interest expenses	Decrease in lease liability	Balance as on 30 September 2021
	Display center	13,054,447		3,777,575	851,414	2,926,161	10,128,286
	Accommodation Building	742,131	655,543	558,000	44,749	513,251	884,423
		13,796,578	653,543	4,335,575	896,163	3,439,413	11,012,709
	31 Dec 2020						
	Lease (lability schedule						
	Particulars	Balance as on 01 January, 2020	Addition/(deletion)	Payment	Interest expenses	Oecrease in lease liability	Balance as on 31 December 2020
	Display center	11,583,806	4,977,901	4,965,967	1,458,705	3,507,262	13,054,447
	Accommodation Building	1,558,557	614,720	1,531,734	100,588	1,431,146	742,131
	Warehouse	25,330,639	(21,594,420)	5,467,635	1,731,416	3,736,219	
	Office Suilding	1,002,871		1,045,000	42,128	1,002,871	-
		39,475,875	(16,001,798)	13,010,336	3,332,837	9,677,498	13,796,578
21	Trade and other payables						
	Trade payables						
	Payable to local suppliers					99,266,036	127,943,341
	Payable to foreign suppliers					466,821,652	199,107,788
	Payable to service provider					26,732,392	45,527,314
	Payable to service provider Payable to C & F agent					26,732,392 87,739,273	
	Payable to C & F agent					, .	34,072,045
	Payable to C & F agent Other payables					87,739,273 680,581,353	34,072,045 406,650,488
	Payable to C & F agent Other payables Tax deducted at source					87,739,273 680,581,353 18,794,223	34,072,045 406,650,488 21,601,748
	Payable to C & Fagent  Other payables  Tax deducted at source  Tax deducted at source on rea	muneration (Note 2	2.1}			87,739,273 680,581,353 18,794,223 7,327,113	34,072,045 406,650,488 21,601,748 4,312,351
	Payable to C & F agent  Other payables  Tax deducted at source  Tax deducted at source on rea  VAT deducted at source	_				87,739,273 680,581,353 18,794,223 7,327,113 6,000,108	34,072,045 406,650,488 21,601,748 4,312,351 10,062,124
	Payable to C & F agent  Other payables  Tax deducted at source  Tax deducted at source on rer  VAT deducted at source  VAT and Supplementary duty	_				87,739,273 680,581,353 18,794,223 7,327,113 6,000,108 106,172,389	34,072,045 406,650,488 21,601,748 4,312,351 10,062,124 139,511,697
	Payable to C & F agent  Other payables  Tax deducted at source  Tax deducted at source on ref  VAT deducted at source  VAT and Supplementary duty  Unclaimed share application	payable (Note-21.)				87,739,273 680,581,353 18,794,223 7,327,113 6,000,108 106,172,389 20,301,956	34,072,045 406,650,488 21,601,748 4,312,351 10,062,124 139,511,697 20,810,756
	Payable to C & F agent  Other payables  Tax deducted at source  Tax deducted at source on rer  VAT deducted at source  VAT and Supplementary duty  Unclaimed share application  Advance from customer again	payable (Note-21.)				87,739,273 680,581,353 18,794,223 7,327,113 6,000,108 106,172,389 20,301,956 7,771,459	34,072,045 406,650,488 21,601,748 4,312,351 10,062,124 139,511,697 20,810,756 9,524,924
	Payable to C & F agent  Other payables  Tax deducted at source  Tax deducted at source on rer  VAT deducted at source  VAT and Supplementary duty  Unclaimed share application  Advance from customer again  Security deposit payable	payable (Note-21.)				87,739,273 680,581,353 18,794,223 7,327,113 6,000,108 106,172,389 20,301,956 7,773,459 3,470,342	34,072,045 405,650,488 21,601,748 4,312,351 10,062,124 139,511,697 20,810,756 9,524,924 3,470,342
	Payable to C & F agent  Other payables  Tax deducted at source  Tax deducted at source on rei  VAT deducted at source  VAT and Supplementary duty  Unclaimed share application  Advance from customer again  Security deposit payable  Payable to employees	payable (Note-21.)				87,739,273 680,581,353 18,794,223 7,327,113 6,000,108 106,172,389 20,301,956 7,772,459 3,470,342 2,122,395	34,072,045 406,650,488 21,601,748 4,312,351 10,062,124 139,511,697 20,810,756 9,524,924 3,470,342 2,025,964
	Payable to C & F agent  Other payables  Tax deducted at source  Tax deducted at source on rer  VAT deducted at source  VAT and Supplementary duty  Unclaimed share application  Advance from customer again  Security deposit payable	payable (Note-21.)				87,739,273 680,581,353 18,794,223 7,327,113 6,000,108 106,172,389 20,301,956 7,773,459 3,470,342	34,072,045 406,650,488 21,601,748 4,312,351 10,062,124 139,511,697

21,1	VAT and Supp	lementary duty (SD)	payable				30 Sep 2021 Taka	31 Dec 2020 Taka
	Opening Balan						139,511,697	103,722,054
		ementary duty on sales	\$				1,644,004,742	1,702,174,335
	Treasur	deposit for SD & VAT	purgose				1,783,516,439 1,073,766,339	1,805,895,389 1,237,856,244
		of input VAT	pa.past				603,577,713	426,528,450
	Balance as at :	30 September					1,677,344,053 106,172,369	1,666,384,694 139,511,697
21.2	Unclaimed Div	ridend Payable					11,825,935	49,576,141
	Year	Dividend declared	TDS on dividend	Net dividend	Dividend distributed till 30 Sep 2021	Fund Transferred to CMSF	Undistributed fund (BDT) as on 30 Sep 2021	
	2010	345,110,250	60,198,297	284,911,953	274,257,528	10,654,425		
	2011	379,621,275	65,382,545	314,238,730	306,565,331	7,673,399	-	
	2012	417,583,403	27,344,749	390,238,653	386,535,373	3,703,280	•	
	2013	459,341,744	30,693,245	428,648,499	426,108,408	2,540,090	-	
	2014	842,126,528	60,654,665	781,471,863	776,464,072	5,007,791	•	
	2015	842,126,526	61,659,449	780,457,078	776,773,479	3,693,599	•	
	2016	673,701,222	48,745,089	624,956,133	620,752,863	4,203,250	-	
	2017	353,693,141	27,276,252	326,416,889	324,757,456	1,659,433	1,950,623	
	2018	369,062,456	29,888,903	359,173,553 592,923,428	357,222,930 586,317,390		6,606,037	
	2019 2020	641,953,052 427,968,701	49,029,624 32,747,652	395,221,049	391,951,775		3,269,274	
	2020 -	5,772,288,298	493,620,470	5,278,667,828	5,227,705,626	39,135,267	11,825,935	
22	Accrued expe		193,020,170	3,2,0,00,,020	operation of the second	33,100,201	11,010,100	
		(1363)						
	Power and gas						47,640,321	39,137,439
	Staff cost						106,628,995	110,868,915
		ission, incentive					22,870,399	
	Audit fees						1,166,250 917,087	1,525,000 445,000
	Professional ch Interest on loan						1,277,840	875,254
	Telephone	115					774,197	380,138
	Freight bill						10,566,420	1,997,523
	-	otion and advertisemen					21,009,329	\$1,220,000
	Hiring heavy e		•				1,177,824	
		 ctor's remuneration (No	te 22.1)				17,096,598	10,062,153
		participation and welfa					38,767,795	22,816,672
	Royalty and te	chnical know-how fees	(Note 22.3)				379,497,805	317,433,528
	Others						7,187,809	3,520,214
							656,578,669	520,281,836
22.1	Managing Diz	ector's remuneration						
	Balance as at 1						10,062,153	35,910,357
	Add: Payable t	o Managing Director for	r the period				24,423,711	14,374,504
			h/d				34,485,864	50,284,861
		rcted at source during t fanaging Director during					7,327,113 10,062,153	4,312,351 35,910,357
	Balance as at 3		y the period				17,096,598	10,062,153
22.2		fit participation and v	velfare fund					55 A55 10A
	Balance as at 1	,					22,816,672	52,965,129 22,816,672
	Ada: Contribut	tion made to the fund d	nuid me beusa				38,767,795 61,584,467	75,781,801
	Lucs: Payment	made from the fund di	uring the period				22,816,672	52,965,129
	Balance as at :						38,767,795	22,816,672
22.3	Provision for	royalty and technical	know-how fees					
	Salance as at						317,433,528	287,408,635
	Add: Provision	made during the perio	d				62,064,277	30,521,994
							379,497,805	317,930,629
	Balance as at	t made during the perio 30 September	q				379,497,805	497,101 317,433,528
23	Provision for	income Tax						
	Balance as at	1 January					3,971,266,511	3,834,252,156
		i made during the perio 30 September (Note 23					217,060,704 4,188,327,215	137,014,355 3,971,266,511
23.1	Provision for	Income Tax						
	Encome year Current period						217,060,704	_
	Year 2020						137,014,355	137,014,355
	Year 2019						296,420,303	296,420,303
	Year 2018						316,355,666	316,355,666
	Year 2017						346,089,883	346,089,883
	Year 2016						302,798,649	302,798,649
	Year 2015						323,397,728	323,397,728
	Year 2014						377,885,822	377,885,822
	Year 2013						362,336,361	362,336,361
	Year 2012						339,211,366	339,211,366
	Year 2011						326,685,215	326,685,215
	Year 2010						348,965,691	348,965,691
	Year 2009						266,823,984	266,823,984
	Year 2008						147,117,914	147,117,914 80,163,573
	Year 2007						80,163,573 4,188,327,215	3,971,266,511

		30 Sep 2021 Taka	30 Sep 2020 Taka	July to Sep 2021 Taka	Jujy to Sep 2020 Taka
24	Sales				
	Gross sales from Ceramics product	6,940,337,613	4,803,949,139	2,253,121,986	2,064,547,974
	Gross sales from Power generation	320,562,227	245,786,911	105,977,121	93,864,756
	Gross sales from Security service	60,301,364 7,321,201,204	74,715,763 5,124,451,813	20,224,802	24,628,226 2,183,040,956
	Less: Elimination	307,356,966	237,709,613	102,263,210	90,061,445
	Supplementary Duty	705,411,670	447,000,451	222,217,301	213,304,017
	VAT Discount	951,359,100 3,952,881	666,880,614 773,407	305,874,810 129,601	284,676,113 129,243
	Commission, incentive and bonus	509,852,841	359,700,270	174,272,179	154,741,141
	Net sales	4,843,267,746	3,412,387,458	1,574,566,808	1,440,128,997
25	Cost of sales				
	Materials consumed:				
	Opening inventory as at 1 January	562,104,748	797.865.060	728,580,180	943,566,552
	Add: Purchase during the period	2,447,060,827	1,127,776,946	1,065,605,257	285,941,152
		3,009,165,575	1,925,642,006	1,794,185,437	1,229,507,704
	Less: Closing Inventory as at 30 September	1,173,846,249 1,835,319,326	668,502,694 1,257,139,312	1,173,846,249 620,339,188	668,502,694 561,005,010
		1,635,314,326	1,237,139,312	620,339,166	201,002,010
	Manufacturing overhead:				
	Direct labour (note 25.1) Direct expenses:	453,897,624	383,934,693	147,109,815	136,232,105
	Power and gas	233,093,495	183,985,877	72,147,547	71,967,741
	Repairs and Indirect materials (note 25.2)	564,462,136 313,609,299	386,560,955 293,886,447	192,628,629 102,827,533	167,168,373 100,331,737
	Depreciation on property, plant & equipment (note 5.1)  Royalty and technical know-how/assistance fees	62,064,277	6,572,616	18,920,401	6,572,616
	Other production overhead (note 25.3)	28,103,376	38,604,781	8,267,175	14,180,491
	Provision for slow moving & obsolete inventories (note 9)	(2,139,774)	7,823,137	(1,621,203)	2,842,131
	Movement in stock	(96,352,070) 3,392,057,689	191,343,171 2,749,850,989	(43,339,848) 1,117,279,237	6,550,799 1,066,851,003
		3,392,037,089	2,743,030,303	1,111,12,3,23,	1,000,001,000
25.1	Direct labour				
	Salary & wages	286,032,897	249,800,975	94,236,082	87,557,069
	Overtime	30,340,249 47,774,631	20,935,020 41,308,332	8,797,902 15,812,482	8,465,977 14,466.125
	Bonus Incentive	47,774,631	270,131	13,012,402	79,446
1	Temporary labour wages	43,358,451	29,158,426	12,761,564	12,066,974
	Staff uniform expenses	611,745	997,502	206,569	500,134
	Gratuity	20,222,111	18,635,080	6,754,044	6,201,511
	Employer's contribution to provident fund Leave encashment	17,717,537 5,732,826	15,328,958 5,276,286	5,909,675 1,912,623	4,420,731 1,753,604
	Group life insurance	1,895,058	1,885,823	718,874	658,534
	Compensation	169,437	338,160		62,000
		453,897,624	383,934,693	147,109,815	136,232,105
26.2	Repairs and indirect materials				
20.2	Stores, spares, repair & maintenance	312,161,576	196,504,277	110,709,510	83,186,811
	Packing expenses	252,300,560	190,056,678	81,919,119	83,981,562
		564,462,136	386,560,955	192,628,629	167,168,373
25,3	Other production overhead				
	Tour and travel expenses	859,852	768,061	301,346	233,511
	Demurrage	596,142	2,850,142 20,978,448	308,770 5,090,155	2,226,668 6,407,090
	Insurance Hiring charges and transportation	18,418,586 3,237,684	20,978,448	5,090,155 785,537	1,093,183
	Other expenses	4,991,112	11,231,906	1,781,367	4,220,039
		28,103,376	38,604,781	8,267,175	14,180,491

<sup>\*</sup>Royalty has been calculated 8% on business profit as per Finance Act 2020.

		30 Sep 2021 Taka	30 Sep 2020 Taka	July to Sep 2021 Taka	July to Sep 2020 Taka
26	Other income				
	Dividend income	50	100 91,541	-	61,915
	Misceilaneous income Rental income	•	2,400,000		599,999
	Profit on sale of fixed assets (note 5.3)	1,334,503	224,736	(212,927)	118,933
	Trong of and of these assess flow stay	1,334,553	2,716,377	(212,927)	780,847
27	Administrative expenses				
	Staff cost (note 27.2)	144,156,713	134,696,251	46,417,160	45,193,391
	Annual General Meeting expenses	1,398,500	1,637,060	102,000	63,048
	Telephone and postage	5,077,936	4,386,084	2,118,791	1,311,921
	Office repair and maintenance (note 27.3) Registration and renewal	7,628,310 2,306,143	6,118,633 815,603	1,183,573 1,299,040	2,153,428 358,327
	Security and quard expenses	13,174,904	11,552,119	4,495,445	4,028,748
	Electricity, gas and water	5,857,990	4,905,944	2,269,023	2,652,957
	Depreciation on property, plant & equipment (note 5.2)	22,148,625	26,137,444	7,425,256	8,862,639
	Depreciation on investment property (note 5.2)	165,983	8,076,394	55,936	2,656,970
	Depreciation on right of use assets (note 6)	508,046	1,945,719	169,349	648,574
	Amortization (note 7)	1,137,330	3,473,364	383,276	374,467
	Legal and professional fees	9,223,589	7,708,591	3,514,969 2,033,307	2,951,237 3,433,747
	Vehicle repair and maintenance Rent, rate and tax	7,473,811 3,270,313	7,718,812 2,893,752	839,184	422,457
	Loss on right of use assets (note : 6.1)	3,270,313	475,595	032,104	475,595
	IT expenses	2,480,455	2,301,456	278,992	1.132.060
	General Servicino	10,232,770	7,263,458	3,753,815	4,334,888
	Donation	2,022,671	1,268,924	1,402,671	450,000
	Managing Director's remuneration (note 27.4)	24,423,711	5,155,180	7,197,873	5,155,180
	Others	4,412,664	8,271,890	1,771,909	1,310,207 87,969,841
		267,100,464	246,802,273	86,711,569	87,303,841
27.1	Impairment loss on trade receivables			24.05	455 700
	Unrelated parties	120,366	2,869,764	34,957	466,708
	Related parties	280,855 401,221	1,944,867 4,814,631	81,568 116,525	466,708
	New classification of financial assets shown in note 35.1(b) Impairment loss allowance has not been crecover the full amount from the party.	onsidered on other rec	eivables and bank ba	alances because businé	ss is confident to
27.2	Staff cost Salary & wages	100,953,823	97,707,016	32,964,411	33,164,695
	Bonus	13,880,024	13,085,343	4,373,942	4,511,073
	Incentive	709,777	163,137	484,892	47,980
	Gratulty	5,639,688	5,680,676	1,848,195	1,859,033
	Employer's contribution to provident fund	5,177,337	5,121,872	1,695,395	1,612,841
	Leave encashment	1,604,024	1,684,025	524,363	568,405
	Group life insurance	547,924 7,432,457	481,132 4,308,550	197,496 2,573,846	191,694 1,724,416
	Canteen and conveyance expenses Staff uniform expenses	2,302,093	566,757	162,518	231,406
	Travelling expenses	2,564,788	2,333,209	1,222,979	1,220,019
	Compensation	1,526,707	2,728,897		100,000
	Medical expenses	1,181,546	517,801	261,967	255,594
	Accommodation expenses	459,758	117,000	48,233	39,000
	Other employee benefit	176,767	200,836	58,922	(332,765)
		144,156,713	134,696,251	46,417,160	45,193,391
	Accommodation expenses includes rent expenses for short term lease for BDT. 117,000 and related ${\bf g}$ . No low value item exists at the reporting period.	overnment levis where	/ег аррясавіе, ретаі	s of the short term lead	se is snown in note 34
27.3	Office repair & maintenance	# to	APA	<b>F4</b>	404
	Repairs office equipment	349,392	250,592 5.868.041	52,105 1,131,468	101,280 2,052,148
	Office maintenance	7,278,918 7,628,310	6,118,633	1,131,468	2,052,148
		7,020,310	0,220,033	4,100,073	2,133,428
27.4	Managing Director's remuneration	24 422 711	E 1EE 100	7,197,873	5,155,180
	Provision made during the period	24,423,711 24,423,711	5,155,180 5,155,180	7,197,873	5,155,180
			3,133,180	1,257,673	3,233,280
	Managing Director's remunerating represents provision made 3% of net profit before tax of RAK Cera	mics (Bandladesh) Ltd.			

Managing Director's remuneration represents provision made 3% of net profit before tax of RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd.

			_	30 Sep 2021 Taka	30 Sep 2020 <u>Taka</u>	July to Sep 2021 Taka	July to Sep 2020 Taka
28	Marketing & selling expenses		_				
	Staff cost (note 28.1)			66,947,014	49,956,764	22,578,764	18,306,242
	Advertisement			8,354,435	10,088,440	2,711,973	3,157,360
	Freight and transportation			225,309,425	181,168,453	70,926,387	67,851,912
	Compensation Business promotion			8,256,552 44,426,972	2,811,250 19,293,448	6,727,418 12,065,642	2,003,609 2,313,903
	Depreciation on property, plant & equipment (note 5,1)			3,991,221	4.070.118	1,340,942	1,355,553
	Depreciation on right of use assets (note 6)			5,477,180	10,383,309	1,825,727	3,461,103
	Showroom, office & house rent			1,715,828	3,682,226	713,728	1,959,993
	Sample expenses Tour, travel and others			10,119,137 3,420,446	5,595,732	2,678,819 1,000,810	2,464,622 863,956
	Tour, travel and others		-	378,018,210	2,363,843 289,413,583	122,570,210	103,738,253
28.1	Staff cost						
	Salary & wages			40,562,389	34,471,111	14,165,514 (1,073,567)	11,538,528
	Sonus Incentive			5,631,580 7,949,148	5,675,629	5,218,696	2,815,700
	Grafulty			2,653,023	2,346,031	919,416	775,796
	Employer's contribution to provident fund			2,436,033	1,900,733	846,562	450,171
	Leave Encashment			787,326	701,671	273,481	231,552
	Group life insurance			230,541	275,003	87,210	81,437 2,413,058
	Conveyance & food expenses Compensation			6,576,462	4,478,100 108,486	2,141,452	2,413,036
	Staff uniform expenses			120,512	-		
				66,947,014	49,956,764	22,578,764	18,306,242
28,2 29	Salary & wages under staff cost (note no. 25.1, 27.2 & 28.1) includes en	nployee contrib	ution to provident	fund for BDT. 17,71	7,537, BOT. 5,177,3	37 & 8DT. 2,436,033.	
	Y-1			5,234,276	6,603,815	982,847	1,316,641
	Interest on bank account (SND) Interest on fixed deposits			24,790,812	32,284,302	7,668,899	5,428,523
	Foreign exchange gain			694,401	52,201,502	(533,717)	0,720,020
	Laterally exercising a grant			30,719,489	38,888,117	8,118,029	6,745,164
30	Finance expenses						
	Interest expenses against loan			2,203,734	8,876,325	1,366,744	5,629,137
	Interest expenses against lease liability			896,163	2,983,150	277,285	937,486 1,012,724
	Foreign exchange loss Bank charges			1,066,372	994,728 2,022,792	225,401	422,325
	Dank Charges			4,166,269	14,876,995	1,869,430	8,001,672
74	Contribution to worker's profit participation and welfare fund		•			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
31	····						
	Provision made during the period		-	38,767,795 38,767,795	8,182,825 8,182,825	11,425,196 11,425,196	8,182,825 8,182,825
32	Current tax		•	20,707,753	0/202/02/0		0,102,023
	Current period			217,060,704	70,015,702	63,680,599	48,603,205
				217,060,704	70,015,702	63,680,599	48,603,205
33	Reconciliation of effective tax rate						
			30 Sep 2021 Taka		30 Sep 2020 Taka		
	Profit before tax	%	794,810,140	%	140,050,656		
	Current tax expenses	27.31%	217,060,704	49.99% -13.73%	70,015,702		
	Deferred tax expenses Total tax expenses	-6,66% 20.65%	(52,953,317) 164,107,387	36,27%	(19,222,564) 50,793,138	•	
	,					•	
	Expected income tax using applicable tax rate for Individual company	23.53%	187,041,320	36.41%	50,995,272		
	Tax on non-deductible expenses Effective current tax	3.8% 27.31%	30,019,384 217,060,704	13.6% 49.99%	19,020,430 70,015,702	•	
	Effective deferred tax	-6.66%	(52,953,317)	49.99% -13.73%	70,015,702 {19,222,564}		
		20.65%	(52,953,317) 164,107,387	36.27%	50,793,138	<del>.</del>	
34	Short term lease expenses						
	Nature of the lease	Lease term	Allocation	Rent Payment	Rent Payment		

Nature of the lease	Lease term	Allocation	Rent Payment	Rent Payment
Rented accommodation	<1 year	Admin	117,000	1,091,670
Rented accommodation	<1 year	Marketing		141,500
			117,000	1,233,170

•

### 35 Financiał risk management

The management has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies, procedures and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company has exposure to the following risks from RIS use of financial instruments.

- Liquidity risk
   Market risk

### 35.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a client or counterparty to a financial instrument falls to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's trade receivables and other receivables.

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. In monitoring credit risk, debtors are grouped according to their risk profile, i.e. their legal status, financial condition etc. Trade & other receivable are mainly related to receivables from dealers, receivables from export sales, claim receivables, accrued interest and other receivables. The Company's exposure to credit risk on accounts receivables is mainly influenced by the individual payment characteristics of customers.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the statement of financial position.

### a) Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	USD	USD	Amounts	in Taka
	As at 30 Sep 2021	As at 31 Dec 2020	As at 30 Sep 2021	As at 31 Dec 2020
Trade receivables				
Customer-Local	-	*	1,236,412,101	996,501,760
Customer-Export	27,262	9,235	2,310,471	779,903
	27,262	9,235	1,238,722,572	997,281,663
Other receivables Accrued Interest Accrued rental Income Others			4,426,169 303,610 5,361,108 10,090,888	10,941,100 570,000 7,485 11,518,584
Cash equivalents			1,733,883,999	1,943,295,482

### ь) Impact of IFRS 9

The following table and the accompanying notes below explain the original measurement categories under IAS 39 and the new measurement categories under IFRS 9 for each class of the financial assets as at 30 September 2021.

Figancial assets	Note	Original classification under IAS 39	New classification under IFRS 9	Original carrying amount under IAS 39	New carrying amount under IFRS 9	Impairment loss (Refer note 10.1)
Trade receivable-unrelated	10.1	Loan & receivable	Amortized cost	575,630,193	573,153,729	2,476,464
Trade receivable-related	10.1	Loan & receivable	Amortized cost	672,373,254	665,568,843	6,804,411
Cash & cash equivalent	13	Loan & receivable	Amortized cost	1,733,883,999	1,733,883,999	•

- The above table provides information ECLs till date. Impairment provision till Dec 2020 was Tk. 9,903,363 and provision made during the period is Tk. 401,221. Out of the provision Tk. 9,903,363 till Dec 2020, Taka 1,023,708 has been adjusted with trade receivable and provision on impairment loss.

  Trade receivables that were classified as loans and receivables under IAS 39 are now classified at amortised cost. Impairment over these receivables was recognised in the current period on transition to IFRS 9.
- Cash and cash equivalents that were classified as loans and receivables under IAS 39 are now classified at amortised cost. Impairment over these cash & cash equivalent was recognised in the current period on transition to IFRS 9.

### c) Ageing of receivables

The ageing of trade receivables as at 30 September was:

The ageing of trade receivables as at 30 September was:	Amounts	in Taka
	As at 30 Sep 2021	As at 31 Dec 2020
Not past due	1,187,740,467	939,289,385
0-90 days past due	15,820,475	42,546,485
91-180 days past due	25,322,318	7,633,293
181-365 days past due	7,006,996	3,364,944
over 365 days past due	2,832,317	4,447,556
	1,238,722,572	997,281,663

### 35.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when become due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The Company ensures that it has sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet expected operational expenses, including financial obligations through preparation of the cash flow forecast, prepared based on timeline of payment of the financial obligation and accordingly arrange for sufficient liquidity/fund to make the expected payment within due date. Moreover, the Company seeks to maintain short term lines of credit with scheduled commercial banks to ensure payment of obligations in the event that there is insufficient cash to make the required payment. The requirement is determined in advance through cash flows projections and credit lines facilities with banks are needbated accordingly.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities of the Company:

		As at 30 Sep 2021		
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Within 12 months or less	More than 12 months
	Taka	Taka	Taka	Taka
Bank overdraft	22,090,561	22,090,561	22,090,561	•
Trade and other payables	946,461,717	946,461,717	946,461,717	_
Short term borrowing	225,308,699	225,308,699	225,308,699	-
•	1,193,860,977	1,193,860,977	1,193,860,977	-
		As at 31 Dec 2020		
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Within 12 months or less	More than 12 months
	<u>Taka</u>	Taka	<u>Taka</u>	Taka
Bank overdraft	_		-	
Trade and other payables	625,493,472	625,493,472	625,493,472	
Short term borrowing	119,940,905	119,940,905	119,940,905	
•	745,434,377	745,434,377	745,434,377	

### 35.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates will affect the Company's income or the value of its holding of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

### a) Currency rist

The Company is exposed to currency risk on certain revenues and purchase of raw material, spare parts, accessories and capital item. Majority of the company's foreign currency purchase are denominated in USD and EURO. All the export proceeds are receipt in USD, 50% of export proceeds are crediting to export retention quota account and rest of the 50% are converted to Taka and crediting to company's current account.

### 1) Exposure to currency risk

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk was as follows based on notional amounts (in Taka);

			As at 30 Sep 202:	l		As at 31 Dec	2020	
	<u>AED</u>	GBP	USD	EURO	75A	GBP	<u>USD</u>	EURO
Foreign currency denominated asset	ets							
Receivable from customers-Export	-	-	27,262	-	-	-	9,235	-
Cash at bank	-	•	104,807	-			139,238	-
		-	132,069	_			148,473	-

			As at 30 Sep 20	21		As at 31 f	Dec 2020	
	AEQ	GBP	USD	EURO	JPY.	 GBP	USQ	EURQ
Foreign currency denominated liab	ilities							
Trade payables	900	284,593	3,316,810	1,469,004	-	198,261	1,387,121	572,772
Short term borrowings		-	2,650,769	-	•	-	1,411,900	•
Royalty & Technical Fees	-	-	4,435,977	-			3,736,710	
	900	284,593	10,403,556	1,469,004	-	 198,261	6,535,731	572,772
Net exposure	(900)	(284,593)	(10,271,487)	(1,469,004)	-	 (198,261)	(6,387,258)	(572,772)

The Company has foreign exchange gain of Tk 694,401 during the period ended 30 Sep 2021 (30 Sep 2020: Exchange loss Tk 994,728).

The following significant exchange rates have been applied;

	Exchange rate as	at (Average)
	30 Sep 2021	31 Dec 2020
	<u>Taka</u>	<u>Taka</u>
AED	23.2121	23.0356
GBP	114.8294	114.6885
USD	<b>85.0500</b>	84.4500
EURO	99,0037	104,0430

 ${\it li}\,$  Foreign exchange rate sensitivity analysis for foreign currency expenditures

A strengthening or weakening of the Taka, as indicated below, against the AED, GBP, USD, EURO at 30 Sep would have increased/(decreased) profit or loss by the amounts shown below.

As at 30 Se Profit or (		As at 31 De Profit or (	
Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	Weakening
Taka	Taka	<u>Taka</u>	Taka
(28)	26	*	-
(8,802)	8,289	(6,132)	5,775
(317,675)	299,170	(197,544)	186,037
(45,433)	42,787	(17,715)	16,683

### b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that arises due to changes in interest rates on borrowings. The Company is not significantly exposed to fluctuation in interest rates as company has not entered into any type of derivative instrument in order to hedge interest rate risk as at the reporting date.

Profile

At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of the Company's interest bearing financial instruments was:

	Carrying a	mount
	As at	As at
	30 Sep 2021	31 Dec 2020
	Taka	<u>Taka</u>
Fixed rate instruments		
Financial assets		
Investment in FDR	1,117,507,395	1,152,575,127
Cash at banks	616,376,604	790,720,355
Financial Rabilities		
Bank overdraft	22,090,561	•
Short term borrowing	225,308,699	119,940,905

Fair value of financial assets and liabilities of the Company together with carrying amount shown in the statement of financial gosition are as follows:

	As at 30 Se	p 2021	As at 31 C	ec 2020
	Carrying amount	Eair value	Carrying amount	<u>Fair value</u>
	<u>Taka</u>	Taka	Taka	Taka
Financial assets				
Held to maturity assets				
Investment in FDR	1,117,507,395	1,117,507,395	1,152,575,127	1,152,575,127
Loans and receivables				
Trade receivables	1,238,722,572	1,238,722,572	997,281,663	997,281,663
Other receivables	10,090,888	10,090,888	11,518,584	11,518,584
Cash equivalents	1,733,883,999	1,733,883,999	1,943,295,482	1,943,295,482
Financial (fabilities				
Liabilities carried at amortised costs				
Bank overdraft	22,090,561	22,090,561	-	-
Trade and other payables	946,461,717	946,461,717	625,493,472	625,493,472
Short term borrowing	225,308,699	225,308,699	119,940,905	119,940,905
Interest rates used for determining amortised cost				
The interest rates used to discount estimated cash flows, when applicable were as follows:				
			30 Sep 2021	31 Dec 2020
Investment in FDR (local currency/BDT)			0.15%-4.25%	1.95%-4.50%
Bank overdraft (local currency/BDT)			9%	9%
Short term bank loan (local currency/BDT)			9%	9%
Short term bank loan (foreign currency/USD)			Libor+2,70%-3,5%	Ubor+2.75%-3.5%

36 Related party disclosures under IAS-24

Name of related party RAK Power Pvt. Ltd										
RAK Power Pvt. Ltd	Relationship	Security/ Guarantee status	Bad debts Status	Perlod	Purchase of goods/services	Sale of goods/services	Outstanding receivables/Advance	Outstanding payable	Remuneration	Dividend income
	Subsidiary	Unsecured	ΪN	Current period	278,749,763	8,217,391	8,217,391	72,371,667	1	20,499,900
				Previous period	208,269,991	9,586,957	9,586,957	29,826,681	•	40,999,800
RAK Security & Services Pvt. Ltd	Subsidiary	Unsecured	Ë	Current period	27,334,187	,		8,092,852	•	1,980,000
				Previous perfod	28,415,231	•	•	6,860,435	ı	4,950,000
RAK Ceramics PJSC, UAE	Parent	Unsecured	Ë	Current period	4,422,545	,		19,413,898	•	,
				Previous period	4,982,192	,	•	23,374,948	•	•
Ceramin FZ LLC	Fellow subsidiary	Secured	Z	Current period	514,622,592	,		72,548,017		,
				Previous period	318,543,447	•	,	40,377,985	•	•
RAK Paints Pvt. Ltd.	Other related party	Unsecured	Z	Current period	423,872	•	303,610	278,908	•	•
				Previous period	120,326	2,400,000	878,858	5,144	•	•
Kea Printing & Packaging Industries	Other related party	Unsecured	Z	Current period	41,101,755	•	•	7,121,601	•	•
				Previous period	41,821,326	•		5,370,868	•	•
Palli Properties Pte. Ltd	Other related party	Unsecured	Z	Current period	8,020,853	•			,	•
				Previous period	7,762,019	;		754,960	•	•
Sky Bird Travel Agents Pvt. Ltd.	Other related party	Unsecured	Z	Current period	294,030	•	•	27,250	1	•
				Previous period	381,373	•	•	•	•	•
Global Business Associates Ltd.	Other related party	Unsecured	Ē	Current period	1,496,233	•	i	6,414	•	1
				Previous period	6,414	•	•	•	i	•
Pelikan Plastic & Packing Pvt. Ltd.	Other related party	Unsecured	Z	Current period	44,295,905	•	•	6,054,030	1	1
				Previous period	37,038,034	•	•	8,085,967	i	1
Mohammed Trading	Other related party	Secured by	Z	Current period	•	1,712,054,437	672,027,541	•	Ī	•
		Guaranteed Cheque		Previous period	•	1,220,178,467	558,411,247	1	i	1
S.A.K. Ekramuzzaman	Key Management Personnel	Unsecured	Z	Current period	2,201,425	•	1	17,096,598	24,423,711	•
				Previous period	1,919,250	•	•	5,155,180	5,155,180	ı
Sadhan Kumar Dey	Key Management Personnel	Unsecured	Z	Current period	•	•	ı		7,002,679	•
•				Previous period	•	•	•	•	6,143,940	•

36.1 "PAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited did not have any tangible assets sale or purchase with its related party amounting to 1% (one percent) or above of the tangible asset for the immediate preceding financial period.

To comply the BSEC notification no. BSEC/CMRRCD/2009-193/2/admin/103 dated February 05, 2020 shareholders of the company in its 22nd Annual General Meeting dated March 31,2021 approved an agenda to enter into contract for supply of goods and materials to Mohammed Trading (Owner of Mohammed Trading is Managing Director of RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited) amounting to 1% (One percent) or above of the revenue for the immediate financial period."

36.2 Paid to Directors

During the period, provision was made as MD's remuneration for Taka. 24,423,711.

During the period, Board meeting fees of Taka 210,000 was paid to the board members for attending the Board meetings.

## 37 Segment reporting

The company has three reportable segments which offer different products and services and are managed separately because they require different technology and marketing strategies. The following summary describes the operations of each segment:

Ceramics & Sanitary Ware: Engages in manufacturing and marketing of ceramics tiles, bathroom sets and all types of sanitary ware.

Power: Set-up power utilities and operate power-generating plants, transmission system and distribution system and to sell the generated electric power to any legal entity. Security and services: Engages in providing security guard, cleaning services, verification services, termite and pest control services and set up manpower technical training.

30 Sep 2021		Business Segments	egments		
	Ceramic & sanitary ware	Power	Security and Services	Inter segment	Entity total
	Taka	Taka	Taka	Taka	<u>Taka</u>
Revenue - external customers Revenue - inter segment	4,817,304,886	278.749.763	25,962,861 28,607,203	(307,356,966)	4,843,267,746
Total segment revenue	4,817,304,886	278,749,763	54,570,064	(307,356,966)	4,843,267,746
Cost of sales- external customer Cost of sales- inter segment	(3,130,993,190)	(220,378,338)	(40,686,162)	315,574,357	(3,392,057,689)
Total segment cost of sales	(3,437,077,140)	(229,868,745)	(40,686,162)	315,574,357	(3,392,057,689)
Gross profit	1,380,227,746	48,881,018	13,883,902	1	1,451,210,057
Dividend income	22,479,900	20,000	50	(22,499,900)	20
Rental income	8,217,391	1	ı	(8,217,391)	•
Financial income	30,712,152	(9,771)	17,107	1	30,719,489
Financial expenses	(4,064,739)	(66,767)	(4,763)	1	(4,166,269)
Depreciation	(318,359,576)	(21,401,212)	(154,340)	1	(339,915,128)
Other operating expenses	(345,191,481)	14,124,034	(13,305,114)	1	(344,372,561)
Segment profit before tax	775,355,896	41,517,302	436,842	1	794,810,140
Income tax expense	(202,085,841)	(14,843,810)	(131,053)	1	(217,060,704)
Deferred tax	48,798,861	4,369,112	(214,656)	1	52,953,317
Non -Controlling interest	ı	151	ŧ	1	152
Profit for the period			ı		630,702,602

0
N
0
N
Ω
w
Ŵ
$\sim$

30 Sep 2020		Business Segments	gments		
	Ceramic & sanitary ware	Power	Security and services	Inter <u>segment</u>	Entity total
	<u>Taka</u>	Taka	Taka	Taka	Taka
Revenue - external customers Revenue - inter segment	3,368,825,340	5,457,758	38,104,360 29,439,622	- (237.709,613)	3,412,387,458
Total segment revenue	3,368,825,340	213,727,749	67,543,982	(237,709,613)	3,412,387,458
Cost of sales- external customer Cost of sales- inter segment	(2,519,932,217)	(173,909,306) (3,529,656)	(56,009,466)	240,214,878	(2,749,850,989)
Total segment cost of sales	(2,756,617,439)	(177,438,962)	(56,009,466)	240,214,878	(2,749,850,989)
Gross profit	612,207,901	36,288,787	11,534,516	ı	662,536,469
Other income	224,218	91,541	518		316,277
Dividend income	45,949,800	50,000	100	(45,999,800)	100
Rental income	11,986,957	ı	1	(9,586,957)	2,400,000
Financial income	37,151,446	1,699,543	37,129	1	38,888,117
Financial expenses	(14,681,928)	(160,820)	(34,247)	·	(14,876,994)
Depreciation	(321,054,174)	(10,953,549)	(162,680)	1	(332,170,403)
Other operating expenses	(208,127,713)	4,003,409	(12,918,608)	-	(217,042,911)
Segment profit before tax	163,656,505	31,018,911	(1,543,272)	-	140,050,656
Income tax expense	(58,220,002)	(11,795,700)	1	1	(70,015,702)
Deferred tax	15,180,858	3,876,154	165,552	ı	19,222,564
Non -Controlling interest	ı	86	00.0	1	86
Profit for the period				11	89,257,420

,	Coloubtion of Fouriers and about (FDG)	30 Sep 2021 <u>Taka</u>	30 Sep 2020 <u>Taka</u>
,	Calculation of Earnings per share (EPS)		
	Calculation of earnings per share (EPS) is as under:		
	(a) Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	630,702,602	89,257,420
	(b) No. of ordinary equity shares	427,968,701	427,968,701
	(c) Weighted average no. of equity shares outstanding (Note 38.1)	427,968,701	427,968,701
	Earnings per share (EPS) for the period (a+c)	1.47	0.21
	Diluted earnings per share for the period (a+c)	1.47	0.21

### 38.1 Weighted average number of ordinary shares

The weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period is the number of ordinary shares outstanding at the beginning of the year, adjusted by the number of ordinary shares issued during the period multiplied by a time-weighting factor. The time-weighting factor is the number of days that the shares are outstanding as a proportion of the total number of days in the year. The weighted average number of shares is calculated by assuming that the shares have always been in issue. This means that they have been issued at the start of the year presented as the comparative figures.

	30 Sep 2021	30 Sep 2020
Outstanding shares	427,968,701	427,968,701
	427,968,701	427,968,701

### 38,2 Diluted earning per share

38

No diluted earnings per share is required to be calculated for the year as there was no scope for dilution during these periods.

### 38.3 Reason of deviation of earnings per share:

Due to the revised and responsive business strategy taken by the management, sales is increased by 41.93% from BDT. 3,412.39 mn to BDT. 4,843.27 mn. The company registered improvement of cost of sales due to enhanced control on cost compared to previous period which resulting increase of earnings per share from BDT. 0.21 to BDT. 1.47. Number of working days are also more in the year 2021 than year 2020 because of COVID - 19 impact. Reduction of tax rate by 2.5% as per Finance Act 2021 impacting profit after tax eventually, improving earnings per share.

39 Calculation of Net assets value per share	39	Calculation o	f Net	assets	value	per share
--	----	---------------	-------	--------	-------	-----------

3)	Calculation of Net assets value per sitale		
	(a) Net assets value (Note 14, 15 & 16)	7,226,044,687	6,801,914,875
	(b) Weighted average no. of equity shares outstanding (Note 38.1)	427,968,701	427,968,701
	Net assets value per share (a+b)	16.88	15.89
40	Calculation of Net operating cash flow per share		
	(a) Net Cash flows from operating activities (Note 41.1)	174,659,297	449,752,526
	(b) Weighted average no. of equity shares outstanding (Note 38.1)	427,968,701	427,968,701
	Net operating cash flow per share (a+b)	0.41	1.05

### 41 Reason of deviation of net operating cash flow per share:

Due to the revised and responsive business strategy taken by the management, sales is increased by 41.93% from BDT. 3,412.39 mn to BDT. 4,843.27 mn. But, cash collection from the customers has not been increased in same proportion due to allowing additional credit term during the pandemic period which is impacting in net operating cash flow inversely. As a result, net operating cash flow per share has been reduced from BDT. 1.05 to BDT. 0.41.

.1	Reconciliation of operating cash flow:	30 Sep 2021	30 Sep 2020
	Cash flows from operating activities		
	Profit before taxation Adjustment for:	794,810,140	140,050,656
	Depreciation	345,900,353	344,499,429
	Amortization	1,137,330	3,473,364
	Loss on right of use assets	· · · · -	475,595
	Advance rent adjustment	-	(6,293,495)
	Finance expenses	4,166,269	13,882,266
	Finance income	(30,719,489)	(38,888,117)
	Other Income	(1,334,553)	(2,624,835)
		1,113,960,051	455,569,590
	Increase/decrease in trade and other receivables	(246,794,533)	(149,678,661)
	Increase/decrease in inventories	(913,482,928)	417,313,908
	Increase/decrease in trade and other payables	413,957,018	(169,593,029)
	Cash generated from operating activities	367,639,608	553,611,804
	Interest received from bank deposit	5,234,276	6,603,815
	Income tax paid	(198,214,587)	(110,463,093)
	Net cash (used in)/from operating activities	174,659,297	449,752,526

### 42 Contingent liabilities

41,

There are contingent liabilities on account of unresolved disputed corporate tax assessments and VAT claims by the authority aggregating to Tk 1,149,451,034 (30 Sep 2020: Tk 1,150,151,869). Considering the merits of the cases, it has not been deemed necessary to make provisions for all such disputed claims.

There is also contingent liability in respect of outstanding letters of credit of Tk 751,826,389 (30 Sep 2020: Tk 324,992,470) and letter of guarantee of Tk 139,459,353 (30 Sep 2020: Tk 76,296,728).

The company issued one corporate guarantee value BDT. 70 mm (SCB) In favour of subsidiary company to avail loan from banks. Outstanding loan against the said corporate guarantee are nil at 30 September 2021. Therefore no credit loss allowances is expected.